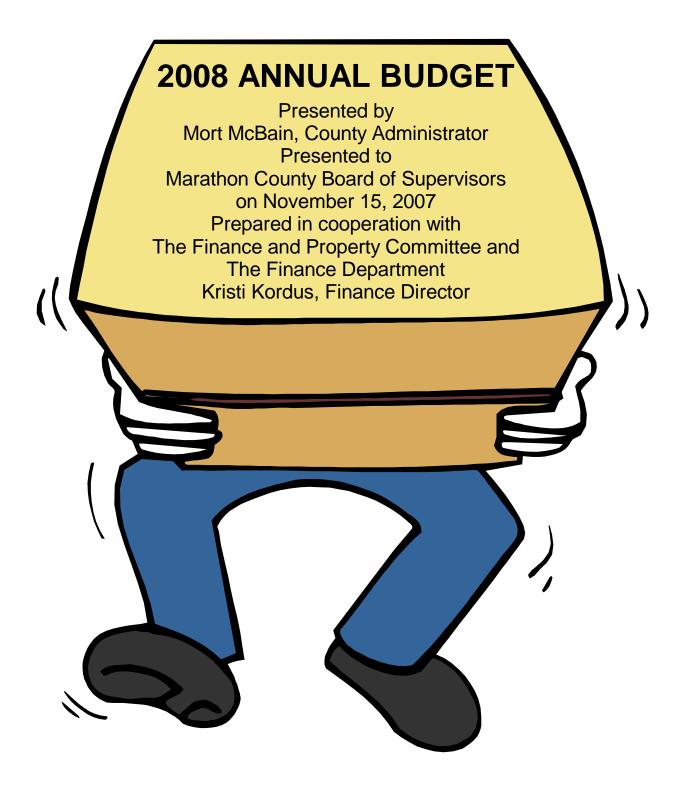
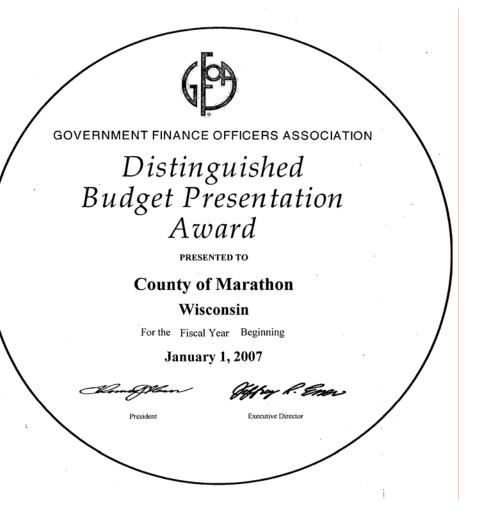
2008 ANNUAL BUDGET

FINANCIAL PLAN and INFORMATION SUMMARY for MARATHON COUNTY, WISCONSIN





2006-2008 Marathon County Board of Supervisors



The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to County of Marathon, Wisconsin for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2007. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

This award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current budget continues to conform to program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

The Naming of Marathon County

The Battlefield of Marathon - The ancient Greeks called their sacred herb "Marathon". It is the giant fennel plant, and it gave its name to the fertile, three-by-five mile plain that fronts on the Aegean Sea about 20 miles northeast of ancient Athens. The Aegean separates Greece and present-day Turkey.

In 490 B.C., Turkey, Iran, Iraq, and Palestine were all called Persia, and were ruled by a powerful ruler who styled himself the "King of Kings": Darius the Great.

At that time Greece was at the height of its classical period, known through the world as the center of great art, science and learning. Athens was its intellectual capital.

Darius coveted Greece.

First conquering many of the Greek colonies adjacent to his own country, he directed his attention to the Greek mainland.

He politely invited the Greeks, city by city, to submit to his rule. He offered privileges for the loss of their freedom. But there would be tribute.

Many other cities and whole nations had accepted his offer rather than face his armies. Those that refused him had been crushed.

The Athenians refused.

Angrily, Darius declared war. Estimates vary on the size of the army that his Phoenician galleys disembarked on the shore of the Marathon plain, but at least 25,000 infantry, archers, and cavalry arranged themselves for battle with the defending Greeks.

A hastily-gathered force of Athenian heavy infantry faced the Persians, along with a volunteer force from the nearby town of Platea, numbering in all about 10,000 troops.

Spies for the Greeks brought their commanders the welcome news that the Persian cavalry was unaccountably absent. This was the only break the outnumbered Greeks could hope for. They opted to attack immediately.

The Greek generals arranged their army in a line, thin in the center and thickened at the ends. Shouting their war-cry, the line charged the mile-distant enemy at a full run.

The clash of the armies could be heard for miles. The Persians yielded at the impact, then stiffened. Their superior numbers asserted themselves, and the Greek line bent in the middle.

It yielded, giving way, seemingly on the verge of breaking.

But on the flanks, the thicker lines held, slowly pivoting to face each other. They closed.

The superior Persian force found itself trapped in a gigantic pincer. The Persian lines panicked and fled, the victorious Greeks cutting them down as they ran. The Persian fleet hastily put into shore to rescue their soldiers, but 6,400 of them, a quarter of their total force, never made it to the boats. The Greeks lost only 192 men.

They dispatched their swiftest runner to Athens with the good news, starting the tradition of the 22-mile "Marathon Run".

Demoralized, the Persians permanently retreated. Darius died four years later, and his successor Xerxes attempted to avenge Darius on the Greeks only to suffer another humiliating defeat, this time at the hands of the Athenian navy.

The cultural leadership of Greece in Europe was to continue for centuries more as a result of the victory at Marathon. The battlefield became a symbol to all educated men as the place where free men died to preserve Greek culture and the intellectual course of the western world. The war at Marathon changed the course of western history.

In 1850, State Representative Walter McIndoe was struck by the flatness and fertility of central Wisconsin, and proposed that a portion of Portage County be separated and honored with the name of that ancient and distant battleground. His suggestion was adopted by the state legislature, giving the citizens of Marathon County a share in that 2,490 year-old victory fought by free men struggling for their independence.

Contributed by Don Bronk, retired Marathon County employee

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COUNTY OF MARATHON

COURTHOUSE

500 FOREST STREET

WAUSAU, WISCONSIN 54403-5568

- TO: The Honorable Marathon County Board of Supervisors
- FROM: Mort McBain, County Administrator
- DATE: November 13, 2007
- SUBJECT: 2008 BUDGET MESSAGE

I am pleased to present this Financial Plan and 2008 Annual Budget to the County Board, as required by Wisconsin Statute 59.033(5). These are my recommendations to you as a County Board, after review and approval by the Finance and Property Committee. The actual budget and tax levy for 2008 will be voted upon at the November 15 meeting of the County Board. This document represents my recommendations for the operating budget for the year 2008, including funding for the 2008 Capital Improvements Program (CIP).

GENERAL OVERVIEW OF THE BUDGET PROCESS

This has been a somewhat difficult year because the state was so late setting their own budget, among other things. We started the budget process with the Finance and Property Committee and County Board developing some preliminary budget assumptions. These budget assumptions help guide the Finance Director and I as we establish a preliminary budget by meeting with the department directors. This year we began with a departmental target increase in the levy of 3%. We also assumed that we would be restricted to an increase based on the "net new construction" operating levy, and ultimately that came in with an increase of 3.5%. Using those budget assumptions, Kristi and I met as usual with the department directors to review and approve their individual budget requests and incorporate the budget assumptions into the budget meetings. We met with each department director separately, and with representatives of the other agencies or programs which receive funding from Marathon County. We review and adjust these requests until we have a "balanced" budget, meaning the proposed expenditures match the estimated revenues. This process takes two months. Although valuation increased by approximately 5% this year, we could not use this amount due to levy limits proposed for us by the state. The end result came out a little differently than we had anticipated. After the budget was finally passed, the Governor actually vetoed part of the recommendation on the levy limit, and we actually wound up with a recommended base budget to increases our levy by up to 3.86%, which was slightly higher even than the net new construction of 3.5%. We also proposed debt service payments of \$3,098,111. In September, the Capital Improvement Plan was approved by the County Board. In early October, the Finance and Property Committee reviewed the budget. On October 22nd, the entire County Board reviewed the budget with the Finance and Property Committee. On Tuesday, November 13, at 8:00 p.m. the County Board will hold a Public Hearing on the proposed budget, and finally, on Thursday, November 15, at 2:00 p.m., the County Board will approve the proposed budget, including funding for the 2008 Capital Improvement Program. This year we also added an additional public informational session to allow for more public input, which was held on October 15. At that meeting the Finance Committee amended the budget to include a .75% Assistant District Attorney position, and also heard the Sheriff's proposal to add additional staff over the next 2 ½ years.

TAX RATE FREEZE, LEVY LIMITS AND EQUALIZED VALUATION

In 2008, counties are once again required to operate under a state-imposed levy limit (net new construction or 3.86%, whichever is higher) in addition to the existing tax rate freeze. For Marathon County, new construction came in at 3.5%, and equalized value came in at 5%. We can use the higher 3.86% for the overall increase to the levy, which still does not cover 100% of our increased costs for labor, fringe benefits, supplies and equipment etc. The Administrator recommends we set the allowable operating levy to include the 3.86% increase from the Governor, but this will require an amendment on November 15 since our original budget was published at 3.5%.

STATE SHARED REVENUE, AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

On page A-5 you will see that state shared revenue coming to Marathon County in 2008 will be \$5,686,035, which is a slight increase from the base amount set by state statute in 2004. The increase is in the utility portion of the payment. We do not receive even a modest inflationary increase in our state shared revenues, and yet we are required to provide the same service levels in state-mandated programs. We face a serious challenge of maintaining those programs at the same level without any corresponding increase in revenues. This is especially difficult in human services program areas such as the 51.42 programs, the nursing home, child welfare programs and services such as institutional placements.

One positive change we have seen this year involves the nursing home. After completing a major study and review of all programs at North Central Health Care Facilities (NCHCF), including the nursing home, we implemented several significant changes including hiring a full time nursing home administrator with the authority to restructure operations. We are pleased that the additional \$2.2 million "transition" payment to the nursing home to fully fund its operations for 2007 is no longer necessary for 2008. We are still concerned about the efficiency and "return on investment" we experience with the 51.42 programs and services. This side of the NCHCF operations will be receiving more attention in 2008.

"Family Care" as it's known in the state budget, is another state-led effort to change the way in which people access and receive services for longterm care needs. We have formally partnered with Portage and Wood Counties to prepare to offer Family Care throughout the county, and we are waiting only on decisions made by the state as to the expected reimbursement rates from them before final agreement is reached. We remain concerned that the appropriate level of funding for this program must be made available or we will be unable to move forward in partnership with the state. The County Board will be making a final decision on whether to move forward with "Family Care" in the very near future.

In 2007 we began full implementation of the Aging and Disability Resource Center of Central Wisconsin (ADRC-CW) in partnership with Wood County. This partnership will ultimately provide more services to those in the West side of the county, including access to a center in Marshfield serving both counties. We continue to develop and evolve these services as we look at a growing elderly population and the needs they may have in the future.

CHANGES IN F.T.E. POSITIONS AND COUNTY EMPLOYMENT

Overall positions have increased slightly for 2008. Three dispatchers and one new court clerk position have been added. Details can be seen in the attached chart of county positions on the next page.

MARATHON COUNTY: FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	+ Incr -Decr.	See Note
ADRC - CW	35.34	30.88	32.28	30.28	52.50	52.50		
Building & Maintenance	18.50	18.70	18.70	19.00	18.00	18.00		
Clerk of Courts	39.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	40.00	+1.00	(1)
Conservation Planning Zoning	26.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00		
Corporation Counsel	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50		
County Administrator	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00		
County Clerk	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00		
District Attorney	21.50	20.50	22.50	22.00	23.00	23.00		
Employee Resources	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80		
Employment & Training	31.00	19.00	19.00	18.00	19.00	19.00		
Finance	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.25	10.25	10.25		
Health	38.65	41.45	42.95	44.70	44.70	44.70		
Highway	81.00	82.00	82.00	80.00	79.00	79.00		
Library	56.48	54.10	54.10	55.27	53.05	53.05		
Medical Examiner	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Park Recreation & Forestry	50.50	45.50	46.50	44.50	44.50	44.50		
Register of Deeds	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00		
Sheriff	174.50	174.00	174.00	173.00	172.00	178.00	+6.00	(2) (3)
Social Services	104.88	112.88	114.13	114.63	115.38	115.38		
Solid Waste	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	-1.00	(4)
Treasurer	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00		
UW Extension	10.05	11.50	10.95	10.30	10.25	10.25		
Veterans	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00		
Discretely Presented Compon	ents Unit	S						
Central WI Airport	21.10	20.10	20.10	20.10	21.10	21.10		
Total	760.80	746.91	753.51	748.33	770.03	776.03	6.00	
Special Education	91.00	90.00	89.00	89.00	84.00	83.00	-1.00	(5)

	NOTE							
(1)	Added one court clerk to serve Branch 6 (Court Commissioner)							
(2)	Added 3 Communications Officers (dispatchers) to serve an additional frequency. (By County Board action, 3 additional deputies were also added to the patrol division of the Sheriff Department.)							
(3)	In order to save funding we have discussed the possibility of rotating one or two of our courthouse security detail back into patrol and replacing them with part time retired officers. Whether or not this can be done remains to be seen.							
(4)	In 2007 we are "contracting" with Portage County to provide a regional "Solid Waste Director/Administrator" (replacing our previous full time director).							
	Special Education is shown here for							

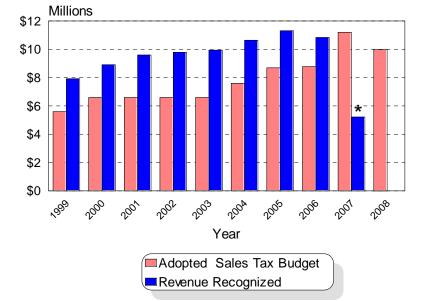
⁽⁵⁾ Special Education is shown here for informational purpose only

SALES TAX

Marathon County has collected sales tax since 1987. The main portion of the annual sales tax collection is used in the regular operating budget for the county. In previous years, we used "extra" sales tax retroactively to pay for some of our capital improvements, however that has now changed. In 2007, for the first time, we designated the entire \$11,200,000 million of sales tax for the operating budget, including an "extra" \$2.2 million to fund the deficit at Mount View Nursing Home. In 2008 we will need to designate \$9.6 million of the sales tax to cover current operations. Due to state complications and past "overpayments" from the state, we anticipate receiving less sales tax in 2008 than we did in 2007. (In the event that the state allows a higher levy increase than 3.5%, we may be able to reserve some sales tax for future CIP projects, however we are not relying on that happening at this time)

For the 2007 CIP budget, we used approximately \$4,145,962 in fund balance, much of which came from undesignated fund balance remaining at the end of 2005. For the 2008 CIP we are including \$5,268,588 of fund balance to finance projects (from the 2006 undesignated fund balance).

Budget Year	Adopted Sales Tax Budget	Sales Tax in General Fund Budget	Sales Tax in CIP Budget	Actual Sales Tax Collected
1999	5,600,000	5,200,000	400,000	7,922,354
2000	6,600,000	6,200,000	400,000	8,912,234
2001	6,600,000	6,600,000	0	9,601,829
2002	6,600,000	6,600,000	0	9,784,913
2003	6,600,000	6,600,000	0	9,942,101
2004	7,600,000	7,600,000	0	10,640,547
2005	8,690,000	8,490,000	200,000	11,316,392
2006	8,785,000	8,785,000	0	10,841,250
2007	11,200,000	11,200,000	0	*5,222,766
2008	9,982,983	9,982,983	0	N/A



*Through 8/31/2007 (6 months),

STATE SHARED REVENUE

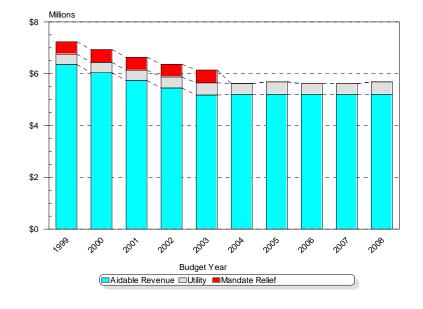
Chapter 79 of the Wisconsin Statutes explains several broad objectives in the state shared revenue formula:

- 1. Counties use state shared revenues to finance local expenditures which in turn reduces the amount needed to be raised from property taxes thereby providing property tax relief.
- 2. Compensate local units of government for taxes on certain public utility property that is not taxed locally.

Previous to 2004 the formula below shows how shared revenue was calculated based on aidable revenue and mandate relief: In addition an annual ad valorem payment for utility property that is located in the county that is taxed by the state is included in the formula. The largest portion of the formula is based on aidable revenues, composed of a three year average of local purpose revenues times 85% of the ratio of our per capita equalized value to the state average per capita equalized value.

As of 2004, the formula provides a base shared revenue payment and the utility payment. Currently the legislature is debating some changes in how utility tax payments are calculated, however this will not affect us until 2009.

Budget Year	Aidable Revenue	Utility	Mandate Relief	Total
1999	6,382,549	397,935	483,331	7,263,816
2000	6,017,625	396,000	487,000	6,900,625
2001	5,737,435	401,017	497,705	6,636,157
2002	5,450,562	425,293	492,217	6,368,072
2003	5,178,036	469,001	496,984	6,144,021
2004	5,205,718	412,415	0	5,618,133
2005	5,205,780	481,066	0	5,686,846
2006	5,205,780	411,411	0	5,617,191
2007	5,205,780	411,411	0	5,617,191
2008	5,205,780	480,255	0	5,686,035



FUND BALANCE POLICY

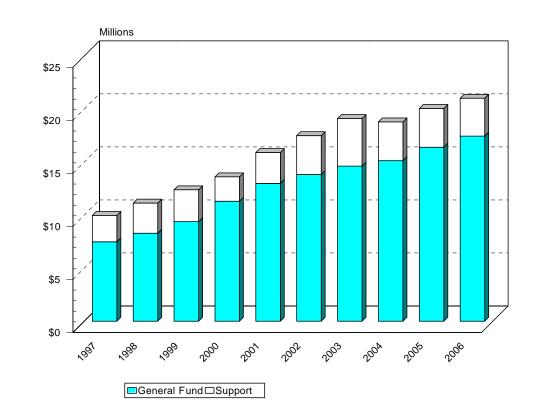
In 1989 the County Board adopted a policy for retaining working capital, referred to as the designation for Working Capital. This formula sets the minimum requirement for available funds on hand. This dollar value, which approximates 8.5% of the operating budget (10% of the Highway budget), is the basic minimum level of funding set by the county to insure a sufficient cash flow balance.

The formula looks at two different types of funds that need to be included in the formula and the corresponding total amount at any given time will directly coincide with the funds currently included in the formula. The two types of funds are:

- 1) the General Fund,
- 2) any fund requiring tax levy for support

General Fund	Support
7,488,872	2,484,292
8,299,732	2,838,507
9,390,394	3,001,257
11,312,205	2,301,109
12,997,188	2,905,292
13,836,315	3,658,516
14,627,667	4,483,614
15,140,972	3,652,107
16,408,900	3,646,618
17,458,620	3,563,226
	Fund 7,488,872 8,299,732 9,390,394 11,312,205 12,997,188 13,836,315 14,627,667 15,140,972 16,408,900

The following chart shows the history:



<u>5 - YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (</u>C.I.P.)

The County adopted its first five year C.I.P. in 1991, and continues to do so every year. Capital projects included in the CIP are defined as:

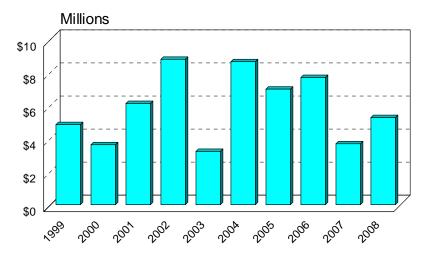
- 1. An expenditure that is for a County department, operation or in the best interest of the County
- 2. Generally non-recurring
- 3. Has a cost of over \$25,000
- 4. Has a service life of 7 years or more
- 5. Rolling stock and equipment replacement that is of critical importance to the functioning of the department involved

Major sources of funding are:

- 1. prior year fund balance
- 2. current year tax levy
- 3. bonding (borrowing)
- 4. revenues from enterprise funds (fees) to cover the cost to acquire, replace or expand current capital needs

Using prior year undesignated fund balance allows for flexibility in the capital improvement process, provides stability to the tax rate because the unspent fund balance is not used to offset following years operating needs, and provides much needed funds for capital projects without major borrowing. With this policy in place the departments are required to use only current revenues to finance their current operating needs. The following charts show the history of the funding used to finance capital projects. In 2004 the County Board formally adopted the CIP funding policy which states that undesignated funds remaining in the budget after the working capital formula is complete, are transferred, in the year following the audit, to the capital improvement program. The County has avoided borrowing for many projects by having this policy in place. In 2009 and beyond, we will have fewer dollars available in fund balance since we are now using most of the available sales tax revenues to pay for current operations. This should initiate some discussion and debate as to how we will continue to fund capital projects in Marathon County for the future.

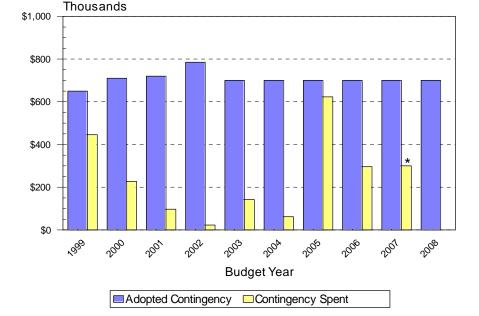
Year	CIP (Fund Balance transfers)
1999	4,843,259
2000	3,624,732
2001	6,123,086
2002	8,796,773
2003	3,225,060
2004	8,650,072
2005	6,987,747
2006	7,695,337
2007	4,145,962
2008	5,268,588



CONTINGENT FUND

For many years Marathon County had in place a Contingent Fund Policy which set the Fund at approximately .7% of the gross operating budget for the year. In 2003 the policy changed slightly, setting the Contingent Fund at a "base" amount of \$700,000, and adjusting it based on the CPI each year (Consumer Price Index) <u>only if needed</u>. I am again recommending that \$50,000 of the Contingent Fund be made available in 2008 to be used by the Finance and Property Committee for special funding requests and that the total fund for 2008 remain at \$700,000.

Budget Year	Net Adopted Budget	Adopted Conting.F und	Contingent Fund Spent
1999	92,713,234	650,000	445,860
2000	101,648,879	710,000	227,000
2001	105,340,615	720,000	97,066
2002	119,695,283	785,000	23,000
2003	128,526,292	700,000	142,469
2004	128,841,814	700,000	61,946
2005	133,587,806	700,000	623,000
2006	131,699,003	700,000	295,985
2007	143,260,835	700,000	*300,000
2008	138,498,427	700,000	N/A

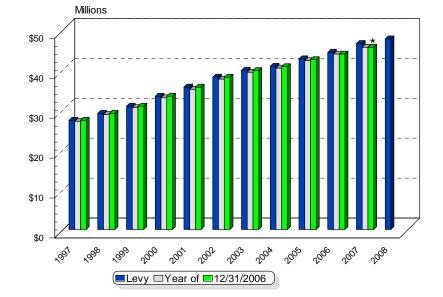


* estimate

DELINQUENT TAXES

Wisconsin Statute 74.29 provides that counties purchase delinquent real estate taxes from local taxing districts; i.e., schools, town, villages, cities and sanitary districts. The delinquent taxes purchased from local taxing units represent a reservation of the general fund balance. This commitment of funds subsequently is used in the determination of unreserved general fund balance. The percentage of delinquent taxes to the local taxes levied has remained relatively constant even though Marathon County has experienced an increase in the total tax levy in recent years. Approximately 98% of the total taxes levied are collected prior to December 31 of each year. The percentage value of delinquent taxes seems to stay approximately the same from year to year.

Year	Amount Levied	Collected Amount	% Collected	12/31/06	% Collected
1997	27,349,954	27,077,312	99.00%	27,345,628	99.98%
1998	29,068,916	28,795,852	99.06%	29,064,280	99.98%
1999	30,856,382	30,534,426	98.96%	30,842,232	99.95%
2000	33,363,392	32,979,833	98.85%	33,350,019	99.96%
2001	35,660,957	35,103,411	98.44%	35,646,338	99.96%
2002	38,149,579	37,644,343	98.68%	38,128,503	99.94%
2003	39,846,548	39,375,609	98.82%	39,812,885	99.92%
2004	40,850,300	40,416,211	98.94%	40,773,047	99.81%
2005	42,730,820	42,268,706	98.92%	42,535,806	99.54%
2006	44,360,284	43,918,046	99.00%	43,918,046	99.00%
2007	46,576,948	45,619,156	97.94%	*45,619,156	97.94%
2008	47,729,613	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



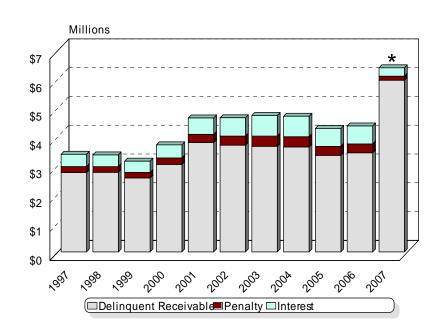
* Through 8/31/2007

INTEREST AND PENALTY COLLECTED ON DELINQUENT TAXES

The County has a very stable and reliable tax collection history. Total collections have exceeded the 99% bracket for longer than the history shown here. This collection can take place over a ten year process but normally reaches 99% within the first three years. Wisconsin Statute 74.47 allows for the collection of penalty and interest on those taxes not collected on time. Interest is collected by sub 1 of the statute and equates to a charge of 1% per month or portion of a month that taxes go uncollected. Sub 2 of the statute allows for a penalty to be collected over and above the interest charge. The penalty allows for a .5% per month or fractional charge. As can be seen in the chart below, the annual collections are an important part of the County budget process and provide a reliable source of funding.

Fiscal Year	Interest on Delinquent Taxes	Penalty on Delinquent Taxes	Total	Delinquent Taxes Receivable	Collected to Delinquent Receivable
1997	425,607	211,363	636,970	2,755,726	23.11
1998	403,652	201,180	604,832	2,766,358	21.86
1999	388,795	192,491	581,286	2,572,969	22.59
2000	453,304	225,799	679,103	3,040,515	22.34
2001	566,852	283,040	849,892	3,803,837	22.34
2002	635,026	318,014	953,040	3,708,647	25.70
2003	718,003	354,156	1,072,159	3,670,812	29.21
2004	712,463	355,711	1,068,174	3,647,154	29.29
2005	624,012	310,864	934,876	3,357,301	27.85
2006	624,919	308,328	933,247	3,444,085	27.10
2007*	287,607	141,949	429,556	5,967,070	7.20

*through 8/31/2007

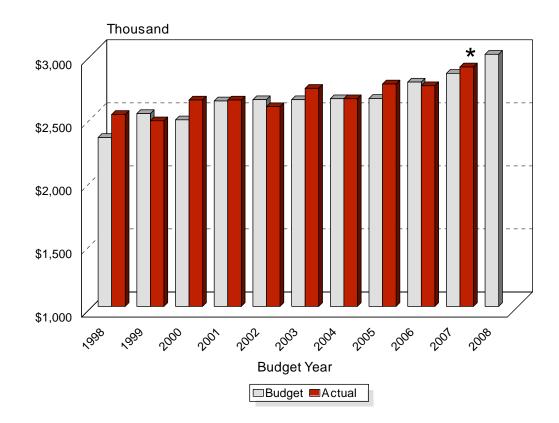


TRANSPORTATION AIDS

Marathon County is entitled to a share of revenue collected for transportation purposes and distributed by the State of Wisconsin. The County's share of such revenue is based on formulas set forth under Section 86.30(9). The County's share of transportation revenues provides for fundamental transportation needs including maintenance, operation, and construction of safe local roads. As can be seen in the chart below, we anticipate receiving a very slight increase over 2007.

TRANSPORTATION AIDS				
Year	Budget	Actual		
1998	2,340,000	2,522,887		
1999	2,530,000	2,472,428		
2000	2,480,000	2,637,479		
2001	2,630,000	2,637,473		
2002	2,640,000	2,584,757		
2003	2,640,000	2,730,106		
2004	2,647,700	2,647,700		
2005	2,650,000	2,764,792		
2006	2,780,000	2,780,000		
2007	2,849,000	*2,900,000		
2008	3,000,000	N/A		

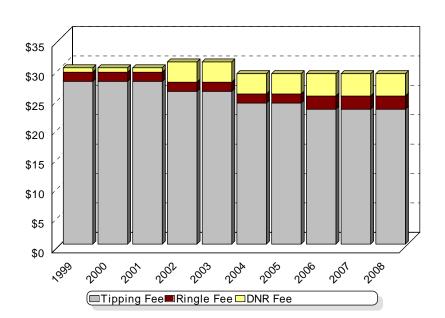
^{*}Estimated



TIPPING FEE/SURCHARGE USAGE

Wisconsin Statute 59.70 (2) authorizes the county to create and operate a solid waste management system. For Marathon County the site is centrally located within the county. The landfill is solely operated by the revenues derived from the tipping fee (history is listed below) and has never used tax levy. As can be seen from the chart below, Marathon County's tipping fee remains competitive for this area, even in the face of stiff competition from outside vendors. In 2005, the City of Wausau chose to part ways with the County and sends their waste to a private landfill out of County. With a new director on board this year, a position that we share with Portage County, we are hoping to re-establish more positive relations with municipalities, and also working out mutually beneficial arrangements with our "competitors".

Pricing is per Ton					Fees Collected
Year	Tipping Fee	Ringle Fee	DNR Fee	Total	Total
1999	27.700	1.550	0.750	30.00	3,671,604
2000	27.700	1.550	0.750	30.00	3,671,439
2001	27.700	1.550	0.750	30.00	2,695,536
2002	26.000	1.550	* 3.450	31.00	2,074,099
2003	26.000	1.550	3.450	31.00	1,756,489
2004	24.000	1.550	3.450	29.00	1,737,021
2005	24.000	1.550	3.450	29.00	1,797,236
2006	22.950	2.250	3.800	29.00	1,463,286
2007	22.950	2.250	3.800	29.00	1,252,554
2008	22.950	2.250	3.800	29.00	N/A



* Increase in DNR surcharge to fund recycling program

** Through 8/31/07

CENTRAL WISCONSIN AIRPORT AND THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE

Congress passed legislation in 1991 allowing airports to collect Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs) and that provision went into effect when the bill was signed into law in 1991. As of September 1, 2007, the PFC charge has been raised to \$4.50, which allows CWA to collect additional revenue for specific airport development projects. We continue to partner with Portage County to support the airport and determine the type of development needed in our regional airport that serves the entire Central Wisconsin area. In 2007 we negotiated an agreement that will allow CWA to move forward with a new midfield terminal project once the sources of funding have been identified and committed.

PFC Revenue			
1999	386,061		
2000	326,925		
2001	362,842		
2002	412,605		
2003	404,221		
2004	438,414		
2005	430,343		
2006	427,056		
2007	*313,163		

Thousands \$500 \$400 \$300 \$200 \$100 \$0 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 1999 2007

*Through 8/31/2007

MAJOR PROJECTS and INITIATIVES

DEBT AND THE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

For the 2008 budget I am recommending we borrow short term to fund several County highway projects, land acquisition, infrastructure projects and the design phase of the UWMC Theater project. The borrowing will allow us to use our debt levy capacity which can only be used for debt payments. In 2008, we will be making debt service payments of \$3,250,000. There are other major CIP projects on the horizon that may require us to use our borrowing capacity including the UWMC theatre, jail project, and public safety communications system. The 2008 tax rate is down \$.06 cents on the operating side and \$.02 on the debt side.

STUDY OF JAIL ALTERNATIVES AND JAIL FACILITY

Marathon County has been a leader in finding alternatives to incarceration and continues to establish proactive programming for alternatives to jail time. Even with the practices we have established we still face an overcrowding situation, and as a result we continue to transport inmates to Shawano County. Having completed a major study of the jail in 2007, we will be reporting back to the County board at year end with recommendations on how we can deal with our growing jail population for the future. We have already made changes to current sentencing procedures in order to minimize the jail time served by our current jail population, developed a new procedure using "pre-charging" conferences to defer people from entering the court system, and we are working to expand use of the electronic monitoring program. We are also looking at some type of AODA (alcohol) treatment options, perhaps even using residential treatment. For 2008, we will be funding the SAFE program (for domestic violence offenders), and we are contributing funds to expand a local restorative justice program for juveniles and adults

51.42 SYSTEM AND NURSING HOME

In 2007, we began implementation of the recommendations contained in a major study of the 51.42 system including the Nursing Home. While the study Task Force recommended that the County sell the 197 bed geriatric section of Mount view nursing home and keep the 123 bed specialty unit, the County Board decided to allow time for the new Nursing Administrator to demonstrate that the nursing home could be operated with a much lower subsidy. For 2008 the Nursing Home has reduced the "subsidy" requirement by \$2.7 million, and any decision on nursing home ownership has been postponed until August 2008. Also in 2008, with the appointment of a permanent CEO, it is expected that similar steps will need to be taken with the entire range of 51.42 services and programs. With the anticipated arrival of Family Care to Marathon County this process will become even more critical in the coming years.

RADIO TOWER AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM

By early 2008, we will be replacing the main communications tower on Rib Mountain as we have finalized a new agreement with the DNR. Long term, we are looking at a much bigger project to replace the entire communications system used by law enforcement, fire and EMS units throughout the county. These changes are required by federal mandate, because we will lose our existing frequencies and will have to go to "narrow band" or "digital" radio systems by 2012. This change will be very expensive, and will require the county to borrow funds. We are currently receiving federal matching funds to replace many of the radios in both the county and the municipalities. We have also notified the municipalities that the county will absorb the cost of replacing all radios required for the new system.

CENTRAL WISCONSIN AIRPORT TERMINAL EXPANSION

We have agreed that the CWA Board should continue to move forward with plans to meet the expanding needs of the air traveler for the next 40 years, including the option of building a new terminal facility in the mid airfield site across from the current terminal. Formal funding agreements between both County Boards and the CWA Board are on file for 2008 and beyond.

DAIRYLAND STATE ACADEMY

With the anticipated completion of a strategic and a fund-raising plan by year end, we are continuing to move forward with this project in partnership with the DSA board, NTC, UWMC, and UW River Falls. A capital contribution of \$1 million dollars has been requested for 2008, dependent on certain conditions being met, and these conditions are in a written resolution adopted by the County Board.

HUMANE SOCIETY SHELTER

With groundbreaking finally happening mid 2007, this project is now expected to be completed in early spring of 2008. By contractual agreement, this will require a slight increase in their operating budget from the County (higher costs of running a much bigger facility).

INTERNAL GRANT AND ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE SURVEY

The County has developed a new initiative to create internal grants of up to \$250,000 a year to provide seed money for departments to create programming that can have a substantial impact on their clients. Grant applications were received from 9 departments/ agencies and evaluated based on the stated outcomes of the program and how well the program objectives match the County's strategic plan. At this time there are 5 projects that we will fund through this process. Hopefully we can use this as an example to move towards performance budgeting, which asks "what services are provided, at what costs, and what impact did the client receive from the investment?" Details of the internal grant are on page A 24-25. Along with this initiative is a 5 year project to conduct organizational culture surveys in every department.

MAJOR CHANGES TO THE 2008 BUDGET

The 2008 budget contains some significant changes in programs and services. Shown below are the major changes we have included in the budget for 2008, including the dollar figures changed, and the effect on the county tax rate for each change. (This is only a summary of some of the more significant changes, not a comprehensive list of every line item changed)

	<u>2008 \$ IMPACT</u>	<u>\$ LEVY/IMPACT</u>
Reductions to Social Services Youth Aid care days provided *	\$ (300,000)	(.03)
Additional cost to replace reduced funding in child support program	\$ 150,000	.02
Cost of Living Increases for 2008 (Est. levy impact only)	\$	500,000 .06
Health Insurance increases of 16% in 2007 (Est. levy impact only)	\$ 1,025,000	.11
Increase cost to transport and hold inmates due to jail overcrowding	\$ 65,000	.007
Proposed – 1 FTE Court Clerk position for Branch 6	\$ 50,585	.006
Proposed – 3 FTE Communications officers (Dispatchers)	\$ 180,000	.02
Proposed75 FTE attorney in D.A.'s office for adult restorative justice initiative	\$ 50,000	.006
Potential savings by restructuring courthouse security detail (to fund dispatchers)*	\$ (90,000)	(.01)
Additional cost to fully implement ADRC-CW contract	\$ 130,000	.015
Additional cost to fully fund SAFE program (domestic violence prevention)	\$ 22,000	.002
Expansion of juvenile "Restorative Justice" program for 17-19 year olds	\$ 22,000	.002
Eliminate one time transitional payment to fully fund Mount View Nursing Home*	\$(2,200,000)	(.25)
Additional \$500,000 reduction in Mount View Nursing Home budget*	\$ (500,000)	(.06)
Loss of sales tax due to State overpayments and corporate re-filings	\$ 192,000	.02
Internal grant programming	\$ 250,000	.03
Organizational Culture Survey	\$ 50,000	.006

* indicates a budget reduction measure

LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

As we face the future, several trends continue to occur. State and federal funding levels will likely decrease as state and national priorities take precedent, which will require us to be much better at managing funding resources available to us. Demand for services that enhance the quality of life will continue to grow, and we will need to look carefully at balancing such things as recreational programs, fees for service, multi-user groups competing for parks and forestry resources, library services, outreach and support to a growing elderly population, and the assimilation of a larger and more ethnically diverse population than ever before. We are living in interesting times!

BUDGET SUMMARY

2008 Proposed Tax Rate:

Debt Service Levy =	\$.35
Operating Levy =	5.00
Special Purpose Levy =	<u>.03**</u>
Total Levy =	\$5.38

Changes by County Board:

2008 Final Tax Rate \$5.38

** Bridge Aid

Note: 1¢ in 2008 levy = approximately \$89,435

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REVENUE ESTIMATES BY CATEGORY

Taxes are budgeted at \$58,742,771, which includes sales tax, property taxes and forest crop taxes and makes up approximately 37% of all revenues. The total tax revenue is up only \$599,968 over 2007. The County has reduced the Sales tax revenue budget by \$1,217,017 over 2007. The County anticipates receiving less Sales tax revenues in 2008 as the State will start taking back a portion of the sales tax "overpayment" already described earlier in this document. Also in 2007, the County budgeted an additional \$2.2 million in sales tax revenue that helped the County fund the Mount View Nursing Home operations. As previously stated, in 2008 with a change in operations at the nursing home, that additional subsidy is no longer needed and the 2008 sales tax revenue estimate reflects that change in the nursing home budget. An Additional \$1.77 million is an increase in the property tax levy for 2008.

Intergovernmental grants and aids budgeted at \$34,818,105 or 22% of budgeted revenues, are down slightly from last year. In most areas the state has not increased the base allocation or grant dollars coming to the County to cover the cost of programming. The County has reduced expenses in the Social Services placements and also looked to regionalization of service (such as the ADRC-CW) to maximize grant dollars to provide services. The federal grant revenues are down by \$855,667 or 33%. The primary reason for the decrease to this revenue category is the reduction in federal reimbursement for the child support program.

Intergovernmental charges for services are budgeted at \$22,155,881 and consist of 14% of the revenue budget. As previously mentioned, the state highway maintenance contract has stayed at prior year funding levels with no increase to compensate for increase cost of gas, oil, salt etc. This will mean reduced services for snow plowing on state roads. Total state and federal charges for services are reduced by 1% over 2007 budget. The area of increase in the intergovernmental charges comes from the outside districts that we provide services to. The increase in this area is \$589,189 or 5.7%. This increase reflects an area of growth for regional partnerships and continued view to work cooperatively with the various regional levels of government (municipal and county).

Miscellaneous revenues at \$16,318,503 or 10% of the revenue budget consists mainly of interest income and the revenues for the Employee Benefit Insurance Fund. Revenues from the Employee Benefit Insurance Fund make up over 81% of the miscellaneous revenues category and are driven by the County's self-funded health insurance premiums. The health insurance premiums are up 16% in 2008 and the dental premiums increase is approximately 22% overall.

Public charges for services are budgeted at \$9,987,034 or 6% of the revenue budget. Register of Deeds, CPZ, CWA and some recreational programs will see a slight increase in fees for services provided to the public. Therefore the public charges for service category of revenues are up slightly over 2007.

Fines, Forfeitures, Licenses and Permits account for less than 1% of the revenue budget which is \$1,091,660. This category includes fees for regulatory services and court fees.

The last category of revenues includes Other Financing Sources with amounts to \$15,147,151 or 10% of the total budgeted revenues. These are funding sources for a particular activity other than typical revenue sources. Examples of these revenues would include prior

year earned revenues, capitalized interest or an application of fund balances or cash from a bond issue.

In summary, taxes, public charges for services, intergovernmental charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are up slightly over 2007. The largest decrease is in Other Financing Sources which is a function of the use of non-typical revenues sources to fund program areas or capital projects. Intergovernmental grants and aids are also down from 2007 which shows the start of a trend that concerns the County. The state and federal funding to pay for mandated programs is not covering the costs to maintain these programs. This means that county funding and other alternatives must pay to maintain these required programs.

2008 BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS

The Finance and Property Committee discussed the following broad assumptions which establish a basic foundation for building the 2008 budget. These general assumptions provide a framework to County staff, the County Administrator and the County Board of Supervisors for setting priorities, determining service levels and allocating limited financial resources. The following general assumptions were proposed for use in guiding the development of the County's 2008 Budget:

• The Finance Committee proposed reducing the levy rate to \$5.38 per thousand of valuation. This is a 1.5% decrease from the \$5.46 rate for 2007 and a decrease of 13% from the \$6.21 tax rate that was in effect for 1995-2001. The 2008 proposed \$5.38 levy rate is the lowest tax rate in the past 18 years.

• The budget is presented using an estimated 3% increase in net new construction to cover the increase in County operations. If the County's net new construction increases over the estimated 3%, the Finance Committee will consider the use of any additional funding to maintain programs at current service levels, fully fund Marathon County's portion of the ADRC-CW, provide additional justice alternatives and develop an internal grant program that develops program that has measurable outcomes based on the County's strategic objectives and fund additional Sheriff dispatcher staff.

• The County waited for the passage of the State's budget until the end of October. The County Finance Committee approved a 2008 budget with the tax levy increase based on the Net New Construction for the county of 3.514%. While waiting to see what the actual levy limits and funding from the state was; we created several versions of the 2008 County Budget. Each version of the budget has a state imposed levy freeze on local governments. This freeze, which was 3.86% for 2008, adds another level of property tax levy caps on the County when completing its 2008 budget. This freeze caps the total County property tax levy in addition to the operating and debt levy rate caps that are currently in place. We estimated the new levy cap for 2008 to be \$44,745,527. This is the amount that the Finance Committee approved on Monday, October 22, 2007 and forwarded to the County Board for deliberation on Thursday, November 15. At this time we are still waiting for the State Legislature and governor to approve the state budget and provide the final guidance and what the levy limits will be for the 2008 and 2009 county budgets. There is a provision in the law that allows the County to exceed the cap for debt that is authorized after July 1, 2005. The County intends to authorize the borrowing of funds up to \$2.61 million for 2008 CIP projects including several large County highway projects. This allows the County to exceed the levy cap in 2008 for debt service payments made in 2008 and beyond. It is estimated that based on this authorization, the County will exceed the cap by \$3,500,000 in 2008.

• In regards to Personnel Services, the cost of living increase for wages and salaries is estimated at 2.5%. The premium increase for health insurance is 16% and dental insurance is 22%. These increases may make it difficult to achieve a \$5.38 tax rate especially with a 3% increase in valuation.

• Because the State's has just recently passed its own budget, it has been very difficult to create a budget that balances state/federal revenues, county tax levy and assure that we have funded state programs run by the County at their current level.

• The state highway maintenance contract with the County's highway department has tenuous funding at best for 2008. The Base Allocation does not include funding for increased cost of fuel, oil, salt and supplies to warrant the same level of service for state highways in Marathon County.

• In order to maintain current operating programs, we are looking at ways to make our departments more efficient with the use of technology, reorganization of programs, developing regional organizations and shifting funding to meet top priorities. The 2008 budget adds three (3) additional dispatchers to the Sheriff's department. With the additional staff the County can open an additional frequency for the 911 system to take calls within the metro area. The addition of the dispatchers, a promise to fully fund the ADRC-CW and the child support program, creating a new internal grant program and completing County-wide organizational surveys, the County will look to adding an additional \$0.91 in tax levy to offset the cost of these programs.

• Based on the 2008 CIP plan, the County will borrow up to \$2.6 million on a two year note to finance 2008 County Highway and infrastructure projects. The \$3.1 million levy used to fund the 2008 debt service requirements will be same as the debt levy budgeted in 2007. The following chart illustrates the planned borrowing and payments (principal and interest) for the next several years:

CIP Project Year	Debt Service Payment 2008	Debt Service Payment 2009	Debt Service Payment 2010	Debt Service Payment 2011	Total Debt Payments per Borrowing (principal and interest)
\$ 3,590,000 2007 CIP	\$1,115,000				\$3,660,000*
\$ 2,610,000 2008 CIP	\$1,983000	\$577,000			\$2,560,000
\$ 7,800,000 2009 CIP		\$2,673,000	\$2,455,000	\$2,997,000	\$8,125,000
\$20,000,000 2010 Jail			\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$29,950,000 GO Bond-20 Years
Total Annual Debt Service Payments	\$3,098,000	\$3,250,000	\$3,955,000	\$4,497,000	

*The chart does not show the 2007 debt service payment for the 2007A of \$2,545,000

• The Capital Improvement Fund increased \$1.1 million in fund balance appropriations that can be applied to capital projects for 2008. The CIP fund will be used for a wide variety of projects including the County capital contribution of \$1 million dollars for the new Dairyland State Academy (DSA). DSA is a new agricultural education facility that is created between the UWMC, NTC and UW River Falls. The school will have a teaching farm and comprehensive curriculum for agricultural studies. The CIP will be used in conjunction with property tax levy funds to continue to improve the County roadway infrastructure by funding several highway projects in the northern portion of the Wausau area.

NON-FINANCIAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The County has several entity-wide initiatives in place that will serve as long range planning tools for Marathon County. The following list highlights each of these initiatives and their time line for full implementation.

Marathon County has continued to work on setting its county priorities. The County has established the County Vision, Mission and Core Values that are the underlying framework for developing County organizational excellence. Throughout this process the County has revised its Vision and Mission Statement to more close align the County with the results of focus group meetings and organizational meetings. The County's Vision and Mission Statements now clearly reflect the expectations of the organization and stay consistent with the Core Values of the County. Visually we see the relationship of this work as follows:

Marathon County Vision Statement Marathon County Mission Statement Marathon County Government leads by providing high Marathon County Government serves people by quality infrastructure, and integrated services and by leading, coordinating, and providing county, regional developing trusting, collaborative relationships among and statewide initiatives. It directly or in cooperation diverse partners. It is proactive in enhancing health and with other public and private partners provides safety, protecting the environment, and providing services and creates opportunities that make cultural, recreational, and economic opportunities which Marathon County and the surrounding areas a make Marathon County and the surrounding area a preferred place to live, work and do business. preferred place to live, work and do business. **Marathon County Core Values** SERVICE is responsively delivering on our commitments to all of our internal and external customers. **INTEGRITY** is honesty, openness, and demonstrating mutual respect and trust in others. **QUALITY** is providing public services that are reflective of "best practices" in the field. **DIVERSITY** is actively welcoming and valuing people with different perspectives and experiences. SHARED PURPOSE is functioning as a team to attain our organizational goals and working collaboratively with our policy makers, departments, employees, and customers. STEWARDSHIP OF OUR RESOURCES is conserving the human, natural, cultural, and financial resources for current and future generations

STRATEGIC PLANNING- From this new organizational framework the County has created strategies that enhance operational efficiency and improve customer service.

In conjunction with comprehensive planning, the County has developed core strategies that create the context for the County's long range organizational planning. The objectives of this program were to develop broad goals and identifying the services that are needed to accomplish these goals. We continue to look for ways create an insightful decision- making process for allocating resources and setting priorities and direction. In order to bring these strategies to life the County Board created a Plan of Activities that will allow the County to implement the core strategies listed below:

Marathon County Core Strategies

- Develop and implement organizational restructuring and processes for continuous improvement that enhance operational efficiency, improve customer service and service effectiveness, as measured by program outcomes, for key customers.
- Proactively align current and future county services and programs with established priorities that anticipate needs, enhance health and safety, protect the environment and offer cultural, recreational, and economic opportunities.
- Through leadership, infrastructure and resources, aggressively develop economic opportunities which provide for a strong economic base, equally balanced with protection of the environment and quality of life issues.
- Pursue local, regional, and state collaborative working relationships, public involvement and communication strategies which position Marathon County Government as a recognized leader in coordinating resources for the purpose of meeting community needs in Marathon County and the surrounding area.
- Attract, retain and develop elected officials, management, and staff capable of providing the leadership and vision necessary to implement excellent services.

Proposed Marathon County Plan of Activities by Core Strategy

FY 2006-2008 (Identified through the December Board retreat discussion) (Additional Items Identified by Administration)

Core Strategy #I. Develop and implement organizational restructuring and processes for continuous improvement that enhances operational efficiency, improves customer service and service effectiveness, as measured by program outcomes for key customers.

- 1. Implement a customer satisfaction survey(s) which measures and monitors customer satisfaction with County services.
- 2. Restructure the County Board organization in order to foster successful accomplishment of the strategic initiatives.
- 3. Restructure the County operational units to be consistent with fostering effective and efficient services.
- 4. Establish a specific goal(s) for each department, to include predetermined measurable (expected) outcomes based upon normative data, and monitor outcomes with appropriate regularity.
- 5. Develop a set of (high level) key reports (a dashboard) germane to measuring the accomplishment of the County's strategic vision and continuously and appropriately monitor the same.

Core Strategy #II. Establish and continually re-evaluate service priorities. Proactively align current and future County services and programs with established priorities that anticipate needs, enhance health and safety, protect the environment and offer cultural, recreational, and economic opportunities.

- 1. Develop and implement a process which uses stakeholder focused criteria to identify the least effective (10% of) programs and services provided by the County, and propose approaches to improve and/or discontinue each.
- 2. Increase organizational productivity (by 2%) based upon a predetermined criteria e.g., cost per unit of service, FTE. recidivism.
- 3. Design and implement a public input system which increases community involvement in County Government.
- 4. Conduct (a minimum of six annually) educational sessions for the Board to develop a better understanding of future challenges and effective governance.
- 5. Complete a study to determine the most effective means of approaching future criminal justice issues.
- 6. Conduct NCHCF study to determine the most viable options for the County to move forward with policy decisions related to elderly and individuals with disabilities.

Core Strategy #III. Through leadership, infrastructure and resources, aggressively develop economic opportunities which provide for a strong economic base, balanced with protection of the environment and quality of life issues.

- 1. Through county board reorganization, structure a county board committee(s) with the responsibility for the development and leadership of the county's economic development strategies
- 2. Complete a futuristic infrastructure needs analysis for Marathon County and the region as a precursor to establishing future economic development initiatives by the County.
- 3. Participate in and support the regional planning organization(s) implementation of the County's strategic partnership initiatives.
- 4. Building upon the counties historically strong agriculture economy, foster the development of agriculture initiatives e.g. the Dairyland State Academy and work in partnership with other community organizations to encourage agriculture development.
- 5. Research and develop model ordinances and other tools to help communities be successful in implementing the land use element of their respective comprehensive plans.
- 6. Continue to work with our municipalities to assist them in developing policies and practices that are consistent with and support respective visions of the future.
- 7. Analyze implications, and initiate actions to retain the viability of the Central Wisconsin Airport.
- 8. Develop a long term facilities' plan for the UWMC.

Core Strategy #IV. Pursue local, regional, and state collaborative working relationships, public involvement and communication strategies which position Marathon County Government as a recognized leader in coordinating resources for the purpose of meeting community needs in Marathon County and the surrounding area.

- 1. Complete the implementation of a regional ADRC.
- 2. Propose a regional long term care CMO (Community Care of Central Wisconsin) initiative in cooperation with Portage and Wood Counties.
- 3. Lead a regional information/ communications system development initiative e.g., emergency services.
- 4. Partner with North Central Regional Planning to formulate proposals to regionalize appropriate initiatives.
- 5. Develop a consumer (citizen) focused County website.
- 6. Develop and implement an improved public information/ media relations program.
- 7. Establish a series of public presentations to the community fostering communications about the County's mission, vision, and accomplishment of the same, engaging the County Board membership in these activities.

Core Strategy #V. Attract, develop and retain staff capable of the leadership and vision necessary to provide excellent services. Educate and encourage public involvement in County Government, while developing the governance skills of elected officials.

- 1. Provide governance education sessions for the County Board.
- 2. Craft and implement staff development policies and practices focused on the successful completion of the core strategies.
- 3. Develop an improved Board and employee orientation process/ program.
- 4. Implement an ongoing employee satisfaction survey process focused on engaging the employee as a means to make Marathon County a preferred employer.
- 5. Develop a leadership succession plan for Administration.
- 6. Conduct an organization-wide communications/in-service initiative to incorporate an understanding of the mission, vision and core strategies in the daily work of every employee.
- 7. Study a compensation philosophy/plan which links compensation to employee performance.
- 8. Design and promote leadership development opportunities for the board and administration.

INTERNAL GRANT PROGRAM-Starting with the 2008 budget, one innovative way that we have tried to tie the strategic objectives to the budget was to implement an internal grant program. County departments and related agencies could apply for a one year grant (with the possibility of up to three years' funding) to create programs that further the county's core strategies. The grant application required the department to establish measurable outcomes to monitor the effectiveness of the program. A review team comprised of two County Board members, the Finance Director and the Deputy County Administrator considered all of the submissions for internal grants in 2008 and established these priorities for funding:

- 1. Request of the Juvenile Justice Task Force for a **report center as a sanction option and an education program designed to replace aggression and anti-social behavior with positive alternatives**. (\$120,000)
- 2T. Request of the Health Department for a project which will provide **individual and community education about lead paint** hazards and low interest loans for homeowners and landlords to fund lead hazard reduction work. (\$66,500)
- 2T. Request of North Central Community Action Program for a **single parent self-sufficiency pilot program** which will help single parent head of households with educational expenses, provide financial assistance with rent payments while they pursue classroom education, and deliver assistance with supportive services such as transportation, work attire, and case management designed to identify and reduce other barriers to movement out of poverty. (\$50,000)
- 4. Request of County Administration to fund an educational forum open to all local elected officials in Marathon County on an **innovative methodology to increase public participation in establishing the priorities of government** which can be used in making budget and other policy decisions. (\$5,000)

After further review of the District Attorney's Community Conferencing Committee Program by the Marathon County Finance Committee, this program was added to the list of recommended internal grants for 2008. The Community Conferencing Committee Program is described as follows:

5. Request of the District Attorney's office to create a Community Conferencing Program which is intended for non-violent offenders that have taken ownership of their wrongdoing. This program will fund a part-time assistant District Attorney that will work in coordination with the Diversion Coordinator, victim/witness staff and community volunteers who will serve as members of the conference committee. Community representatives present during the conference will have a part in the restoration of the victim and the accountability of the offender. Victims and offenders will have the opportunity to discuss appropriate consequences for the offender's actions and methods to make the victim whole, including recovery of financial loss. (\$50,000)

Additional innovative proposals were received from The Women's Community, Northwoods Alliance for Children and Families, Employee Resources, Diversity Affairs Office and UW Extension Office and all were determined to have merit. However, none of those projects ranked high enough based on the analysis of the review team to be recommended for funding in 2008. The charge of the review team was to make a recommendation to the County Administrator for incorporation into his budget submission. Once the Administrator's budget is submitted to the Finance Committee and County Board they may choose to accept the recommendations of the review team in whole or part or to reopen the process to review all of the proposals again.

OUTCOME MEASUREMENT-In 2003 the County started looking at Performance Management. In 2004, the County hired a consultant and completed county-wide training on developing outcomes, indicators and data measurement tools by designing a program "logic model". Marathon County has named this initiative Outcome Measurement. In 2006, we established baselines and gathered data for program measurement plans. The first trial of these measurement efforts are incorporated into the 2007 budget. In 2008 we continue to refine our measurement plans and report outcomes for the various programs. Through this process we have learned what works and does not for our programs. The logic model and associated measurement plan is a good way, using a linear format, to communicate to stakeholders the inputs, activities, outputs and outcomes of each program; the measurement plan provides data on the performance of each program in relationship to its intended outcomes. We look forward to continuing the process of providing high value services that enhance the health and safety, protect the environment and offer cultural, recreational and economic opportunities for the residents of Marathon County.

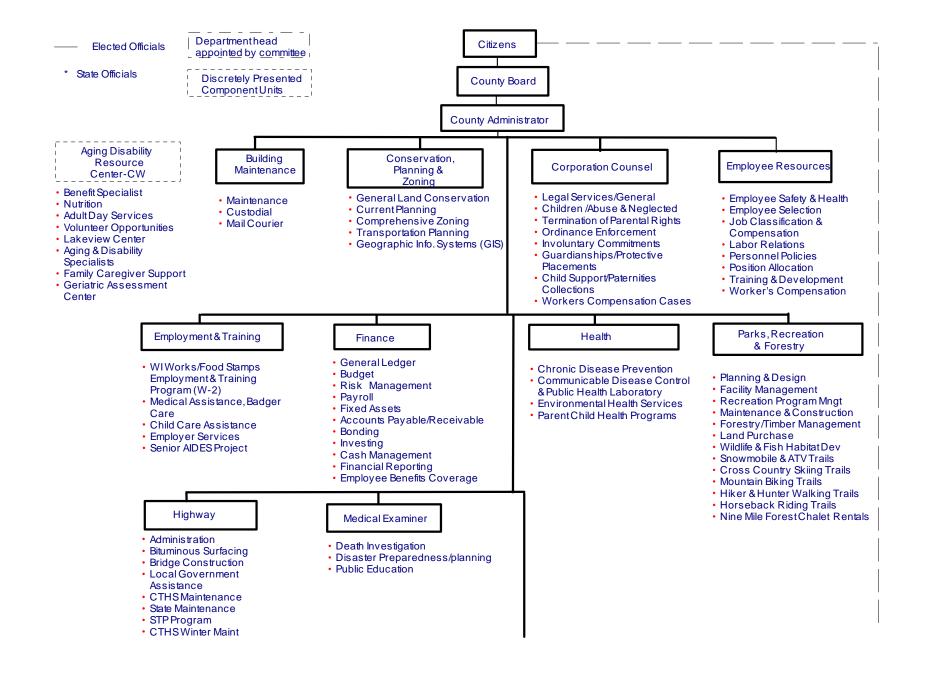
ORGANIZATION

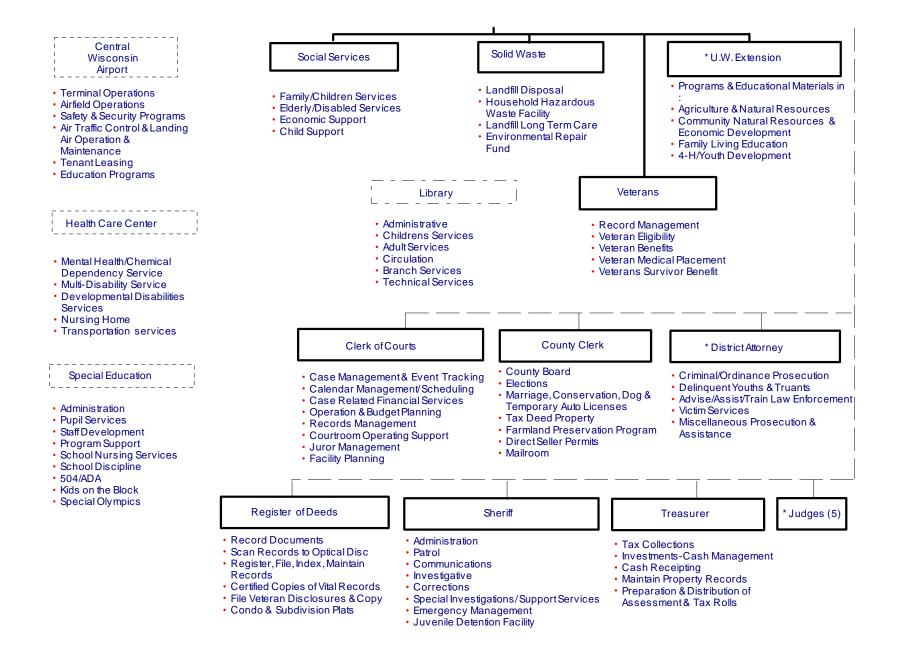
Marathon County is a diverse organization as most Wisconsin Counties are by statutory design. Counties are set up to be an arm of the state. In Wisconsin, counties can only perform those duties that are specifically given to them by authorizing legislation. By contrast a municipality can perform any governmental service it so desires unless it is specifically excluded in state statute.

The County is made up of one of the largest elected bodies in the nation, rumored to be tied as the 4th largest county elected body in the country. The County Board of Supervisors is made up of thirty-eight (38) members elected to the same consecutive two (2) year terms. There have been times when the board considers its size and every ten (10) years, associated with the national census, the Board gives consideration to downsizing. Towards the end of 1999 and the beginning of 2000 the Board once again reviewed its size and concluded that the same size is desirable by the citizens of Marathon County.

The County has a complicated management structure made up of departments whose department head is elected by the general populace and do not report to the County Administration, an appointed County Administrator that has direct appointment authority over many of the core operating departments, and several departments where the department head is appointed by the authorizing Committee of jurisdiction. One further complication is a department whose department head is a state employee. The County also has several discretely presented component units (DPCU's) that are a part of the overall financial structure of the County. Marathon County is fiscally accountable for the DPCU's, the DPCU's can not issue debt on their own behalf and have separate hiring/firing authority. Their department heads are appointed by their respective Boards that all have specific statutory authority to exist. These discretely presented component units may rely on the County for financial support.

See chart below.





BUDGET AND FINANCIAL POLICIES AND HIGHLIGHTS

EXPLANATION OF BUDGET PRESENTATIONS

The 2008 Marathon County Budget is organized to provide pertinent information regarding the County's administrative structure, programs, and related financial and nonfinancial strategies. Cross-references as to fund, administrative division and function are provided on the various cost center's heading information. Each cost center displayed contains expenditures/expenses and/or revenues associated with that particular cost center. The net department cost represents the difference between expenditure/expense and revenue which is the tax levy needed to fund the cost center. The tax levy is reduced when revenues exceed expenditures/expenses.

Each cost center budget contains an explanatory note. The explanatory note functions as an overview for the cost center explaining their mission and programs.

Each cost center is displayed in the same format with expenditures/expenses first, revenues (excluding tax levy) next and the tax levy as the final balancing line. If the offset to that particular cost center is not the tax levy, the only other option available is an increase or decrease in the respective fund balance. Each of these sections can have various categories of detail shown below it. For an explanation of each applicable category see descriptions in the glossary beginning on page L-9 of this document.

This document is divided into sections according to program areas, debt service, and capital projects. This detailed expenditure/expense and revenue information is then summarized by program area within generic fund types as listed below:

General Fund: The General Fund accounts for basic governmental services. These include law enforcement; educational, recreational and cultural activities; support of the state's judicial system; and general administrative services. General fund revenue sources are provided by the local property tax levy, the 1/2% county sales tax, state shared revenues, state and federal grants, prisoner lodging, licenses and various fines, fees, forfeitures and many others.

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds account for proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The Social Improvement Fund accounts for the provision of services to County residents in the areas of social and child welfare, income maintenance, nutrition and outreach services for elderly residents and various youth aid projects. Screening procedures are also performed for the State of Wisconsin. Funding continues to be provided through federal and state grants and property taxes.

Debt Service Fund: The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. Resources are provided by the local property tax.

Capital Project Funds: The Capital Project fund accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by the enterprise or internal service funds.

The Capital Improvement Fund will be used to account for the financing, construction and remodeling of major existing facility needs for the County. The fund finances the 2005 through the 2008 Capital Improvement Program.

The Highway Road Improvement Fund will be used to account for the financial resources used for the acquisition of construction of major highway road improvements not normally completed by the Highway Department.

Enterprise Funds: An enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business.

The Landfill Fund is used to account for the operations of the solid waste disposal site serving the County. Revenues are provided through tipping fees.

The County Highway Fund accounts for the costs associated with the operation and maintenance of the County's Highway Department facilities, which consist primarily of the maintenance of the County trunk highway system, maintenance and construction of state highways within the County, and provision of highway services to other local governments. Revenues are provided by state transportation aids, property taxes and user charges.

Internal Service Funds: Internal Service funds are similar to enterprise funds except that the services are provided for other county departments or governmental units.

The Property Casualty Insurance Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of insurance costs and claims made against the County. Revenues are provided by fees charged to user departments at rates based on prior experience.

The Employee Benefits Insurance Fund accounts for the County employees' self-insured health, dental, and worker's compensation funds. Revenues are provided by fees charged to user departments, whereas expenses are the actual costs of claims and administration fees.

Discretely Presented Component Units: There are one of the four discretely presented component units that have their budgets approved in total by the their respective Boards first and then have it confirmed by the County Board. The remaining three discretely presented component units have their respective budgets approved by their Boards and only have the required subsidy approved by the County Board.

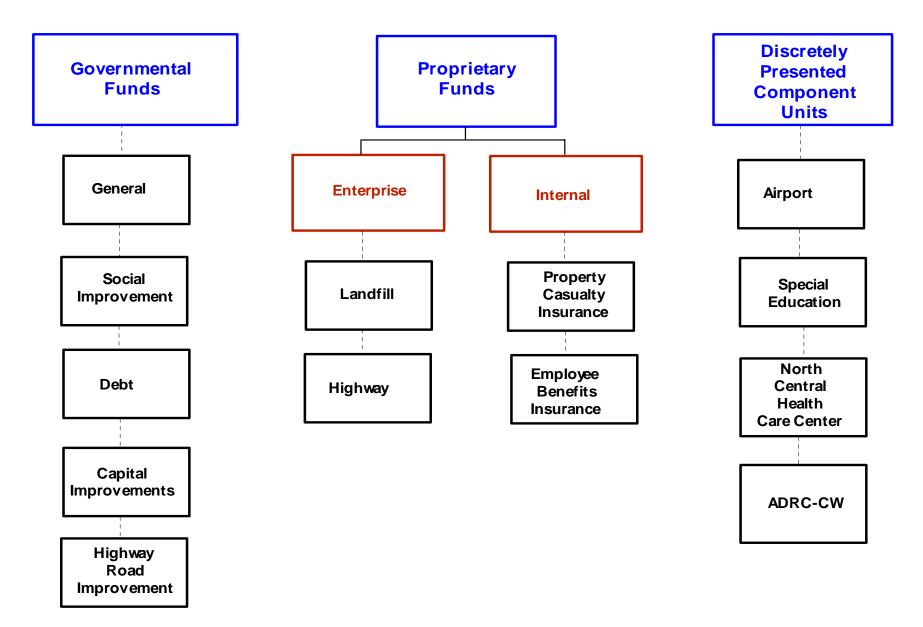
The Central Wisconsin Airport Board is jointly made up of members from both Portage County and Marathon County. They pass and approve the airport budget and it is presented to the County Administrator and Finance Director for inclusion in the larger County budget. The Central Wisconsin Airport provides commercial air transportation for the central Wisconsin region. It was jointly developed by the two (2) counties that own it.

The Special Education Board is made up of members from various school districts within Marathon County that do not have a separate department for this purpose. They pass and approve their own budget and it is presented to the County Administrator and Finance Director for inclusion in the larger County budget. Special Education is not a county function and therefore is not on the County tax levy.

The North Central Health Care Center is a joint function with Marathon, Lincoln and Langlade Counties, providing medical and nursing care, including mental health care under contractual arrangement with the Counties. It is also organized as a 51.42/437 Mental Health Board under Wisconsin Statutes giving the Board separate legal status. They pass and approve their own budget and it is presented to the County Administrator and Finance Director for inclusion in the larger County budget. Marathon County funds an amount equal to expansion excess of Federal and State grants and patient fees as it relates to Marathon County's proportionate share of operating costs. This amount is funded with property tax revenue.

The ADRC-CW was created by Marathon and Wood Counties to provide services to disabled and elderly citizens of the counties. The ADRC-CW passes and approves its budget and then each respective County board also must approve the budget. County share of expenses is based on its percentage of total equalized value. Marathon County accounts for its portion in the social improvement fund for the property tax levy portion of 2007.

MARATHON COUNTY FUND STRUCTURE



BUDGETARY PROCESS

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County uses the following procedures when establishing budgetary data;

- 1. In July, the department heads submit budget requests to the County Administrator.
- 2. In August and September the Department heads meet with the County Administrator and Finance Director to balance their respective budgets.
- 3. In October the Finance Committee reviews the County Administrator's proposed budget.
- 4. In October, the County Administrator in conjunction with the Finance Committee submits to the County Board of Supervisors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. This is a balanced budget in that the budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them.
- 5. A public hearing is conducted on the second Tuesday in November to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is then legally enacted through passage of an ordinance on the following Thursday.
- 6. The County Board of supervisors adopts a budget for all funds including those with zero budgets.

BUDGET CALENDAR

2007

July									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
8	9	10	11	12	13	14			
15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
22	23	24	25	26	27	28			
29	30	31							

August								
			1	2	3	4		
5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
12	13	14	15	16	17	18		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25		
26	27	28	29	30	31			

September								
						1		
2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
30								

July

Department heads submit 2008 budget requests to the County Administrator.

August & September

Department heads meet with the County Administrator and the Finance Director to balance their respective 2008 budgets.

October

October 1 & 15, 2007 The Finance Committee reviews the County Administrator's 2008 proposed budget.

October 22, 2007

The County Administrator in conjunction with the Finance Committee submits to the County Board of Supervisors a proposed budget for the 2008 fiscal year commencing the following January 1.

November

November 13, 2007

The second Tuesday in November a public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

November 15, 2007

The second Thursday in November the County Board of Supervisors adopts the 2008 budget for all funds.

20	07
20	U/

October								
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
28	29	30	31					

	November									
4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
11	12	13	14	15	16	17				
18	19	20	21	22	23	24				
25	26	27	28	29	30					

December								
						1		
2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
30	31							

EXPLANATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS

Basis of accounting refers to the point in time at which revenues and expenditures/expense are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Measurement focus is the process that determines what assets/liabilities will be presented in the financial statements and whether the data is reported on the flow of financial resources (revenue/expenditure) or flow of economic resources (revenue/expense) basis.

Financial statements for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Improvement Fund, Highway Road Improvement Fund and Special Education are prepared and accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is also the basis used for budgeting purposes. With the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual or when measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

The enterprise and internal service funds, along with Central Wisconsin Airport and North Central Health Care Center as Discretely Presented Components Units are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This is also the basis for budgeting purposes. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when they are earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred with the following exceptions.

- 1. Long-term debt principal repayments are budgeted on a cash basis.
- 2. Capital outlay items, excluding depreciation, are budgeted on a cash basis.
- 3. Depreciation is not a budgeted item.

Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the agency level and all unexpended appropriations lapse at year end. Exceptions to this exist for capital projects near completion, special revenue funds, grants operating on other than a calendar year basis, encumbrances and selected accounts within the General Fund which are reappropriated in the following year's budget. The County Board, by resolution, gave the Finance and Property Committee authorization to carry forward prior year's unexpended appropriations of the ensuing year.

PROCEDURE FOR AMENDING COUNTY BUDGETS

Following the adoption of the annual budget, intra-budget transfers and supplemental appropriations are made based on the following:

- 1. The annual County budget is adopted at the cost center on departmental level and controlled at the appropriation unit level (normally this equated to a category).
- 2. Supplemental appropriations may be made from the Contingent Fund by the Finance Committee upon approval by the County Board.
- 3. Transfers between appropriation units may be made by the Finance Committee up to 10% of any agency's budget. The Finance Committee is authorized to transfer budget amounts between and within departments; however, any revisions that alter total appropriations must go to County Board for approval.
- 4. All other budget changes, including contingent fund transfers, require two-thirds approval by the County Board.
- 5. Budgets that are increased or decreased due to state or federal grants are approved by the Finance Committee.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Social Improvement Fund – The Social Improvement Fund is used to account for resources legally restricted to support the various community service programs.

Capital Improvement Fund – The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities but excludes those projects financed by the Highway Road Improvement Fund, proprietary funds and discretely presented component units.

NON-MAJOR GOVENMENTAL FUNDS

The County reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs, but excluded debt serviced by proprietary funds and discretely presented component units.

Highway Road Improvement Fund – The Highway Road Improvement Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major highway road improvements not normally completed by the Highway Department.

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Landfill Fund – The Landfill Fund accounts for the operation of the County operated landfill.

County Highway Fund – The County Highway Fund accounts for the operation of the highway systems.

MARATHON COUNTY						
CONSOLIDATED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY						
2008 ADOPTED BUDGET						

				2000/1201 11						
	General Fund	Social Improvement	Debt Service	Capital Improvements	Highway Road Improvement	Enterprise	Internal	Discretely Presented Component Units	Agency Fund	All Funds
Beginning Fund Equity Expected 12/31/07	36,563,133	1,109,975	387,026	1,881,672	-	41,787,111	9,947,144	35,248,368	165	126,924,594
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Grants & Aid Licenses & Permits Fines Forfeits & Penalties	39,184,675 10,773,232 258,660 824,000	15,922,735	3,098,111	93,500		8,409,424 3,659,000 9,000		1,036,478	3,426,660	58,742,771 34,818,105 267,660 824,000
Public Charges for Services Intergovernmental Charges for Service Miscellaneous Revenue Other Financing Sources	4,260,662 1,007,469 1,244,342 144,332	692,800 381,032	50,000	141,891 5,268,588		2,130,200 16,813,538 866,100	23,000 731,961 12,961,952 5,000	2,719,900 2,841,826 242,586 425,845	110,472 761,087 480,600 318,300	9,987,034 22,155,881 16,318,503 6,298,298
Revenue Subtotal	57,697,372		3,148,111	5,503,979		31,887,262	13,721,913	7,266,635	5,097,119	149,412,252
Fund balance applied	5,621,306	1,015,842	0	0	0	1,571,000	91,527	549,178	0	8,848,853
Total Sources	63,318,678	26,105,703	3,148,111	5,503,979		33,458,262	13,813,440	7,815,813	5,097,119	158,261,105
Expenditures Personal Services	\$ 32,112,837	9,917,907				12,254,488	260,780	4,268,856	3,077,084	61,891,952
Contractual Services Supplies & Expense Building Materials Fixed Charges	8,330,821 2,959,164 141,850 730,913			100,000		1,742,080 2,870,800 8,520,477 5,485,396	569,000 54,500 12,924,160	1,439,199 607,602 21,800 67,750	1,063,986 378,914 261,081	14,451,647 7,188,352 8,684,127 19,846,856
Debt Service Grants, Contributions & Other	11,630,968	13,264,565	3,148,111	1,000,000		95,000	,,	486,803	84,734	3,634,914 26,075,267
Capital Outlay Other Financing Uses Expenditure Subtotal	1,846,046 5,566,079 \$ 63,318,678		3,148,111	4,035,300 <u>368,679</u> 5,503,979		2,273,000 217,021 33,458,262	5,000 13,813,440	374,625 549,178 7,815,813	62,000 <u>169,320</u> 5,097,119	9,612,713 6,875,277 158,261,105
Total Uses	\$ 63,318,678		3,148,111	5,503,979	<u> </u>	33,458,262	13,813,440	7,815,813	5,097,119	158,261,105
Ending Fund Equity Expected 12/31/08	\$ 30,941,827	94,133	387,026	1,881,672	<u> </u>	40,216,111	9,855,617	34,699,190	165	118,075,741

• Major changes in fund balance, which is the difference between the fund assets and fund liabilities for the governmental funds, is primarily due to the application of prior year fund balance to finance 2008 Capital Projects. \$4.3 million of the general fund balance and \$900 thousand of the social improvement fund balance are financing the 2008 CIP projects as described in Section J of this budget. The additional allocation in the highway fund is to complete the remaining sections of the projects that we anticipated finishing in 2007 but will not be completed until 2008.

FUND BALANCE

Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that the budget publication include a statement of estimated and projected fund balances. The following chart provides information required by state law and offers readers an overview of the general financial condition of the County.

MARATHON COUNTY 2006 EXISTING, 2007 EXPECTED AND 2008 PROPOSED FUND EQUITY AS A RESULT OF EXPECTED AND PROPOSED FINANCIAL OPERATIONS

FUND#	FUND NAME	FUND EQUITY 12/31/2006	2007 EXPENDITURES & OTHER FINANCING USES	2007 REVENUES & OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	FUND EQUITY EXPECTED 12/31/2007	2008 EXPENDITURES & OTHER FINANCING USES	2008 REVENUES & OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	PROPOSED 12/31/2008 FUND EQUITY
100	GENERAL FUND	38,873,175	64,447,781	62,137,739	36,563,133	62,875,695	57,254,389	30,941,827
	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		01,111,101	0_,.0.,.00	00,000,000	0_,010,0000	01,201,000	00,011,021
175	Social Improvement	1,905,963	26,278,747	25,482,759	1,109,975	26,105,703	25,089,861	94,133
500	DEBT SERVICE FUND	387,026	3,298,800	3,298,800	387,026	3,148,111	3,148,111	387,026
	CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS							
600	Capital Improvements	13,891,130	18,419,881	6,410,423	1,881,672	5,503,979	5,503,979	1,881,672
802	Highway Road Improvement Fund	638,939	1,416,712	777,773	0	0	0	0
	ENTERPRISE FUND							
750	Solid Waste	13,445,076	5,097,619	3,188,280	11,535,737	3,723,800	2,452,800	10,264,737
800	Highway	29,319,005	29,077,941	30,010,310	30,251,374	29,734,462	29,419,462	29,936,374
	INTERNAL FUNDS							
850	Insurance	3,578,241	825,446	1,043,657	3,796,452	897,211	897,211	3,796,452
875	Employee Benefits	7,651,224	12,079,820	10,579,288	6,150,692	12,916,229	12,824,702	6,059,165
	DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT	UNIT						
700	Central Wiscosnin Airport	34,485,797	3,677,273	3,314,705	34,123,229	3,694,923	3,145,745	33,574,051
945	Special Education	1,212,449	3,957,128	3,811,298	1,125,139	4,120,890	4,120,890	1,125,139
	AGENCY FUND							
960	ARDC -CW	0	4,956,012	4,956,177	165	5,097,119	5,097,119	165

FINANCIAL POLICIES

CASH MANAGEMENT/INVESTMENT POLICY

The County has adopted a formal cash management policy, Resolution #R-142-88, that requires the Finance Department to:

Establish operating policies and procedures for processing and handling funds;

Monitor policy compliance;

Provide expert consultation on cash management related issues; and

Assist the County Treasurer develop an investment policy for Board approval and re-evaluate the policy periodically for any required changes.

The County has adopted a formal investment policy, Resolution #R-31-91, that requires the County Treasurer to invest public funds in accordance with the parameters set in state statute and to further restrict investment policy within specific guidelines. The resolution further requires the County Treasurer to provide for the safe-keeping of all assets in the portfolio.

Investment guidelines authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain agencies and instrumentalities, time deposits with maturities of not more than three years in any financial institution in Wisconsin, the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool, other qualifying investment pools and under certain restrictions Repurchase Agreements, Bankers' Acceptance, Commercial Paper, Medium Term Corporate Notes, and Negotiable and Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit.

The County maintains a cash management and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the agency fund. The deposits and investments of the agency fund are held separately from those of other County funds.

DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY (Section I)

The County has adopted a formal debt management policy, Resolution #R13-02, that will:

- Establish the appropriate use of debt
- Find alternative methods to pay debt service costs other than property tax levy
- Minimize the County's debt service and issuance costs
- Retain the highest practical credit rating
- Provide complete financial reporting and disclosure
- Promote economic stability to the County
- Maintain level, affordable and minimal annual debt service payments

REVENUE POLICY BOND

The County has adopted a formal revenue policy, Resolution #R42-04, that will:

• Create a diversified and stable revenue system will be maintained to shelter the County from short-run fluctuations in any one revenue

source.

- State one-time revenues will be used only for one time expenditures. The County will avoid using temporary revenues to fund on-going programs.
- Make all budget revenue forecasts be conservative and based on the most current information available.
- Require regular reports comparing actual to budgeted revenues will be prepared by the Finance Department and presented to the County Board.
- Insure all County funds shall be safely invested to provide a sufficient level of liquidity to meet cash flow needs and to provide the maximum yield possible in that order in accordance with the County's investment policy.
- State the County will consider the utilization of user charges in lieu of property taxes for services that can be individually identified and where the costs are directly related to the level of service. User fees will be reviewed during the annual budget process to ensure that related costs are recovered in accordance with County policy.
- The revenue policy assists the County in developing revenue assumptions that allow us to maximize revenues that offset expenditures.

CIP POLICY (Section J)

The County adopted its first five year C.I.P. in 1991, and continues to do so every year. Capital projects included in the CIP are defined as:

- An expenditure that is for a County department, operation or in the best interest of the County
- Generally non-recurring
- Has a cost of over \$25,000
- Has a service life of 7 years or more
- Rolling stock and equipment replacement that is of critical importance to the functioning of the department involved

Major sources of funding are:

- prior year fund balance
- current year tax levy
- bonding (borrowing)
- various other cost sharing arrangements
- operating revenues for enterprise funds that set a fee to cover the cost of operations and the cost to acquire, replace or expand current capital needs

RESOLUTION #R-70-07 Budget and Property Tax Levy Resolution

WHEREAS, the Wisconsin Department of Revenue delivers the Statistical Report on Equalized Value of Marathon County for 2007 and the Marathon County Board of Supervisors accepted the report on Thursday, November 15, 2007 which sets the Equalized Value of Marathon County for taxing purposes at \$8,943,537,550; and,

WHEREAS, for purposes of satisfying the requirements of the state imposed Tax Rate Freeze formula, this budget is in compliance with Wis. Statute 59.605; and,

WHEREAS, the County Board of Supervisors and the Finance and Property Committee have occasional requests to provide funding for community including allowable expenditures under various Wisconsin Statutes; and,

WHEREAS, the County is interested in a method of having the Finance and Property Committee review these requests on a timely basis; and,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED for the budget year 2008 that the sum of \$50,000 be authorized from the Contingent Fund and placed into a separate expenditure line item to be used by the Committee on a discretionary basis using a standard application process; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that any amendments subsequent to budget publications have resulted in the following changes and/or corrections to be incorporated as amendments into the proposed 2008 budget for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2008:

Budget Changes to Tax Levy	<u>Original</u>	Tax Levy <u>Will Be</u>	Tax Rate <u>Change</u>	Change
I. Operating Levy	44,593,638	44,745,527	151,889	.02
II. Special Purpose Levy	250,000	250,000	0	0
III. Debt Levy	3,250,000	3,098,111	(151,889)	(.02)
Budget Changes to Capital Improvement Plan	5,026,800	5,120,300	93,500	.01

Budget Changes from Separate Resolutions

Decrease the 2008 debt service by \$151,889-2008A debt service payment account 514 812 9 6110 debt principal Decrease 2008 debt service property tax revenues by \$151,889 general property taxes account 514 812 8 1110 Increase general fund property tax levy by \$151,889 general property taxes account 101 140 8 1110 Decrease general fund interest income by \$151,889 in account 101 140 8 8110 Increase expenditures in the 2008 Capital Improvement Budget by \$93,500 for trail portion of the Sunny Vale park Campground project in account 608 916 9 8290 Increase 2008 property tax levy revenues in the Capital Improvement Fund by adding the sum of \$93,500 to account 608 916 8 1110 Capital Improvements 2008 general property taxes Decrease property tax levy revenue in General Fund by \$93,500 in account 101 140 8 1110 general property taxes Increase General Fund interest income by \$93,500 in account 101 140 8 8110 interest income Increase \$222,927 to 101 223 9 1210 Traffic Patrol-Sheriff Wages-Permanent-Regular Increase \$3,000 to 101 223 9 3460 to Traffic Patrol-Sheriff-Clothing/Uniform, Increase \$2,211 to 101 223 9 5122 to Traffic Patrol-Sheriff-Insurance, Increase \$23,958 to 101 223 9 3510 Traffic Patrol-Sheriff-gasoline/maintenance Increase \$140,887 to Traffic Patrol-Sheriff capital/automotive equipment Increase \$382,983 to 101 140 8 1200 County Treasurer-sales tax revenue

Budget Changes to Non-tax Levy Department

Special F	ducation	(School fiscal	period Ju	IV 1. 2007	through.	June 30.	2008)
	uucation	(School liscal	penou su	liy 1, 2007	unough	June 30, 4	2000)

Revenues	- 0 -	4,120,890	None	None
Expenditures	- 0 -	4,120,890	None	None

AND, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Marathon County Board of Supervisors does hereby adopt the 2008 Marathon County Budget of \$158,261,105 including departmental appropriations, revenues and use of fund equity as proposed by the Finance and Property Committee during a series of budget meetings in October and as set forth in the attached document entitled, (BDGT1) Adopted Budget - Orgn 1 excluding Fund 998, and that the same budget passed and approved by appropriation unit and allocated from its present form and format as established by the Uniform Chart of Accounts for Wisconsin Counties as developed by the Wisconsin Departments of Revenue and Transportation, in programmatic format; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Marathon County Board of Supervisors does hereby authorize a property tax levy in the amount of \$48,093,638 in support of the 2008 budget and that the County Clerk is hereby directed to levy the required taxes against all the taxable property in Marathon County for every appropriation named therein except as otherwise provided and to levy special assessments and charges against the respective municipalities as provided by law; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that for the purpose of clarity the above referenced property tax levy includes:

An amount of \$3,900 levied under Wis. Statute Chapter 45 for the purpose of carrying out veterans needs; and

A tax in the amount of \$250,000 for county bridge tax as set forth in Wis. Statute 81.38 to be levied against the taxable property of Marathon County, excepting the Cities of Abbotsford and Colby, and the Villages of Birnamwood, Dorchester, Elderon, Rothschild, Spencer, Unity and Weston; and

A tax in the amount of \$3,445,886 for County library operations budget and \$363,336 for County library building maintenance tax as set forth in Wis. Statute 43.64(1) to be levied against the taxable property of Marathon County, excepting the Cities of Abbotsford, Colby, Marshfield and the Town of McMillan.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED AND UNDERSTOOD that the budget includes an appropriation of \$9,147,671 for North Central Health Care Facility (NCHCF); and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Board of Supervisors hereby authorizes and directs the Marathon County Clerk to issue checks pursuant to this resolution and the Marathon County Treasurer to honor said checks in payment of specific items included in this budget as provided by law and at the request of any organization for which appropriations have been made.

DATED: November 15, 2007.

FINANCE AND PROPERTY COMMITTEE

Fiscal Impact: This sets the 2008 Budget.

MARATHON COUNTY 2007-2008 REVENUE BUDGET SUMMARY BY FUND/ DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

		E	xcluding Tax Lev	у				Exclud	ing Tax Levy			Tax Levy Percent	Tax Levy Dollar
	2006 Actual	2007 Adopted	2007 Modified	2007 Estimate	2007 Tax Levy	Fund	2008 Requested	l Rec	2008 commended	2008 Adopted	2008 Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
	59,878,542	34,955,537	38,281,970	40,952,846	27,523,415	General	\$ 35,301,2		34,458,542	34,783,136	28,535,542	3.68%	
	25,963,498	18,325,185	18,387,576	19,016,033	7,302,724	Social Improvement	17,950,0		18,148,642	18,148,642	7,957,061	8.96%	654,337
	2,951,211	65,000	313,180	140,000	3,248,800	Debt	50,0		50,000	50,000	3,098,111	-4.64%	(150,689)
	13,533,855	5,145,962	21,033,783	19,556,087		Capital Improvements	5,410,4		5,410,479	5,410,479	93,500	0.00%	93,500
	2,827,720	4,889,849	4,889,849	5,697,619	_	Solid Waste	3,723,8		3,723,800	3,723,800		0.00%	-
	20,035,258	20,718,033	20,718,033	21,758,301	8,252,009	County Highway	21,025,0		21,340,038	21,325,038	8,409,424	1.91%	157,415
	862,588	2,550,000	7,670,000	2,566,712		Highway Road Improvement	21,020,0	-	-	-		0.00%	-
	1,054,159	825,446	825,446	1,043,657	_	Property & Casualty	855,7	711	897,211	897,211	_	0.00%	_
	10,638,732	12,079,820	12,079,820	10,670,815	-	Employee Benefits Insurance	12,917,2		12,916,229	12,916,229	-	0.00%	-
	10,000,102		.2,0.0,020 [Discretely Presented Component Units			12,010,220	.2,010,220		0.00,8	
	4,767,179	3,682,273	3,368,273	3,879,133	-	Central Wisconsin Airport	3,694,9	923	3,694,923	3,694,923	-	0.00%	-
	3,662,612	4,059,481	4,059,481	3,811,298	-	Special Education	4,120,8	390	4,120,890	4,120,890	-	0.00%	-
						Agency Fund							
	-	4,945,851	5,446,557	4,956,177	-	ADRC - CW	5,097,7	19	5,097,119	5,097,119	-	0.00%	-
\$ 1·	46,175,354	112,242,437	137,073,968	134,048,678	46,326,948	GRAND TOTAL	\$ 110,146,	514	109,857,873	110,167,467	48,093,638	3.81%	\$ 1,766,690

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 REVENUE BUDGET CATEGORY BY FUND/ DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Fund	Taxes	Intergov't Grants & Aid	Licenses & permits	Fines & Forfeits & Penalties	Public Charges for Services	Intergov't Charges for services	Miscellaneous Revenue	Other Financing Sources	Total Adopted Budget
General	\$ 39,184,675	10,773,232	258,660	824,000	4,260,662	1,007,469	1,244,342	5,765,638	63,318,678
Social Improvement	7,957,061	15,922,735	-	-	692,800	-	381,032	1,152,075	26,105,703
Debt	3,098,111	-	-	-	50,000	-	-	-	3,148,111
Capital Improvements	93,500	-	-	-	-	-	141,891	5,268,588	5,503,979
Solid Waste	-	31,000	-	-	2,130,200	-	291,600	1,271,000	3,723,800
County Highway	8,409,424	3,628,000	9,000	-	-	16,813,538	574,500	300,000	29,734,462
Highway Road Improvement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property & Casualty	-	-	-	-	-	731,961	165,250	-	897,211
Employee Benefits Insurance	-	-	-	-	23,000	-	12,796,702	96,527	12,916,229
Discretely Presented Component Units									
Central Wisconsin Airport	-	-	-	-	2,719,900	-	-	975,023	3,694,923
Special Education	-	1,036,478	-	-	-	2,841,826	242,586	-	4,120,890
Agency Fund									
ADRC - CW	-	3,426,660	-	-	110,472	761,087	480,600	318,300	5,097,119
TOTAL	\$ 58,742,771	34,818,105	267,660	824,000	9,987,034	22,155,881	16,318,503	15,147,151	158,261,105

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 REVENUE BUDGET SUMMARY BY FUND AND DEPARTMENT/ DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

						NTED COMPONE Highway		Property &	Employee	Central			
Department	General	Social Improvement	Debt	Capital Improvements	Solid Waste	Road Improvement	County Highway	Casualty Insurance	Benefit Insuranc	Wiscosnin Airport	Special Education	ADRC- CW	TOTAL
Administrator	\$ 518,022	Improvement	Dept	improvements	Waste	improvement	Tigriway	Insurance	Insuranc	Allport	Luucation		518,022
Aging & Disability Resource Center	• • • • • •	391,297										5,097,119	5,488,416
Building Maintenance	37,377	,										, ,	37,377
Capital Improvements	4,383,079			235,391									4,618,470
Clerk of Courts	1,871,800												1,871,800
Conservation, Planning & Zoning	3,162,347												3,162,347
Contingency													-
Corporation Counsel	237,196												237,196
County Board													-
County Clerk	311,925												311,925
Debt Service			3,148,111										3,148,111
District Attorney	323,110												323,110
Employee Resources	261,875												261,875
Employment & Training		2,511,045											2,511,045
Finance	61,600												61,600
Health	1,932,153												1,932,153
Highway							29,734,462						29,734,462
Insurance								897,211	12,916,229				13,813,440
Library	176,152												176,152
Medical Examiner	39,000												39,000
Park, Recreation & Forestry	1,628,462												1,628,462
Register of Deeds	923,769												923,769
Sheriff	875,914												875,914
Adult Correction Facility	652,300												652,300
Juvenile Detention Center	268,000												268,000
Shelter Home	75,927												75,927
Snowmobile/Cross County Ski	473,242												473,242
Social Services		23,203,361											23,203,361
Solid Waste					3,723,800								3,723,800
Support Other Agencies													-
Transfer Between Funds				5,268,588									5,268,588
Treasurer	45,035,733												45,035,733
UW Extension	52,795												52,795
Veterans Administration	16,900												16,900
Central Wisconsin Airport										3,208,120			3,208,120
Central Wisconsin Airport-Debt										486,803			486,803
Special Education											4,120,890		4,120,890
TOTALS	\$ 63,318,678	26,105,703	3,148,111	5,503,979	3,723,800	-	29,734,462	897,211	12,916,229	3,694,923	4,120,890	5,097,119	158,261,105

MARATHON COUNTY 2007-2008 EXPENSE BUDGET - SUMMARY BY FUND/ DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

2006 Actual	2007 Adopted	2007 Modified	2007 Estimate	Fund	2008 Requested	2008 Recommended	2008 Adopted	Percent Increase (Decrease)	Dollar Increase (Decrease)
\$ 60,424,210	62,478,952	65,805,385	64,447,781	General	\$ 64,168,900	62,935,695	63,318,678	1.34%	\$ 839,726
26,880,467	25,627,909	25,690,300	26,278,747	Social Improvement	26,979,210	26,105,703	26,105,703	1.86%	477,794
2,793,661	3,313,800	3,561,980	3,298,800	Debt	3,300,000	3,300,000	3,148,111	-5.00%	(165,689)
8,063,465	5,145,962	21,033,783	18,419,881	Capital Improvements	5,410,479	5,410,479	5,503,979	6.96%	358,017
2,928,216	4,889,849	4,889,849	5,097,619	Solid Waste	3,723,800	3,723,800	3,723,800	-23.85%	(1,166,049)
18,379,581	28,970,042	28,970,042	29,077,941	County Highway	31,139,462	29,749,462	29,734,462	2.64%	764,420
958,137	2,550,000	7,670,000	1,416,712	Highway Road Improvement	-	-	-	-100.00%	(2,550,000)
1,555,373	825,446	825,446	825,446	Property & Casualty	855,711	897,211	897,211	8.69%	71,765
9,957,059	12,079,820	12,079,820	12,079,820	Employee Benefits Insurance	12,917,229	12,916,229	12,916,229	6.92%	836,409
				Discretely Presented Component Units					
5,254,696	3,682,273	3,368,273	3,677,273	Central Wisconsin Airport	3,694,923	3,694,923	3,694,923	0.34%	12,650
3,749,922	4,059,481	4,059,481	3,957,128	Special Education	4,120,890	4,120,890	4,120,890	1.51%	61,409
				Agency Fund					
-	4,945,851	5,446,557	4,956,012	ADRC - CW	5,097,119	5,097,119	5,097,119	3.06%	151,268
\$ 140,944,787	158,569,385	183,400,916	173,533,160	GRAND TOTAL	\$ 161,407,723	157,951,511	158,261,105	-0.19%	\$ (308,280)

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 EXPENSE BUDGET - ACTIVITY BY FUND/ DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Fund	General Government	Public Safety	Transpor- tation	Health	Social Services	Leisure Activities & Education	Conservation & Economic Development	Debt Service	Capital Outlay	Other Financing Uses	Total Adopted Budget
General	\$ 26,847,816	18,340,056	-	4,448,581	224,116	7,640,266	1,209,764	-	225,000	4,383,079	63,318,678
Social Improvement	-	-	-	-	22,709,149	-	2,374,812	-	-	1,021,742	26,105,703
Debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,148,111	-	-	3,148,111
Capital Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,135,300	368,679	5,503,979
Solid Waste	-	-	-	3,671,800	-	-	-	-	-	52,000	3,723,800
County Highway	-	-	29,734,462	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,734,462
Highway Road Improvement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property & Casualty	897,211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	897,211
Employee Benefits Insurance	12,911,229	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	12,916,229
Discretely Presented Component Units											
Central Wisconsin Airport	-	-	2,782,275	-	-	-	-	486,803	-	425,845	3,694,923
Special Education	-	-	-	-	-	4,120,890	-	-	-	-	4,120,890
Agency Fund	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
ADRC - CW	-	-	-	-	5,097,119	-	-	-	-	-	5,097,119
TOTAL	\$ 40,656,256	18,340,056	32,516,737	8,120,381	28,030,384	11,761,156	3,584,576	3,634,914	5,360,300	6,256,345	158,261,105

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 EXPENSE BUDGET SUMMARY BY FUND AND DEPARTMENT/ DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

_		Social	-	Capital	Solid	NTED COMPONE Highway Road	County	Property & Casualty	Employee Benefit	Central Wiscosnin	Special	ADRC-	
Department Administrator	General	Improvement	Debt	Improvements	Waste	Improvement	Highway	Insurance	Insuranc	Airport	Education	CW	TOTAL
Aging & Disability Resource Center	\$ 1,509,531	391,297										5,097,119	1,509,531 5,488,416
	0.000.500	391,297										5,097,119	
Building Maintenance	2,293,523			5 500 070									2,293,523
Capital Improvements	225,000			5,503,979									5,728,979
Clerk of Courts	2,871,832												2,871,832
Conservation, Planning & Zoning	4,293,336												4,293,336
Contingency	700,000												700,000
Corporation Counsel	552,244												552,244
County Board	374,112												374,112
County Clerk	746,106												746,106
Debt Service			3,148,111										3,148,111
District Attorney	976,150												976,150
Employee Resources	871,448												871,448
Employment & Training		2,511,045											2,511,045
Finance	583,752												583,752
Health	4,448,581												4,448,581
Highway							29,734,462						29,734,462
Insurance	401,375							897,211	12,916,229				14,214,815
Library	3,622,038												3,622,038
Medical Examiner	190,968												190,968
Park, Recreation & Forestry	3,401,583												3,401,583
Register of Deeds	758,716												758,716
Sheriff	11,269,784												11,269,784
Adult Correction Facility	4,735,438												4,735,438
Juvenile Detention Center	1,096,492												1,096,492
Shelter Home	522,231												522,231
Snowmobile/Cross County Ski	499,535												499,535
Social Services		22,317,852											22,317,852
Solid Waste					3,723,800								3,723,800
Support Other Agencies	10,784,981	885,509											11,670,490
Transfer Between Funds	4,383,079												4,383,079
Treasurer	583,733												583,733
UW Extension	398,994												398,994
Veterans Administration	224,116												224,116
Central Wisconsin Airport										3,208,120			3,208,120
Central Wisconsin Airport-Debt										486,803			486,803
Special Education										,	4,120,890		4,120,890
TOTALS	\$ 63,318,678	26,105,703	3,148,111	5,503,979	3,723,800	-	29,734,462	897,211	12,916,229	3,694,923	4,120,890	5,097,119	158,261,105

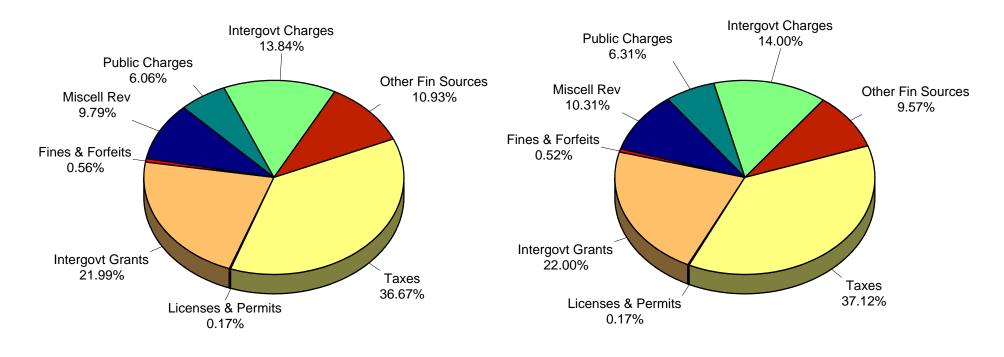
MARATHON COUNTY 1998-2008 REVENUE BUDGET HISTORY BY CATEGORY

Year	Taxes	Intergov't Grants & Aid	Licenses & permits	Fines & Forfeits & Penalties	Public Charges for Services	Intergov't Charges for services	Miscellaneous Revenue	Other Financing Sources	Total Adopted Budget
1998	34,978,066	29,518,258	156,000	623,700	8,224,757	15,508,961	10,007,428	27,513,141	126,530,311
1999	37,270,832	27,250,557	187,300	631,600	8,913,866	15,905,514	10,673,648	21,718,652	122,551,969
2000	41,153,300	29,967,217	183,300	613,100	9,264,941	16,815,570	11,111,546	8,460,476	117,569,450
2001	43,481,310	24,980,681	197,900	684,400	9,424,503	17,867,483	12,396,494	14,718,713	123,751,484
2002	45,526,129	35,495,728	206,755	725,950	8,631,523	19,637,788	13,574,574	19,620,748	143,419,195
2003	47,224,698	39,842,033	232,000	834,350	8,747,684	19,862,453	12,756,740	12,353,207	141,853,165
2004	49,228,950	33,317,153	242,800	987,350	8,959,143	18,202,966	12,315,373	38,447,925	161,701,660
2005	52,211,470	32,035,195	253,255	873,900	9,179,144	18,622,588	13,347,814	27,049,492	153,572,858
2006	53,717,194	31,904,017	254,355	878,800	9,207,691	19,852,628	15,137,847	19,750,036	150,702,568
2007	58,142,803	34,856,102	266,870	891,200	9,602,528	21,953,951	15,518,062	17,337,869	158,569,385
2008	58,742,771	34,818,105	267,660	824,000	9,987,034	22,155,881	16,318,503	15,147,151	158,261,105

MARATHON COUNTY Revenue Budget by Category

ADOPTED 2007

ADOPTED 2008



\$158,569,385

\$158,261,105

MARATHON COUNTY 2007-2008 REVENUE BUDGET BY CATEGORY IN CLASS

2006		2007				2008		Percent Increase	Dollar Increase
Actual	Adopted	Modified	Estimate	Account Name	Requested	Recommended	Adopted	(Decrease	(Decrease)
				Taxes					
\$ 44,864,559	46,326,948	46,326,948	46,326,948	Real & Personal Property	\$ 51,261,209	48,093,638	48,093,638	3.81%	\$ 1,766,690
11,149,636	11,437,855	11,437,855	11,520,300	Retail Sales & Use	11,058,150	9,883,150	10,266,133	-10.24%	(1,171,722)
85,113	48,000	48,000	64,000	Other Taxes	53,000	53,000	53,000	10.42%	5,000
933,247	330,000	330,000	450,000	Interest & Penalties on Taxes	330,000	330,000	330,000	0.00%	-
57,032,555	58,142,803	58,142,803	58,361,248	Taxes	62,702,359	58,359,788	58,742,771	1.03%	599,968
				Intergovernmental Grants and Aids					
5,989,625	5,892,191	5,892,191	7,123,094	State Shared Taxes	5,681,754	6,031,457	6,031,457	2.36%	139,266
3,776,816	2,557,275	2,706,664	2,414,054	Federal Grants	1,317,546	1,701,608	1,701,608	-33.46%	(855,667)
23,738,512	24,247,317	24,929,200	25,976,466	State Grants	24,861,484	24,586,033	24,586,033	1.40%	338,716
464,486	2,159,319	2,210,126	2,159,509	Grant from Other Local Govern	2,499,007	2,499,007	2,499,007	15.73%	339,688
33,969,439	34,856,102	35,738,181	37,673,123	Intergovernmental Grants and Aids	34,359,791	34,818,105	34,818,105	-0.11%	(37,997)
				Licenses and Permits	-				
29,002	28,670	28,670	28,680	Licenses	28,660	28,660	28,660	-0.03%	(10)
230,539	238,200	238,200	263,000	Permits	236,600	239,000	239,000	0.34%	800
259,541	266,870	266,870	291,680	Licenses and Permits	265,260	267,660	267,660	0.30%	790
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Fines Forfeits & Penalties					
742,897	891,200	891,200	906,000	Law & Ordinance Violations	814,000	824,000	824,000	-7.54%	(67,200)
742,897	891,200	891,200	906,000	Fines Forfeits & Penalties	814,000	824,000	824,000	-7.54%	(67,200)
				Public Charges for Services	-				
1,631,515	1,468,950	1,475,950	1,573,783	General Government	1,473,565	1,484,065	1,484,065	1.03%	15,115
1,495,960	1,179,884	1,194,134	1,207,687	Public Safety	1,196,834	1,196,834	1,196,834	1.44%	16,950
2,969,908	2,395,550	2,395,550	2,764,017	Other Transportation	2,727,560	2,727,560	2,727,560	13.86%	332,010
2,026,095	2,533,374	2,533,375	2,575,201	Health	2,607,069	2,607,069	2,607,069	2.91%	73,695
882,200	848,911	848,911	777,708	Social Services	726,972	791,972	791,972	-6.71%	(56,939)
127,115	79,264	79,264	125,000	Culture	79,264	81,500	81,500	2.82%	2,236
148,856	165,500	165,500	153,420	Recreation	176,534	176,534	176,534	6.67%	11,034
464,260	515,100	515,100	490,911	Public Areas	515,650	515,650	515,650	0.11%	550
22,538	22,595	29,595	29,595	Education	22,595	22,595	22,595	0.00%	-
607,858	390,750	590,750	729,082	Conservation	383,255	383,255	383,255	-1.92%	(7,495)
2,058	2,650	2,650	2,650	Economic Environment	-	-	-	-100.00%	(2,650)
10,378,363	9,602,528	9,830,779	10,429,054	Public Charges for Services	9,909,298	9,987,034	9,987,034	4.00%	384,506

	2006		2007				2008		Percent Increase	Dollar Increase
A	Actual	Adopted	Modified	Estimate	Account Name	Requested	Recommended	Adopted	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
					Intergov't Charges For Services	-				
\$	4,008,276	7,487,779	7,577,034	7,525,786	State and Federal	\$ 7,410,382	7,410,382	7,410,382	-1.03%	\$ (77,397
	1,135,923	10,263,140	10,263,140	10,404,928	Outside Districts	10,798,213	10,852,298	10,852,298	5.74%	589,158
	2,603,791	3,098,071	3,098,071	2,733,434	Schools & Special Districts	2,841,826	2,841,826	2,841,826	-8.27%	(256,245
	770,605	1,104,961	1,104,961	1,106,596	Local Departments	1,051,375	1,051,375	1,051,375	-4.85%	(53,586
	8,518,595	21,953,951	22,043,206	21,770,744	Intergov't Charges For Services	22,101,796	22,155,881	22,155,881	0.92%	201,930
					Miscellaneous Revenue					
	5,836,204	1,971,146	2,081,146	5,135,611	Interest & Dividends	2,275,884	2,282,185	2,223,796	12.82%	252,650
	413,146	511,637	511,637	654,300	Rent	657,752	657,752	657,752	28.56%	146,115
	214,096	143,200	144,906	215,921	Property Sales & Loss Comp	151,000	151,000	151,000	5.45%	7,800
1	11,049,921	12,892,079	13,005,885	11,350,673	Other Miscellaneous Revenue	13,365,880	13,285,955	13,285,955	3.06%	393,876
	903,350	-	-	-	Non-Operating Revenue	-	-	-	0.00%	-
1	18,416,717	15,518,062	15,743,574	17,356,505	Miscellaneous Revenue	16,450,516	16,376,892	16,318,503	5.16%	800,441
					Other Financing Sources					
	3,856,648	2,564,055	4,064,055	4,064,597	Gen Obligation Long-Term Debt	14,884	14,884	14,884	-99.42%	(2,549,171
1	13,000,601	5,302,796	12,656,769	5,753,521	Transfers From Other Funds	5,887,666	6,271,345	6,256,345	17.98%	953,549
	-	9,471,018	24,023,479	23,769,154	Transfers From Fund Balances	8,902,153	8,875,922	8,875,922	-6.28%	(595,096
1	16,857,249	17,337,869	40,744,303	33,587,272	Other Financing Sources	14,804,703	15,162,151	15,147,151	-12.64%	(2,190,718
\$ 14	46,175,356	158,569,385	183,400,916	180,375,626	GRAND TOTAL	\$ 161,407,723	157,951,511	158,261,105	-0.19%	\$ (308,280

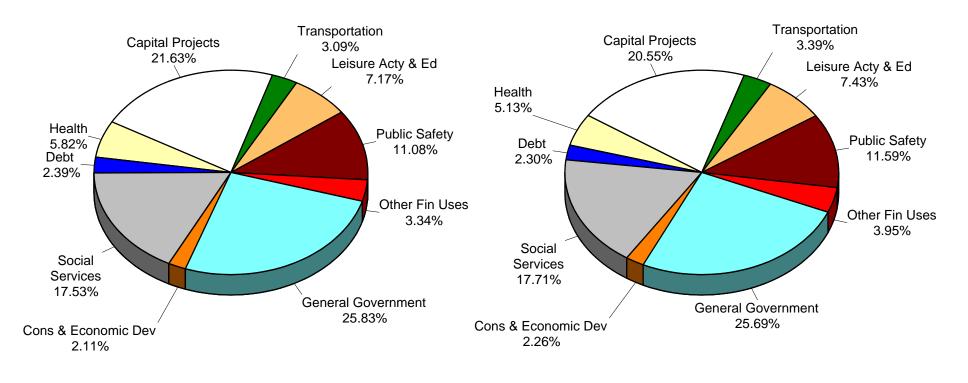
MARATHON COUNTY 1998-2008 EXPENSE BUDGET HISTORY BY ACTIVITY

Fund	General Government	Public Safety	Transpor- tation	Health	Social Services	Leisure Activities & Education	Conservation & Economic Development	Debt Service	Capital Outlay	Other Financing Uses	Total Adopted Budget
1998	22,383,855	11,581,140	29,160,828	6,200,529	13,677,326	9,512,422	8,000,927	4,909,694	15,490,637	5,612,953	126,530,311
1999	22,429,360	12,512,730	24,319,088	7,909,607	15,798,797	9,607,486	4,206,327	5,672,207	16,579,109	3,517,258	122,551,969
2000	24,829,996	12,374,152	27,354,860	7,652,203	17,306,432	9,333,723	6,455,823	6,134,053	3,825,857	2,302,351	117,569,450
2001	26,781,561	12,881,276	28,266,236	7,801,990	18,127,157	9,637,608	1,816,088	6,344,057	6,786,448	5,309,063	123,751,484
2002	27,824,556	13,341,733	35,033,642	8,107,088	21,121,793	9,798,287	4,468,184	6,072,340	9,189,773	8,461,799	143,419,195
2003	29,942,290	13,400,384	39,033,535	9,006,729	22,710,381	9,504,925	4,928,048	6,097,550	3,429,060	3,800,443	141,853,345
2004	31,374,977	14,827,076	40,254,299	6,990,750	21,933,155	10,086,217	4,010,767	4,990,998	8,865,072	18,368,349	161,701,660
2005	34,502,496	15,896,540	37,900,190	6,577,902	23,118,161	10,821,180	4,088,237	3,930,043	7,625,145	9,112,964	153,572,858
2006	37,739,451	16,715,304	32,188,115	6,759,796	23,770,052	10,875,163	3,060,560	3,252,090	8,006,138	8,335,899	150,702,568
2007	40,952,759	17,575,975	34,304,667	9,232,139	27,800,219	11,365,142	3,342,764	3,795,603	4,907,372	5,292,745	158,569,385
2008	40,656,256	18,340,056	32,516,737	8,120,381	28,030,384	11,761,156	3,584,576	3,634,914	5,360,300	6,256,345	158,261,105

MARATHON COUNTY Expense Budget by Activity

ADOPTED 2007

ADOPTED 2008



\$158,569,385

\$158,261,105

MARATHON COUNTY 2007-2008 EXPENSE BUDGET BY AGENCY WITHIN ACTIVITY

2006		2007				2008		Percent Increase	Dollar Increase
Actual	Adopted	Modified	Estimate	Account Name	Requested	Recommended	Adopted	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
		-		General Government	1			1	
\$ 342,183	364,989	364,989	364,989	Legislative	\$ 378,777	374,112	374,112	2.50%	. ,
2,986,552	2,928,981	2,955,491	2,957,515	Judicial	3,130,117	3,062,800	3,062,800	4.57%	133,819
470,735	426,706	459,418	461,270	Executive	446,420	793,420	793,420	85.94%	366,714
1,101,128	2,215,378	2,200,378	2,161,694	General Administration	2,289,554	2,317,554	2,317,554	4.61%	102,176
24,588,928	27,605,281	27,618,281	27,745,282	Financial Administration	26,104,535	26,162,281	26,162,281	-5.23%	(1,443,000)
1,161,277	1,426,778	1,448,557	1,448,557	Legal	1,539,394	1,528,394	1,528,394	7.12%	101,616
705,841	670,823	867,299	867,099	Property Records and Control	829,947	758,716	758,716	13.10%	87,893
2,452,452	3,099,543	3,459,608	3,453,608	Conservation Planning Zoning	3,432,237	3,365,456	3,365,456	8.58%	265,913
1,784,459	2,214,280	2,214,280	2,195,227	Other General Government	2,347,123	2,293,523	2,293,523	3.58%	79,243
35,593,555	40,952,759	41,588,301	41,655,241	General Government	40,498,104	40,656,256	40,656,256	-0.72%	(296,503)
				Public Safety					
9,879,066	10,056,773	10,138,031	10,035,419	Sheriff	11,425,649	10,657,325	11,040,308	9.78%	983,535
299,444	215,597	306,571	290,176	Emergency Ser & Disaster Ctrl	232,255	229,476	229,476	6.44%	13,879
5,137,609	5,779,255	5,898,658	5,127,863	Corrections - Adult	5,912,656	5,451,549	5,451,549	-5.67%	(327,706)
983,414	1,005,503	1,008,100	993,603	Corrections - Juvenile - Sheriff	1,103,292	1,096,492	1,096,492	9.05%	90,989
485,419	518,847	513,094	500,484	Shelter Home - Sheriff	528,031	522,231	522,231	0.65%	3,384
16,784,952	17,575,975	17,864,454	16,947,545	Public Safety	19,201,883	17,957,073	18,340,056	4.35%	764,081
				Transportation					
19,014,475	31,520,042	31,540,042	30,494,653	Highway	31,139,462	29,749,462	29,734,462	-5.66%	(1,785,580)
4,325,610	2,784,625	2,470,625	2,784,625	Central Wisconsin Airport	2,782,275	2,782,275	2,782,275	-0.08%	(2,350)
23,340,085	34,304,667	34,010,667	33,279,278	Transportation	33,921,737	32,531,737	32,516,737	-5.21%	(1,787,930)
				Health					
4,140,633	4,423,915	5,353,752	5,444,869	General Health	4,448,581	4,448,581	4,448,581	0.56%	24,666
2,511,019	4,808,224	4,808,224	4,808,224	Sanitation	3,671,800	3,671,800	3,671,800	-23.64%	(1,136,424)
6,651,652	9,232,139	10,161,976	10,253,093	Health	8,120,381	8,120,381	8,120,381	-12.04%	(1,111,758)

200	06	2007				2008			Percent Increase	Dollar Increase	
Actu	ual	Adopted	Modified	Estimate	Account Name	Requested	Recommended	Adopted	(Decrease)	(Decrease)	
Social Services											
\$ 21,2	244,042	21,683,204	21,699,602	22,282,712	Provided Serv/Admin-Soc Ser	\$ 23,191,359	22,317,852	22,317,852	2.93%	\$ 634,648	
2	201,097	212,758	222,780	209,558	Veterans	224,366	224,116	224,116	5.34%	11,358	
2,4	486,200	5,904,257	6,437,956	5,946,816	Older Americans	5,488,416	5,488,416	5,488,416	-7.04%	(415,841)	
23,9	931,339	27,800,219	28,360,338	28,439,086	Social Services	28,904,141	28,030,384	28,030,384	0.83%	230,165	
Leisure Activities & Education											
3,4	400,906	3,519,599	3,708,269	3,549,067	Library	3,688,430	3,622,038	3,622,038	2.91%	102,439	
3,0	032,450	3,402,237	3,538,087	3,347,692	Public Areas	3,649,234	3,619,234	3,619,234	6.38%	216,997	
3	333,058	383,825	446,154	402,729	University Extension Program	408,399	398,994	398,994	3.95%	15,169	
3,7	749,922	4,059,481	4,059,481	3,957,128	Special Education	4,120,890	4,120,890	4,120,890	1.51%	61,409	
10,5	516,336	11,365,142	11,751,991	11,256,616	Leisure Activities & Education	11,866,953	11,761,156	11,761,156	3.48%	396,014	
Conservation & Economic Development											
7	784,600	200,382	891,316	704,483	Forest Resources	281,884	281,884	281,884	40.67%	81,502	
7	783,043	979,411	1,016,819	1,012,774	Agricultural Resources	927,880	927,880	927,880	-5.26%	(51,531)	
	36,000	-	123,282	123,282	Economic Training	-	-	-	0.00%	-	
1,8	322,716	2,162,971	2,175,971	2,179,921	Employment & Training	2,374,812	2,374,812	2,374,812	9.79%	211,841	
3,4	426,359	3,342,764	4,207,388	4,020,460	Conservation & Ec Develop	3,584,576	3,584,576	3,584,576	7.23%	241,812	
					Debt Service						
3,2	261,215	3,795,603	4,043,783	3,775,603	Debt Redemption	3,786,803	3,786,803	3,634,914	-4.23%	(160,689)	
3,2	261,215	3,795,603	4,043,783	3,775,603	Debt Service	3,786,803	3,786,803	3,634,914	-4.23%	(160,689)	
Capital Projects											
4,4	438,692	4,907,372	18,778,300	18,162,768	Capital Projects	5,635,479	5,251,800	5,360,300	9.23%	452,928	
4,4	438,692	4,907,372	18,778,300	18,162,768	Capital Projects	5,635,479	5,251,800	5,360,300	9.23%	452,928	
Other Financing Uses											
13,0	000,601	5,292,745	12,633,718	5,743,470	Transfers to Other Funds	5,887,666	6,271,345	6,256,345	18.21%	963,600	
13,0	000,601	5,292,745	12,633,718	5,743,470	Other Financing Uses	5,887,666	6,271,345	6,256,345	18.21%	963,600	
\$ 140,9	944,786	158,569,385	183,400,916	173,533,160	Grand Total	\$ 161,407,723	157,951,511	158,261,105	-0.19%	\$ (308,280)	

MARATHON COUNTY EQUALIZED VALUE AND TAX RATES LAST FIFTEEN FISCAL YEARS

Levy Year	Settle- ment Year	Total Equalized Value (A)	Percent Change	Value of Tax Increment District (TID)	Total Equalized Value Minus TIDS (B)	Percent Change	Total Tax Levy	Percent Change	Tax Rates	Percent Change
1993	1994	3,475,064,100	8.11%	64,411,760	3,410,652,340	8.13%	21,006,795	7.97%	6.1592	-0.15%
1994	1995	3,759,816,500	8.19%	74,750,860	3,685,065,640	8.05%	22,893,158	8.98%	6.2124	0.86%
1995	1996	4,137,114,900	10.04%	95,004,060	4,042,110,840	9.69%	25,111,275	9.69%	6.2124	0.00%
1996	1997	4,508,550,900	8.98%	103,171,460	4,405,379,440	8.99%	27,349,954	8.92%	6.2083	-0.06%
1997	1998	4,810,137,600	6.69%	129,710,660	4,680,426,940	6.24%	29,068,916	6.29%	6.2107	0.04%
1998	1999	5,124,230,900	6.53%	156,401,260	4,967,829,640	6.14%	30,856,382	6.15%	6.2112	0.01%
1999	2000	5,542,877,100	8.17%	174,586,060	5,368,291,040	8.06%	33,363,392	8.12%	6.2149	0.05%
2000	2001	5,939,781,200	7.16%	200,826,560	5,738,954,640	6.90%	35,660,957	6.89%	6.2138	-0.01%
2001	2002	6,490,876,800	9.28%	231,208,960	6,259,667,840	9.07%	38,149,579	6.98%	6.0945	-1.90%
2002	2003	6,799,167,800	4.75%	254,558,260	6,544,609,540	4.55%	39,846,548	4.45%	6.0884	-0.11%
2003	2004	7,152,373,100	5.19%	221,917,650	6,930,455,450	5.90%	40,850,300	2.52%	5.8943	-3.19%
2004	2005	7,640,172,300	6.82%	266,425,050	7,373,747,250	6.40%	42,730,820	4.60%	5.7950	-1.68%
2005	2006	8,147,380,600	6.64%	357,090,950	7,790,289,650	5.65%	44,360,284	3.81%	5.6943	-1.74%
2006	2007	8,951,412,200	9.87%	462,643,450	8,488,768,750	8.97%	46,326,948	4.43%	5.4574	-4.16%
2007	2008	9,495,029,700	6.07%	551,492,150	8,943,537,550	5.36%	48,093,638	3.81%	5.3775	-1.47%

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax Statistical Report of Property Valuations; the Annual Audited Financial Statements and the Adopted Budgets for Marathon County

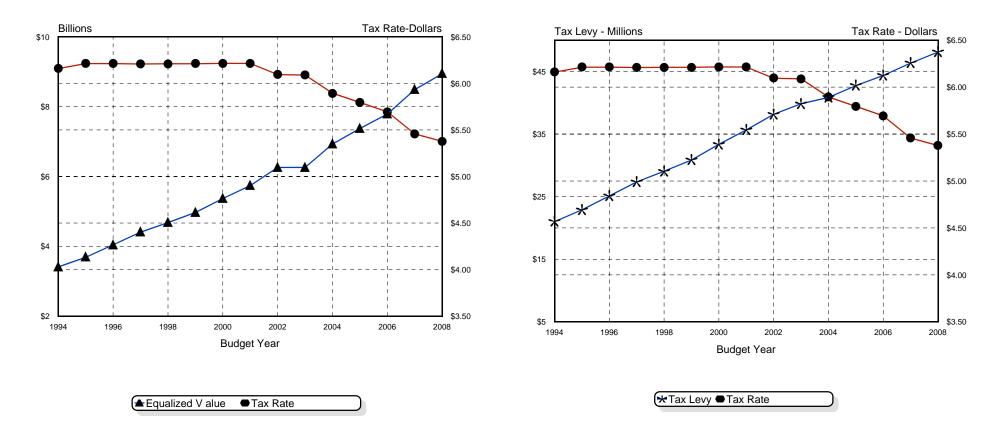
Notes: (A) Due to varying assessment policies in the municipalities, the County uses equalized value of taxable property for tax levy purposes. The equalized value ratios are determined by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax.

(B) Equalized values are reduced by Tax Increment Districts (TID) value increments for apportioning the County tax levy.

MARATHON COUNTY

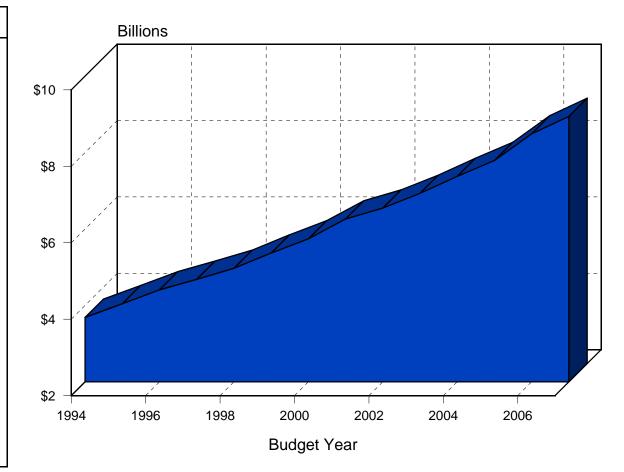
Equalized Value & Tax Rates

Tax Levy & Rates



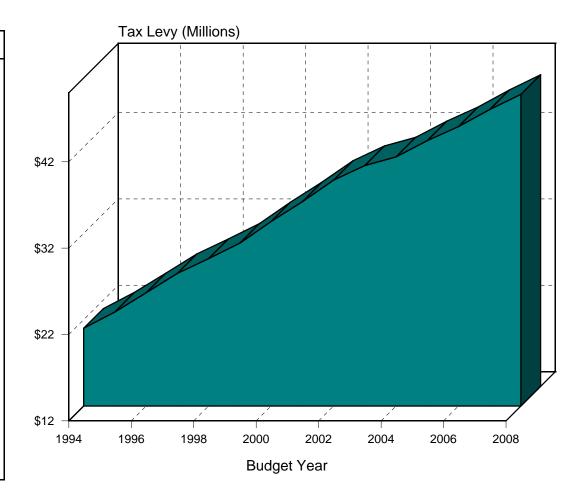
MARATHON COUNTY Equalized Value

Levy Year	Equalized Value
1994	3,685,065,640
1995	4,042,110,840
1996	4,405,379,440
1997	4,680,426,940
1998	4,967,829,640
1999	5,368,291,040
2000	5,738,954,640
2001	6,259,667,840
2002	6,544,609,540
2003	6,930,455,450
2004	7,373,747,250
2005	7,790,289,650
2006	8,488,768,750
2007	8,943,537,550

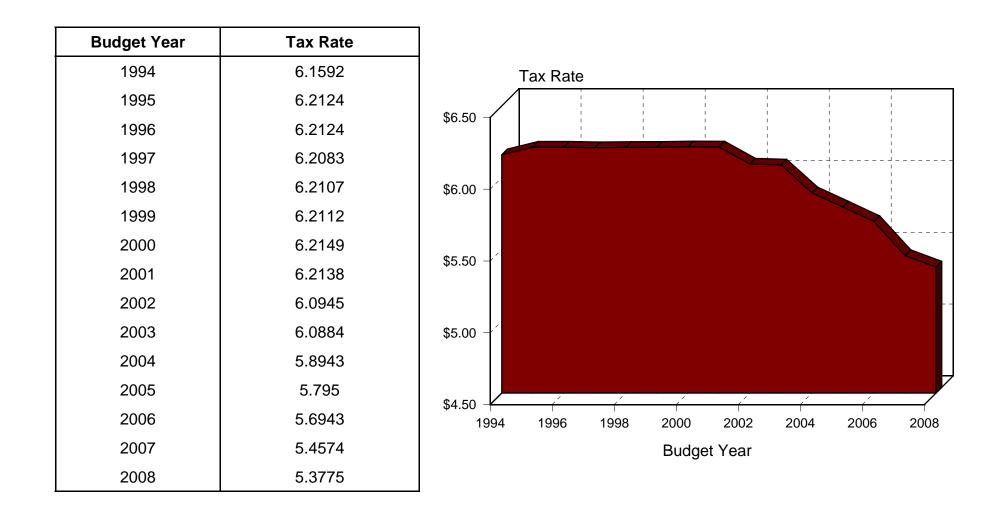


MARATHON COUNTY Tax Levy

Budget Year	Tax Levy
1994	21,006,795
1995	22,893,158
1996	25,111,275
1997	27,349,954
1998	29,068,916
1999	30,856,382
2000	33,363,392
2001	35,660,957
2002	38,149,579
2003	39,846,548
2004	40,850,300
2005	42,730,820
2006	44,360,284
2007	46,326,948
2008	48,093,638



MARATHON COUNTY Tax Rates



MARATHON COUNTY COLLECTED 2007-2008 MUNICIPALITIES TAX RATE AND LEVY COMPARISON

		2006 Tax Levy			2007 Tax Levy		Levy	Levy	Equalized	Equalized
	2006	to be		2007	to be		Dollar	Percent	Value	Value
	Equalized	Collected	Tax	Equalized	Collected	Tax	Increase	Increase	Dollar	Percent
Municipality	Value	in 2007	Rate	Value	in 2008	Rate	(Decrease)	(Decrease)	Increase	Increase
				T	OWN					
Bergen	59,809,900	327,644	5.4781	67,689,200	365,404	5.3983	37,760	11.52%	7,879,300	13.17%
Berlin	67,694,900	370,839	5.4781	73,744,700	398,093	5.3983	27,254	7.35%	6,049,800	8.94%
Bern	30,005,500	164,373	5.4781	33,319,500	179,867	5.3983	15,494	9.43%	3,314,000	11.04%
Bevent	84,470,300	462,736	5.4781	86,789,400	468,512	5.3983	5,776	1.25%	2,319,100	2.75%
Brighton	36,600,200	200,499	5.4781	38,613,000	208,443	5.3983	7,944	3.96%	2,012,800	5.50%
Cassel	58,370,800	319,761	5.4781	66,163,700	357,169	5.3983	37,408	11.70%	7,792,900	13.35%
Cleveland	93,018,300	509,563	5.4781	94,842,600	511,985	5.3983	2,422	0.48%	1,824,300	1.96%
Day	61,829,900	338,710	5.4781	69,370,300	374,479	5.3983	35,769	10.56%	7,540,400	12.20%
Easton	71,021,500	389,062	5.4781	75,559,500	407,890	5.3983	18,828	4.84%	4,538,000	6.39%
Eau Pleine	51,333,300	281,209	5.4781	56,151,100	303,118	5.3983	21,909	7.79%	4,817,800	9.39%
Elderon	49,859,900	273,137	5.4781	52,651,600	284,227	5.3983	11,090	4.06%	2,791,700	5.60%
Emmet	62,073,900	340,047	5.4781	68,406,500	369,276	5.3983	29,229	8.60%	6,332,600	10.20%
Frankfort	39,838,300	218,238	5.4781	43,364,000	234,090	5.3983	15,852	7.26%	3,525,700	8.85%
Franzen	39,416,200	215,926	5.4781	42,005,300	226,756	5.3983	10,830	5.02%	2,589,100	6.57%
Green Valley	55,130,800	302,012	5.4781	59,116,200	319,125	5.3983	17,113	5.67%	3,985,400	7.23%
Guenther	28,401,900	155,588	5.4781	30,766,200	166,084	5.3983	10,496	6.75%	2,364,300	8.32%
Halsey	34,336,600	188,099	5.4781	37,683,000	203,423	5.3983	15,324	8.15%	3,346,400	9.75%
Hamburg	52,664,700	288,502	5.4781	60,157,900	324,748	5.3983	36,246	12.56%	7,493,200	14.23%
Harrison	27,305,000	149,579	5.4781	28,492,400	153,809	5.3983	4,230	2.83%	1,187,400	4.35%
Hewitt	45,736,100	250,547	5.4781	51,770,800	279,472	5.3983	28,925	11.54%	6,034,700	13.19%
Holton	43,315,900	237,288	5.4781	45,958,300	248,095	5.3983	10,807	4.55%	2,642,400	6.10%
Hull	43,077,700	235,984	5.4781	44,841,400	242,066	5.3983	6,082	2.58%	1,763,700	4.09%
Johnson	45,153,600	247,356	5.4781	46,903,600	253,198	5.3983	5,842	2.36%	1,750,000	3.88%
Knowlton	189,254,100	1,036,750	5.4781	207,302,900	1,119,075	5.3983	82,325	7.94%	18,048,800	9.54%
Maine	177,027,200	969,771	5.4781	190,797,900	1,029,977	5.3983	60,206	6.21%	13,770,700	7.78%
Marathon	84,539,400	463,115	5.4781	91,774,600	495,423	5.3983	32,308	6.98%	7,235,200	8.56%
McMillan√	157,399,200	791,479	5.0285	172,460,300	854,772	4.9563	63,293	8.00%	15,061,100	9.57%
Mosinee	150,679,500	825,436	5.4781	158,966,800	858,144	5.3983	32,708	3.96%	8,287,300	5.50%
Norrie	67,190,900	368,078	5.4781	71,509,700	386,028	5.3983	17,950	4.88%	4,318,800	6.43%
Plover	44,915,700	246,052	5.4781	46,908,200	253,223	5.3983	7,171	2.91%	1,992,500	4.44%
Reid	90,331,000	494,841	5.4781	93,923,300	507,022	5.3983	12,181	2.46%	3,592,300	3.98%

		2006 Tax Levy			2007 Tax Levy		Levy	Levy	Equalized	Equalized
	2006	to be		2007	to be		Dollar	Percent	Value	Value
	Equalized	Collected	Tax	Equalized	Collected	Tax	Increase	Increase	Dollar	Percent
Municipality	Value	in 2007	Rate	Value	in 2008	Rate	(Decrease)	(Decrease)	Increase	Increase
Rib Falls	69,177,400	378,960	5.4781	82,706,300	446,470	5.3983	67,510	17.81%	13,528,900	19.56%
Rib Mountain	679,968,200	3,724,927	5.4781	701,127,500	3,784,869	5.3983	59,942	1.61%	21,159,300	3.11%
Rietbrock	46,332,500	253,814	5.4781	49,429,500	266,833	5.3983	13,019	5.13%	3,097,000	6.68%
Ringle	122,959,800	673,585	5.4781	134,099,700	723,905	5.3983	50,320	7.47%	11,139,900	9.06%
Spencer	86,164,600	472,018	5.4781	93,479,300	504,626	5.3983	32,608	6.91%	7,314,700	8.49%
Stettin	203,858,800	1,116,756	5.4781	222,476,000	1,200,983	5.3983	84,227	7.54%	18,617,200	9.13%
Texas	115,792,400	634,321	5.4781	122,137,400	659,330	5.3983	25,009	3.94%	6,345,000	5.48%
Wausau	151,857,000	831,887	5.4781	155,364,000	838,695	5.3983	6,808	0.82%	3,507,000	2.31%
Weston	44,408,100	243,272	5.4781	50,046,500	270,164	5.3983	26,892	11.05%	5,638,400	12.70%
Wien	47,508,500	260,256	5.4781	49,831,200	269,002	5.3983	8,746	3.36%	2,322,700	4.89%
TOWN TOTAL	\$ 3,709,829,500	20,252,017	5.6957	3,968,701,300	21,347,870	5.3791	1,095,853	5.41%	258,871,800	6.98%
				VIL	LAGE				· ·	
Athens	44,064,000	241,387	5.4781	47,672,500	257,349	5.3983	15,962	6.61%	3,608,500	8.19%
Birnamwood*	665,700	3,624	5.4436	693,900	3,723	5.3655	99	2.73%	28,200	4.24%
Brokaw	26,981,500	147,807	5.4781	23,099,800	124,699	5.3983	(23,108)	-15.63%	(3,881,700)	-14.39%
Dorchester*	107,800	587	5.4436	112,900	606	5.3655	19	3.24%	5,100	4.73%
Edgar	62,109,500	340,242	5.4781	63,075,600	340,499	5.3983	257	0.08%	966,100	1.56%
Elderon*	6,642,400	36,159	5.4436	6,981,600	37,460	5.3655	1,301	3.60%	339,200	5.11%
Fenwood	5,889,700	32,264	5.4781	5,848,100	31,570	5.3983	(694)	-2.15%	(41,600)	-0.71%
Hatley	27,022,900	148,034	5.4781	28,974,600	156,412	5.3983	8,378	5.66%	1,951,700	7.22%
Kronenwetter	398,816,600	2,184,754	5.4781	452,356,600	2,441,939	5.3983	257,185	11.77%	53,540,000	13.42%
Marathon	101,802,500	557,683	5.4781	101,102,200	545,776	5.3983	(11,907)	-2.14%	(700,300)	-0.69%
Rothschild*	344,754,900	1,876,714	5.4436	362,780,800	1,946,509	5.3655	69,795	3.72%	18,025,900	5.23%
Spencer*	82,415,300	448,637	5.4436	85,161,700	456,937	5.3655	8,300	1.85%	2,746,400	3.33%
Stratford	69,752,600	382,111	5.4781	70,953,800	383,027	5.3983	916	0.24%	1,201,200	1.72%
Unity*	7,179,200	39,081	5.4436	8,157,500	43,769	5.3655	4,688	12.00%	978,300	13.63%
Weston*	748,656,900	4,075,401	5.4436	789,413,500	4,235,616	5.3655	160,215	3.93%	40,756,600	5.44%
VILLAGE TOTAL	\$ 1,926,861,500	10,514,485	5.6933	2,046,385,100	11,005,891	5.3782	491,406	4.67%	119,523,600	6.20%
					CITY					_
Abbotsford*√	34,593,900	172,762	4.9940	41,442,100	204,044	4.9236	31,282	18.11%	6,848,200	19.80%
Colby*√	11,934,800	59,602	4.9940	12,160,700	59,874	4.9236	272	0.46%	225,900	1.89%
Marshfield√	91,130,500	458,248	5.0285	97,802,900	484,744	4.9563	26,496	5.78%	6,672,400	7.32%
Mosinee	272,672,900	1,493,727	5.4781	283,975,100	1,532,972	5.3983	39,245	2.63%	11,302,200	4.14%
Schofield	177,515,200	972,445	5.4781	180,650,200	975,197	5.3983	2,752	0.28%	3,135,000	1.77%
Wausau	2,264,230,450	12,403,662	5.4781	2,312,420,150	12,483,046	5.3983	79,384	0.64%	48,189,700	2.13%
CITY TOTAL	\$ 2,852,077,750	15,560,446	5.6932	2,928,451,150	15,739,877	5.3748	179,431	1.15%	76,373,400	2.68%
COUNTY TOTAL	\$ 8,488,768,750	46,326,948	5.6943	8,943,537,550	48,093,638	5.3775	1,766,690	3.81%	454,768,800	5.36%

*No Bridge Aid \sqrt{No} Library Tax

MARATHON COUNTY FIVE YEAR DEPARTMENT BUDGET COMPARISON 2004 - 2008

		Expenses			Revenues			Tax Levy	
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year
Administrator	/Justice System	Alternatives	(B 14-18, B20)						
2008	1,509,531	74,238	5.17%	103,802	(15,250)	-12.81%	1,405,729	89,488	6.80%
2007	1,435,293	433,009	43.20%	119,052	40,597	51.75%	1,316,241	392,412	42.48%
2006	1,002,284	28,541	2.93%	78,455	330	0.42%	923,829	28,211	3.15%
2005	973,743	190,555	24.33%	78,125	64,595	477.42%	895,618	125,960	16.37%
2004	783,188	490,222	167.33%	13,530	12,280	982.40%	769,658	477,942	163.84%
Aging & Disal	bility Resource (Center (F 9-15)							
2008	391,297	(567,109)	-59.17%	0	(697,224)	-100.00%	391,297	130,115	49.82%
2007	958,406	(1,485,006)	-60.78%	697,224	(1,610,968)	-69.79%	261,182	125,962	93.15%
2006	2,443,412	68,416	2.88%	2,308,192	53,344	2.37%	135,220	15,072	12.54%
2005	2,374,996	(138,515)	-5.51%	2,254,848	(143,132)	-5.97%	120,148	4,617	4.00%
2004	2,513,511	(368,160)	-12.78%	2,397,980	(327,692)	-12.02%	115,531	(40,468)	-25.94%
Building Main									
2008	2,293,523	79,243	3.58%	37,377	577	1.57%	2,256,146	78,666	3.61%
2007	2,214,280	63,940	2.97%	36,800	(100)	-0.27%	2,177,480	64,040	3.03%
2006	2,150,340	149,297	7.46%	36,900	0	0.00%	2,113,440	149,297	7.60%
2005	2,001,043	52,767	2.71%	36,900	0	0.00%	1,964,143	52,767	2.76%
2004	1,948,276	97,146	5.25%	36,900	0	0.00%	1,911,376	97,146	5.35%
Capital Impro	vements (J 2-1	1)							
2008	5,360,300	452,928	9.23%	5,041,800	359,428	7.68%	318,500	93,500	41.56%
2007	4,907,372	(3,098,766)	-38.70%	4,682,372	(3,148,766)	-40.21%	225,000	50,000	28.57%
2006	8,006,138	380,993	5.00%	7,831,138	502,494	6.86%	175,000	(121,501)	-40.98%
2005	7,625,145	(1,239,927)	-13.99%	7,328,644	(1,371,428)	-15.76%	296,501	131,501	79.70%
2004	8,865,072	5,436,012	158.53%	8,700,072	5,471,012	169.43%	165,000	(35,000)	-17.50%

		Expenses			Revenues		Tax Levy			
Doportmont	Expansos	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	
Department	Expenses it Courts (B 5-8	· /	Teal	Revenue	(Declease)	Teal	Levy	(Decrease)	Iedi	
2008	2,871,832	112,712	4.09%	1,871,800	(71,200)	-3.66%	1,000,032	183,912	22.53%	
2008	2,759,120	99,830	3.75%	1,943,000	76,700	4.11%	816,120	23,130	2.92%	
2007	2,659,290	40,108	1.53%	1,866,300	1,300	0.07%	792,990	38,808	5.15%	
2005	2,619,182	(63,038)	-2.35%	1,865,000	(60,450)	-3.14%	754,182	(2,588)	-0.34%	
2003	2,682,220	303,745	12.77%	1,925,450	147,500	8.30%	756,770	156,245	26.02%	
	Planning & Zor	,		1,525,450	147,000	0.0070	130,110	130,243	20.0270	
2008	4,293,336	214,382	5.26%	3,106,189	169,901	5.79%	1,187,147	44,481	3.89%	
2007	4,078,954	827,476	25.45%	2,936,288	806,463	37.87%	1,142,666	21,013	1.87%	
2006	3,251,478	237,902	7.89%	2,129,825	135,112	6.77%	1,121,653	102,790	10.09%	
2005	3,013,576	430,555	16.67%	1,994,713	341,476	20.65%	1,018,863	89,079	9.58%	
2004	2,583,021	2,583,021	0.00%	1,653,237	1,653,237	0.00%	929,784	929,784	0.00%	
Contingency		_,,		.,,	.,,					
2008	700,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	700,000	0	0.00%	
2007	700,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	700,000	0	0.00%	
2006	700,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	700,000	0	0.00%	
2005	700,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	700,000	0	0.00%	
2004	700,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	700,000	0	0.00%	
Corporation C	ounsel (B 48-5	i3)								
2008	552,244	23,751	4.49%	237,196	10,000	4.40%	315,048	13,751	4.56%	
2007	528,493	36,362	7.39%	227,196	13,829	6.48%	301,297	22,533	8.08%	
2006	492,131	7,148	1.47%	213,367	(1,366)	-0.64%	278,764	8,514	3.15%	
2005	484,983	(6,796)	-1.38%	214,733	(5,592)	-2.54%	270,250	(1,204)	-0.44%	
2004	491,779	(15,801)	-3.11%	220,325	16,082	7.87%	271,454	(31,883)	-10.51%	
County Board	of Supervisors	(B 2-4)								
2008	374,112	9,123	2.50%	0	0	0.00%	374,112	9,123	2.50%	
2007	364,989	8,244	2.31%	0	0	0.00%	364,989	8,244	2.31%	
2006	356,745	8,018	2.30%	0	0	0.00%	356,745	8,018	2.30%	
2005	348,727	7,265	2.13%	0	0	0.00%	348,727	7,265	2.13%	
2004	341,462	15,909	4.89%	0	0	0.00%	341,462	15,909	4.89%	

		Expenses			Revenues			Tax Levy	
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year
County Clerk	(B 21-26)								
2008	746,106	29,128	4.06%	311,925	16,675	5.65%	434,181	12,453	2.95%
2007	716,978	(5,896)	-0.82%	295,250	57,245	24.05%	421,728	(63,141)	-13.02%
2006	722,874	24,503	3.51%	238,005	63,550	36.43%	484,869	(39,047)	-7.45%
2005	698,371	(119,737)	-14.64%	174,455	(69,545)	-28.50%	523,916	(50,192)	-8.74%
2004	818,108	(822)	-0.10%	244,000	0	0.00%	574,108	(822)	-0.14%
Debt Service	(2)				·				
2008	3,148,111	(165,689)	-5.00%	50,000	(15,000)	-23.08%	3,098,111	(150,689)	-4.64%
2007	3,313,800	538,800	19.42%	65,000	15,000	30.00%	3,248,800	523,800	19.22%
2006	2,775,000	(683,230)	-19.76%	50,000	0	0.00%	2,725,000	(683,230)	-20.05%
2005	3,458,230	(813,669)	-19.05%	50,000	(356,899)	-87.71%	3,408,230	(456,770)	-11.82%
2004	4,271,899	(1,064,266)	-19.94%	406,899	734	0.18%	3,865,000	(1,065,000)	-21.60%
District Attorn	ney (B 54-59)								
2008	976,150	77,865	8.67%	247,804	(10,476)	-4.06%	728,346	88,341	13.80%
2007	898,285	29,501	3.40%	258,280	5,155	2.04%	640,005	24,346	3.95%
2006	868,784	(52,315)	-5.68%	253,125	(71,117)	-21.93%	615,659	18,802	3.15%
2005	921,099	113,643	14.07%	324,242	47,877	17.32%	596,857	65,766	12.38%
2004	807,456	151,003	23.00%	276,365	120,904	77.77%	531,091	30,099	6.01%
Employee Re	sources (B 27-3	61)					-		
2008	871,448	73,048	9.15%	111,875	9,875	9.68%	759,573	63,173	9.07%
2007	798,400	17,369	2.22%	102,000	400	0.39%	696,400	16,969	2.50%
2006	781,031	20,451	2.69%	101,600	(300)	-0.29%	679,431	20,751	3.15%
2005	760,580	12,500	1.67%	101,900	0	0.00%	658,680	12,500	1.93%
2004	748,080	(83,120)	-10.00%	101,900	(75,000)	-42.40%	646,180	(8,120)	-1.24%
Employment	& Training (H 7-	-12)							
2008	2,511,045	167,351	7.14%	2,484,333	167,351	7.22%	26,712	0	0.00%
2007	2,343,694	307,995	15.13%	2,316,982	307,995	15.33%	26,712	0	0.00%
2006	2,035,699	(717,087)	-26.05%	2,008,987	(717,087)	-26.30%	26,712	0	0.00%
2005	2,752,786	(192,772)	-6.54%	2,726,074	(192,772)	-6.60%	26,712	0	0.00%
2004	2,945,558	(286,668)	-8.87%	2,918,846	(271,079)	-8.50%	26,712	(15,589)	-36.85%

		Expenses			Revenues		Tax Levy			
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	
<u> </u>	2-37)	· · · ·	_		· · · ·		,			
2008	583,752	22,379	3.99%	61,600	7,600	14.07%	522,152	14,779	2.91%	
2007	561,373	11,904	2.17%	54,000	0	0.00%	507,373	11,904	2.40%	
2006	549,469	5,838	1.07%	54,000	340	0.63%	495,469	5,498	1.12%	
2005	543,631	18,652	3.55%	53,660	1	0.00%	489,971	18,651	3.96%	
2004	524,979	28,179	5.67%	53,659	0	0.00%	471,320	28,179	6.36%	
Finance-Gene	ral County Insu	rance (B 38)								
2008	401,375	(18,994)	-4.52%	0	0	0.00%	401,375	(18,994)	-4.52%	
2007	420,369	(5,409)	-1.27%	0	0	0.00%	420,369	(5,409)	-1.27%	
2006	425,778	(3,876)	-0.90%	0	0	0.00%	425,778	(3,876)	-0.90%	
2005	429,654	16,982	4.12%	0	0	0.00%	429,654	16,982	4.12%	
2004	412,672	62,999	18.02%	0	0	0.00%	412,672	62,999	18.02%	
Forestry										
2007	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2007	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2006	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2004	0	(657,297)	-100.00%	0	(598,163)	-100.00%	0	(59,134)	-100.00%	
Health (E 2-6)										
2008	4,448,581	24,666	0.56%	1,932,153	(47,280)	-2.39%	2,516,428	71,946	2.94%	
2007	4,423,915	485,279	12.32%	1,979,433	467,557	30.93%	2,444,482	17,722	0.73%	
2006	3,938,636	67,734	1.75%	1,511,876	68,691	4.76%	2,426,760	(957)	-0.04%	
2005	3,870,902	132,211	3.54%	1,443,185	38,889	2.77%	2,427,717	93,322	4.00%	
2004	3,738,691	483,829	14.86%	1,404,296	377,993	36.83%	2,334,395	105,836	4.75%	
	2-8)									
2008	29,734,462	(1,785,580)	-5.66%	21,325,038	(1,942,995)	-8.35%	8,409,424	157,415	1.91%	
2007	31,520,042	1,874,581	6.32%	23,268,033	1,767,878	8.22%	8,252,009	106,703	1.31%	
2006	29,645,461	(5,679,840)	-16.08%	21,500,155	(5,850,763)	-21.39%	8,145,306	170,923	2.14%	
2005	35,325,301	(2,445,544)	-6.47%	27,350,918	(2,768,974)	-9.19%	7,974,383	323,430	4.23%	
2004	37,770,845	965,071	2.62%	30,119,892	690,215	2.35%	7,650,953	274,856	3.73%	

		F			Devenues		Tax Low			
		Expenses Increase	% over Previous		Revenues Increase	% over Previous	Тах	Tax Levy Increase	% over Previous	
Department	Expenses	(Decrease)	Year	Revenue	(Decrease)	Year	Levy	(Decrease)	Year	
Insurance (B	40-41)									
2008	13,813,440	908,174	7.04%	13,813,440	908,174	7.04%	0	0	0.00%	
2007	12,905,266	109,313	0.85%	12,905,266	109,313	0.85%	0	0	0.00%	
2006	12,795,953	1,390,321	12.19%	12,795,953	1,390,321	12.19%	0	0	0.00%	
2005	11,405,632	1,353,101	13.46%	11,405,632	1,353,101	13.46%	0	0	0.00%	
2004	10,052,531	1,389,835	16.04%	10,052,531	1,389,835	16.04%	0	0	0.00%	
Land Conserv	1									
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2007	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2006	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2004	0	(1,181,272)	-100.00%	0	(1,005,910)	-100.00%	0	(175,362)	-100.00%	
Library (G 2-										
2008	3,622,038	102,439	2.91%	176,152	2,236	1.29%	3,445,886	100,203	2.99%	
2007	3,519,599	78,785	2.29%	173,916	(2,816)	-1.59%	3,345,683	81,601	2.50%	
2006	3,440,814	78,870	2.35%	176,732	(20,809)	-10.53%	3,264,082	99,679	3.15%	
2005	3,361,944	81,622	2.49%	197,541	(30,557)	-13.40%	3,164,403	112,179	3.68%	
2004	3,280,322	59,527	1.85%	228,098	59,527	35.31%	3,052,224	0	0.00%	
Medical Exam	iner (B 9-13)									
2008	190,968	21,107	12.43%	39,000	3,800	10.80%	151,968	17,307	12.85%	
2007	169,861	21,789	14.72%	35,200	8,800	33.33%	134,661	12,989	10.68%	
2006	148,072	10,104	7.32%	26,400	6,400	32.00%	121,672	3,704	3.14%	
2005	137,968	(3,557)	-2.51%	20,000	0	0.00%	117,968	(3,557)	-2.93%	
2004	141,525	10,397	7.93%	20,000	20,000	0.00%	121,525	(9,603)	-7.32%	
Parks, Recrea	tion & Forestry	(G 7-14, H 2-5)								
2008	3,305,549	176,828	5.65%	1,528,071	120,931	8.59%	1,777,478	55,897	3.25%	
2007	3,128,721	(124,450)	-3.83%	1,407,140	(205,366)	-12.74%	1,721,581	80,916	4.93%	
2006	3,253,171	110,546	3.52%	1,612,506	54,700	3.51%	1,640,665	55,846	3.52%	
2005	3,142,625	125,799	4.17%	1,557,806	41,757	2.75%	1,584,819	84,042	5.60%	
2004	3,016,826	740,407	32.53%	1,516,049	758,687	100.17%	1,500,777	(18,280)	-1.20%	

-		Expenses			Revenues			Tax Levy	
			% over			% over			% over
	_	Increase	Previous		Increase	Previous	Тах	Increase	Previous
Department	Expenses	(Decrease)	Year	Revenue	(Decrease)	Year	Levy	(Decrease)	Year
Planning									
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2007	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2006	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2004	0	(1,937,224)	-100.00%	0	(1,019,030)	-100.00%	0	(918,194)	-100.00%
Register of De									
2008	758,716	87,893	13.10%	923,769	91,064	10.94%	(165,053)	(3,171)	-1.96%
2007	670,823	16,857	2.58%	832,705	12,705	1.55%	(161,882)	4,152	2.50%
2006	653,966	14,377	2.25%	820,000	9,250	1.14%	(166,034)	5,127	3.00%
2005	639,589	102,654	19.12%	810,750	95,531	13.36%	(171,161)	7,123	4.00%
2004	536,935	22,985	4.47%	715,219	15,760	2.25%	(178,284)	7,225	3.89%
Sheriff/Emerg	<mark>ency Governme</mark>								
2008	11,269,784	997,414	9.71%	873,414	(1,114)	-0.13%	10,396,370	998,528	10.63%
2007	10,272,370	241,546	2.41%	874,528	115,127	15.16%	9,397,842	126,419	1.36%
2006	10,030,824	358,186	3.70%	759,401	(103,531)	-12.00%	9,271,423	461,717	5.24%
2005	9,672,638	616,363	6.81%	862,932	233,364	37.07%	8,809,706	382,999	4.55%
2004	9,056,275	661,953	7.89%	629,568	92,911	17.31%	8,426,707	569,042	7.24%
Sheriff-Adult	Correction Facil								
2008	4,735,438	(35,230)	-0.74%	652,300	(10,504)	-1.58%	4,083,138	(24,726)	-0.60%
2007	4,770,668	231,837	5.11%	662,804	(121,300)	-15.47%	4,107,864	353,137	9.41%
2006	4,538,831	417,005	10.12%	784,104	74,397	10.48%	3,754,727	342,608	10.04%
2005	4,121,826	172,155	4.36%	709,707	50,500	7.66%	3,412,119	121,655	3.70%
2004	3,949,671	247,176	6.68%	659,207	51,560	8.49%	3,290,464	195,616	6.32%
Sheriff-Juveni	ile Detention Ce	nter (C 13-14)							
2008	1,096,492	90,989	9.05%	268,000	(30,500)	-10.22%	828,492	121,489	17.18%
2007	1,005,503	21,892	2.23%	298,500	(12,000)	-3.86%	707,003	33,892	5.04%
2006	983,611	58,004	6.27%	310,500	110,500	55.25%	673,111	(52,496)	-7.23%
2005	925,607	47,838	5.45%	200,000	84,500	73.16%	725,607	(36,662)	-4.81%
2004	877,769	(50,151)	-5.40%	115,500	(81,500)	-41.37%	762,269	31,349	4.29%

			I							
		Expenses			Revenues		Tax Levy			
Demontración	F	Increase	% over Previous	D	Increase	% over Previous	Тах	Increase	% over Previous	
Department	Expenses	(Decrease)	Year	Revenue	(Decrease)	Year	Levy	(Decrease)	Year	
	r Home (C 15-1		0.050/	75 007	(47,450)	00.40%	1 10 00 1	50.007	40.05%	
2008	522,231	3,384	0.65%	75,927	(47,453)	-38.46%	446,304	50,837	12.85%	
2007	518,847	28,286	5.77%	123,380	(4,320)	-3.38%	395,467	32,606	8.99%	
2006	490,561	(32,721)	-6.25%	127,700	41,500	48.14%	362,861	(74,221)	-16.98%	
2005	523,282	54,590	11.65%	86,200	11,000	14.63%	437,082	43,590	11.08%	
2004	468,692	93,045	24.77%	75,200	7,400	6166.67%	393,492	19,045	5.09%	
		Ski Trail\ATV (G	25.67%	500.070	407 500	00.070/	00,000	(5.005)	40.040/	
2008	595,569	121,671		569,276	127,536	28.87%	26,293	(5,865)	-18.24%	
2007	473,898	39,312	9.05%	441,740	39,659	9.86%	32,158	(347)	-1.07%	
2006	434,586	(15,217)	-3.38%	402,081	(1,699)	-0.42%	32,505	(13,518)	-29.37%	
2005	449,803	18,884	4.38%	403,780	15,325	3.95%	46,023	3,559	8.38%	
2004	430,919	111,391	34.86%	388,455	130,715	50.72%	42,464	(19,324)	-31.27%	
	es\Child Suppor 22,317,852	634,648	2.93%	14 770 000	110 426	0.75%	7,539,052	524,222	7.47%	
2008 2007	22,317,852	562,262	2.93%	14,778,800 14,668,374	110,426 337,510	2.36%	7,014,830	524,222 224,752	3.31%	
	, ,	,		, ,				,		
2006 2005	21,120,942 20,543,341	577,601	2.81%	14,330,864	352,139	2.52% 8.77%	6,790,078 6,564,616	225,462 189,384	<u>3.43%</u> 2.97%	
2005	19,227,019	1,316,322 (437,685)	6.85% -2.23%	13,978,725 12,851,787	1,126,938 (839,762)	-6.13%	6,375,232	402,077	<u> </u>	
Solid Waste (, ,	(437,003)	-2.23%	12,001,707	(039,702)	-0.13%	0,375,232	402,077	0.73%	
2008	3,723,800	(1,166,049)	-23.85%	3,723,800	(1,166,049)	-23.85%	0	0	0.00%	
2008	4,889,849	1,956,319	-23.85% 66.69%	4,889,849	1,956,319	-23.85% 66.69%	0	0	0.00%	
2007	2,933,530	116,960	4.15%	2,933,530	116,960	4.15%	0	0	0.00%	
2008	2,933,530	(559,954)	-16.58%	2,933,530	(559,954)	-16.58%	0	0	0.00%	
2003	3,376,524	(2,375,343)	-41.30%	3,376,524	(2,375,343)	-41.30%	0	0	0.00%	
Solid Waste D	, ,	(2,375,343)	-41.30%	3,370,324	(2,375,343)	-41.30%	0	0	0.00%	
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2007	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2005	0	(256,332)	-100.00%	0	(256,332)	-100.00%	0	0	0.00%	
2004	U	(200,332)	-100.00%	0	(200,332)	-100.00%	0	0	0.00%	

		Expenses			Revenues		Tax Levy			
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	
		e pages A73 thro	ough A75) (B 3	9)						
2008	10,784,981	(2,349,173)	-17.89%	0	0	0.00%	10,784,981	(2,349,173)	-17.89%	
2007	13,134,154	2,144,605	19.51%	0	0	0.00%	13,134,154	2,144,605	19.51%	
2006	10,989,549	944,763	9.41%	0	0	0.00%	10,989,549	944,763	9.41%	
2005	10,044,786	1,291,679	14.76%	0	0	0.00%	10,044,786	1,291,679	14.76%	
2004	8,753,107	420,022	5.04%	0	0	0.00%	8,753,107	420,022	5.04%	
Transfers Bet	ween Funds (K	(2)								
2008	5,637,267	1,027,715	22.30%	5,637,267	1,027,715	22.30%	0	0	0.00%	
2007	4,609,552	(3,085,785)	-40.10%	4,609,552	(3,085,785)	-40.10%	0	0	0.00%	
2006	7,695,337	(684,527)	-8.17%	7,695,337	(684,527)	-8.17%	0	0	0.00%	
2005	8,379,864	(9,103,858)	-52.07%	8,379,864	(9,103,858)	-52.07%	0	0	0.00%	
2004	17,483,722	14,258,662	442.12%	17,483,722	14,258,662	442.12%	0	0	0.00%	
Treasurer (B	42-47)									
2008	583,733	(5,386)	-0.91%	17,206,632	(1,381,741)	-7.43%	(16,622,899)	1,376,355	7.65%	
2007	589,119	77,462	15.14%	18,588,373	2,561,447	15.98%	(17,999,254)	(2,483,985)	-16.01%	
2006	511,657	(33,829)	-6.20%	16,026,926	65,165	0.41%	(15,515,269)	(98,994)	-0.64%	
2005	545,486	(2,164)	-0.40%	15,961,761	759,480	5.00%	(15,416,275)	(761,644)	-5.20%	
2004	547,650	69,056	14.43%	15,202,281	209,556	1.40%	(14,654,631)	(140,500)	-0.97%	
UW-Extension	i (G 17-22)									
2008	398,994	15,169	3.95%	52,795	3,200	6.45%	346,199	11,969	3.58%	
2007	383,825	9,708	2.59%	49,595	1,069	2.20%	334,230	8,639	2.65%	
2006	374,117	12,151	3.36%	48,526	6,311	14.95%	325,591	5,840	1.83%	
2005	361,966	31,180	9.43%	42,215	23,292	123.09%	319,751	7,888	2.53%	
2004	330,786	4,729	1.45%	18,923	6,000	46.43%	311,863	(1,271)	-0.41%	
Veterans Adm	inistration (F 1	16-20)								
2008	224,116	11,358	5.34%	13,000	0	0.00%	211,116	11,358	5.69%	
2007	212,758	7,060	3.43%	13,000	0	0.00%	199,758	7,060	3.66%	
2006	205,698	5,874	2.94%	13,000	0	0.00%	192,698	5,874	3.14%	
2005	199,824	7,199	3.74%	13,000	0	0.00%	186,824	7,199	4.01%	
2004	192,625	20,634	12.00%	13,000	0	0.00%	179,625	20,634	12.98%	

		Expenses			Revenues			Tax Levy			
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year		
Zoning	· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · ·						
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2007	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2006	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2004	0	(707,339)	-100.00%	0	(405,636)	-100.00%	0	(301,703)	-100.00%		
Central Wisco	onsin Airport (D	9-12)									
2008	3,208,120	7,650	0.24%	3,208,120	7,650	0.24%	0	0	0.00%		
2007	3,200,470	242,711	8.21%	3,200,470	242,711	8.21%	0	0	0.00%		
2006	2,957,759	(26,108)	-0.87%	2,957,759	(26,108)	-0.87%	0	0	0.00%		
2005	2,983,867	98,425	3.41%	2,983,867	98,425	3.41%	0	0	0.00%		
2004	2,885,442	263,516	10.05%	2,885,442	263,516	10.05%	0	0	0.00%		
Central Wisco	onsin Airport De										
2008	486,803	5,000	1.04%	486,803	5,000	1.04%	0	0	0.00%		
2007	481,803	4,713	0.99%	481,803	4,713	0.99%	0	0	0.00%		
2006	477,090	5,277	1.12%	477,090	5,277	1.12%	0	0	0.00%		
2005	471,813	(247,286)	-34.39%	471,813	(247,286)	-34.39%	0	0	0.00%		
2004	719,099	214,046	42.38%	719,099	214,046	42.38%	0	0	0.00%		
Special Educa	ation (G 23-29)										
2008	4,120,890	61,409	1.51%	4,120,890	61,409	1.51%	0	0	0.00%		
2007	4,059,481	197,531	5.11%	4,059,481	197,531	5.11%	0	0	0.00%		
2006	3,861,950	(80,528)	-2.04%	3,861,950	(80,528)	-2.04%	0	0	0.00%		
2005	3,942,478	515,074	15.03%	3,942,478	515,074	15.03%	0	0	0.00%		
2004	3,427,404	65,278	1.94%	3,427,404	65,278	1.94%	0	0	0.00%		
ADRC - CW (I											
2008	5,097,119	151,268	100.00%	5,097,119	151,268	100.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2007	4,945,851	4,945,851	100.00%	4,945,851	4,945,851	100.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2006	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2004	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		

		Expenses			Revenues		Tax Levy			
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	
Totals					<u> </u>					
2008	158,261,105	(308,280)	-0.19%	110,167,467	(2,074,970)	-1.85%	48,093,638	1,766,690	3.81%	
2007	158,569,385	7,866,817	5.22%	112,242,437	5,900,153	5.55%	46,326,948	1,966,664	4.43%	
2006	150,702,568	(2,870,290)	-1.87%	106,342,284	(4,499,754)	-4.06%	44,360,284	1,629,464	3.81%	
2005	153,572,858	(8,128,802)	-5.03%	110,842,038	(10,009,322)	-8.28%	42,730,820	1,880,520	4.60%	
2004	161,701,660	19,848,315	13.99%	120,851,360	18,844,563	18.47%	40,850,300	1,003,752	2.52%	

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MARATHON COUNTY FIVE YEAR SUPPORT FOR OTHER AGENCIES COMPARISON 2004 - 2008

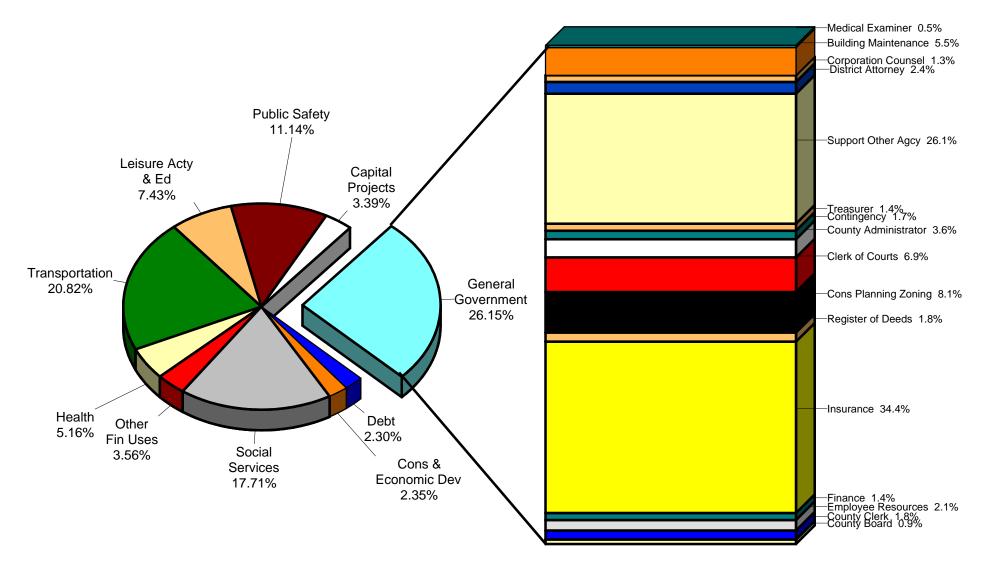
		Expenses			Revenues			Tax Levy	
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year
Badger State	Games			-		-	_		
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2007	0	(18,000)	-100.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	(18,000)	-100.00%
2006	18,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	18,000	0	0.00%
2005	18,000	6,000	50.00%	0	0	0.00%	18,000	6,000	50.00%
2004	12,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	12,000	0	0.00%
Community A	ction								
2008	33,095	807	2.50%	0	0	0.00%	33,095	807	2.50%
2007	32,288	788	2.50%	0	0	0.00%	32,288	788	2.50%
2006	31,500	1,500	5.00%	0	0	0.00%	31,500	1,500	5.00%
2005	30,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	30,000	0	0.00%
2004	30,000	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	30,000	0	0.00%
Dairyland Sta	te Academy								
2008	0	0	-100.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	-100.00%
2007	0	(19,500)	-100.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	(19,500)	-100.00%
2006	19,500	19,500	100.00%	0	0	0.00%	19,500	19,500	100.00%
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2004	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
Economic De	velopment								
2008	124,680	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	124,680	0	0.00%
2007	124,680	10,000	8.72%	0	0	0.00%	124,680	10,000	8.72%
2006	114,680	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	114,680	0	0.00%
2005	114,680	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	114,680	0	0.00%
2004	114,680	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	114,680	0	0.00%

Denertment	Evenence	Expenses Increase	% over Previous Year	Devenue	Revenues Increase	% over Previous Year	Tax	Tax Levy	% over Previous
Department Historical Soc	Expenses	(Decrease)	fear	Revenue	(Decrease)	rear	Levy	(Decrease)	Year
2008	48,408	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	48,408	0	0.00%
2008	48,408	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	48,408	0	0.00%
2007	48,408	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	48,408	0	0.00%
2005	48,408	1,410	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	48,408	1,410	3.00%
2003	46,998	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	46,998	0	0.00%
Humane Soci	,	~	0.0070	, v	v [0.0070	10,000	v	0.0070
2008	66,704	6,064	10.00%	0	0	0.00%	66,704	6,064	10.00%
2007	60,640	6,004	10.99%	0	0	0.00%	60,640	6,004	10.99%
2006	54,636	1,591	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	54,636	1,591	3.00%
2005	53,045	1,545	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	53,045	1,545	3.00%
2004	51,500	1,500	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	51,500	1,500	3.00%
Minority Affai	rs Office	· · · · ·							
2008	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2007	0	(39,000)	-100.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	(39,000)	-100.00%
2006	39,000	14,000	56.00%	0	0	0.00%	39,000	14,000	56.00%
2005	25,000	6,000	31.58%	0	0	0.00%	25,000	6,000	31.58%
2004	19,000	19,000	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	19,000	19,000	0.00%
United Way									
2008	10,000	10,000	100.00%	0	0	0.00%	10,000	10,000	100.00%
2007	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2006	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
2004	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
Woman's Con									
2008	28,014	683	2.50%	0	0	0.00%	28,014	683	2.50%
2007	27,331	667	2.50%	0	0	0.00%	27,331	667	2.50%
2006	26,664	777	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	26,664	777	3.00%
2005	25,887	754	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	25,887	754	3.00%
2004	25,133	733	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	25,133	733	3.00%

		_						Territoria			
		Expenses			Revenues			Tax Levy			
Department	Expenses	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Revenue	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year	Tax Levy	Increase (Decrease)	% over Previous Year		
City-County I	Data Center										
2008	1,326,409	97,965	7.97%	0	0	0.00%	1,326,409	97,965	7.97%		
2007	1,228,444	(22,955)	-1.83%	0	0	0.00%	1,228,444	(22,955)	-1.83%		
2006	1,251,399	36,411	3.00%	0	0	0.00%	1,251,399	36,411	3.00%		
2005	1,214,988	(19,897)	-1.61%	0	0	0.00%	1,214,988	(19,897)	-1.61%		
2004	1,234,885	(1,211)	-0.10%	0	0	0.00%	1,234,885	(1,211)	-0.10%		
Health Care C	enter										
2008	9,147,671	(264,692)	-2.81%	0	0	0.00%	9,147,671	(264,692)	-2.81%		
2007	9,412,363	26,601	0.28%	0	0	0.00%	9,412,363	26,601	0.28%		
2006	9,385,762	870,984	10.23%	0	0	0.00%	9,385,762	870,984	10.23%		
2005	8,514,778	1,295,867	17.95%	0	0	0.00%	8,514,778	1,295,867	17.95%		
2004	7,218,911	400,000	5.87%	0	0	0.00%	7,218,911	400,000	5.87%		
Health Care C	enter-Transition	n Payment									
2008	0	(2,200,000)	100.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	(2,200,000)	-100.00%		
2007	2,200,000	2,200,000	100.00%	0	0	0.00%	2,200,000	2,200,000	100.00%		
2006	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2005	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
2004	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%		
Totals											
2008	10,784,981	(2,349,173)	-17.89%	0	0	0.00%	10,784,981	(2,349,173)	-17.89%		
2007	13,134,154	2,144,605	19.51%	0	0	0.00%	13,134,154	2,144,605	19.51%		
2006	10,989,549	944,763	9.41%	0	0	0.00%	10,989,549	944,763	9.41%		
2005	10,044,786	1,291,679	14.76%	0	0	0.00%	10,044,786	1,291,679	14.76%		
2004	8,753,107	420,022	5.04%	0	0	0.00%	8,753,107	420,022	5.04%		

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MARATHON COUNTY 2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of General Government Expenses

COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Purpose of County Board

- Plan and organize the future of Marathon County for the residents
- To facilitate the county mission statement
- Set policies, direction and management for the counties services
- To provide leadership

The County Board accomplishes these activities by:

- Allocating Resources
- Creating rules and polices
- Acting on agenda items of the County Board meetings
- Committees developing agendas and over seeing department work
- Fulfilling statutory requirements

The County Board measures success in achieving its purpose when:

- Public tells us through re-election
- The County is in compliance with State and Federal requirements

And we know we:

- Use resources wisely
- Have a stable tax base
- Control costs of County Government
- Can react to things in a timely manner

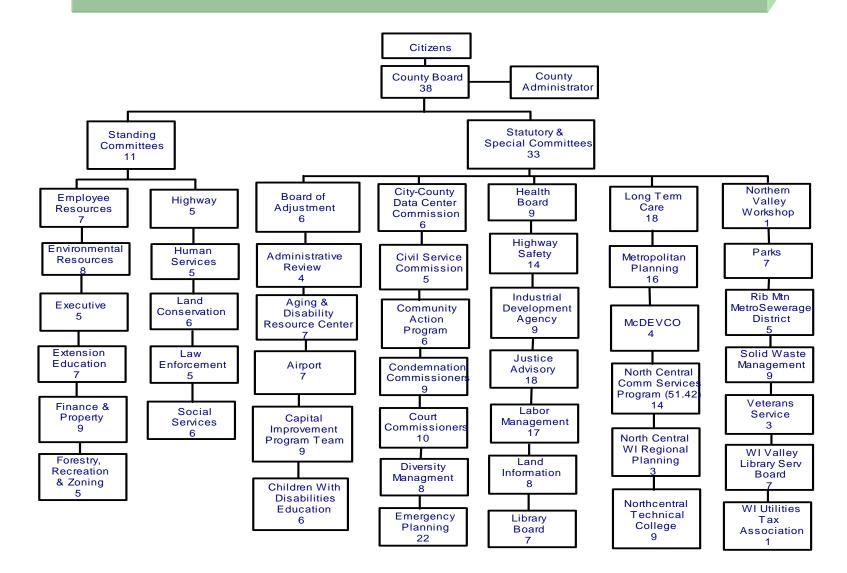
Examples of leadership measures, of success for the County Board are:

- The existence of an aligned upon vision for the future of Marathon County in specific critical areas
- Clearly articulated goals of the development of services for specific groups or constituents
- The existence of defined processes and time lines for the implementation of programs (i.e.: land use, transportation systems, elderly housing, etc)

Major Categories of Areas of Importance for 2006 and beyond:

- Develop and implement organizational restructuring and processes for continuous improvement that enhance operational efficiency, improve customer service and service effectiveness, as measured by program outcomes, for key customers.
- Proactively align current and future county services and programs with established priorities that anticipate needs, enhance health and safety, protect the environment and offer cultural, recreational, and economic opportunities.
- Through leadership, infrastructure and resources, aggressively develop economic opportunities which provide for a strong economic base, equally balanced with protection of the environment and quality of life issues.
- Pursue local, regional, and state collaborative working relationships, public involvement and communication strategies which position Marathon County Government as a recognized leader in coordinating resources for the purpose of meeting community needs in Marathon County and the surrounding area.
- Attract, retain and develop elected officials, management, and staff capable of providing the leadership and vision necessary to implement excellent services.

MARATHON COUNTY BOARD, DEPARTMENTS AND COMMITTEES



COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Fund:100General FundOrg1:100County Board of Supervisors

2006	2007 Adopted	2007 Modified	Actual	2007		2008 equested	2008 Recommended	2008 Adopted
 Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 246,554	257,184	257,184	165,261	257,184	Personal Services	\$ 267,788	267,788	267,788
11,475	15,500	15,500	7,202	15,500	Contractual Services	14,200	12,200	12,200
84,154	92,305	92,305	42,233	92,305	Supplies & Expense	96,789	94,124	94,124
\$ 342,183	364,989	364,989	214,696	364,989	Total Expenditures	\$ 378,777	374,112	374,112
\$ 342,183	364,989	364,989	214,696	364,989	TAX LEVY	\$ 378,777	374,112	374,112

MISSION STATEMENT

The role of Wisconsin's court system is to protect individuals' rights, privileges and liberties, to maintain the rule of law, and to provide a forum for the resolution of disputes that is fair, accessible, independent, and effective.

The mission of the Clerk of Circuit Court is to coordinate and manage the general business and financial operations of the Marathon County Circuit Courts. Our goal is to provide superior justice-related support services to all participants and the general public. This office receives files and maintains all of the documentation necessary to create and preserve the official court record. This office receives and disburses bail, fines and forfeitures, and fees as provided for by state statute or upon order of the court. We strive to support and assist other county and state agencies through the coordination of our services, and the collection and reporting of case related information.

PROGRAM SERVICES

The duties of this elected office, as prescribed by state statute and established through local procedure, include the following services:

CASE MANAGEMENT AND EVENT TRACKING

All automated and manual procedures for proper handling of cases filed with the courts is a primary responsibility. Initiating the case, receiving and filing papers, recording relevant information on the official record or docket and monitoring the case by regular checking for scheduled activities or necessary follow up actions as well as timely dispositions and proper record storage are major components of this duty.

CALENDAR MANAGEMENT/SCHEDULING

All cases must be processed in the most expeditious manner. The court's automated system (CCAP) is the essential tool for monitoring the case and assuring that all court activities are planned and scheduled in the appropriate time frame with the information readily available for all system users.

CASE RELATED FINANCIAL SERVICES

With the increasing demand for fiscal accountability, the courts are now managing all assessments through the sophisticated financial component of the court's automated system. Debts to the court become accounts receivable and pay plans and reminder documents are system generated assisting the staff in improved collection efforts. Receipting and reconciliations are system driven and maintained for reference.

OPERATION AND BUDGET PLANNING

This is an ongoing effort by management personnel in the courts, continually assessing short and long range changes and needs to enable the system to respond with flexibility and innovation. The primary focus is to accomplish this with existing resources as much as possible.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Storage of all records has become a serious issue for the courts. As space becomes a rare commodity and file storage continues to grow, plans must be put in place to use technology to deal with this issue. Current storage of records to comply with state statutes and court rules demand continual attention.

COURTROOM OPERATING SUPPORT

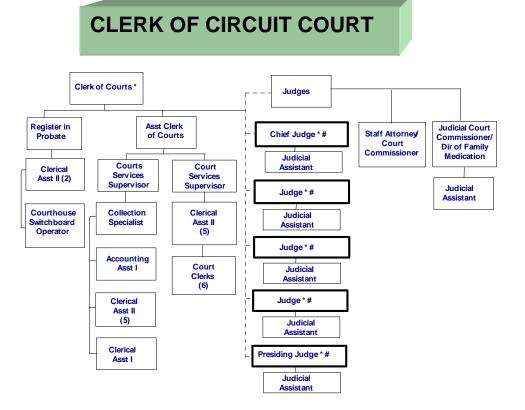
Marathon County currently staffs six full time courtrooms. Each court conducting business on a daily basis requires varying staffing levels including clerks, reporters, bailiffs and interpreters as well as equipment needs. Rooms are of different sizes and branch locations are frequently changed to accommodate assorted hearings. Media concerns and requests are also addressed.

JUROR MANAGEMENT

Five branches conduct jury trials; often more than one trial may be occurring simultaneously. This department is responsible for the random selection of a jury pool of approximately 3200 persons annually. From this group, individuals are qualified and assigned to a panel and then called to appear as needed for trials. Orientation, recordkeeping, jury pay and system evaluation are performed as part of this service.

FACILITY PLANNING

Current and future space utilization needs are continually evaluated. Staff location, evidence and file storage and jury assembly needs are immediate concerns. The sixth court room has been completed. The facility has video conferencing capabilities allowing more flexibility to schedule for appearance and additional courtroom security. Plans continue for a jury assembly area and a centralized receipt area for all court operations.



* Elected Officials

State Employees

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	30.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	29.00
Non-Union (FTE)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Elected	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Total	41.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	39.00	40.00

CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT

Fund:100General FundOrg1:105Clerk of Circuit Courts

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 1,954,996	2,055,825	2,055,825	1,300,167	2,055,825	Personal Services	\$ 2,218,089	2,186,887	2,186,887
773,984	599,825	599,825	512,570	599,825	Contractual Services	601,125	592,475	592,475
82,575	98,720	98,720	52,741	98,720	Supplies & Expense	95,185	87,970	87,970
4,239	4,500	4,500	2,572	4,500	Fixed Charges	4,500	4,500	4,500
-	250	250	-	250	Grants Contributions & Other	250	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
\$ 2,815,794	2,759,120	2,759,120	1,868,050	2,759,120	Total Expenditures	\$ 2,919,149	2,871,832	2,871,832
						-	· ·	
\$ 646,221	431,000	431,000	-	431,000	Intergov't Grants & Other	\$ 431,000	431,000	431,000
562,763	730,800	730,800	387,680	730,800	Fines, Forfeits & Penalties	638,800	648,800	648,800
587,054	638,500	638,500	406,804	638,500	Public Charges for Services	624,000	649,000	649,000
109,029	142,700	142,700	3,641	142,700	Miscellaneous Revenue	143,000	143,000	143,000
\$ 1,905,067	1,943,000	1,943,000	798,125	1,943,000	Total Revenues	\$ 1,836,800	1,871,800	1,871,800
\$ 910,727	816,120	816,120	1,069,925	816,120	TAX LEVY	\$ 1,082,349	1,000,032	1,000,032

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S OFFICE

MISSION STATEMENT

The Medical Examiner's Office is dedicated to providing professional, accurate, and efficient medicolegal death investigation to the residents of Marathon County. The Medical Examiner's Office will investigate deaths, issue cremation authorizations and issue disinterment permits as prescribed by Wisconsin State Statutes. The Medical Examiner and/or his deputies shall have the authority to order autopsies or other tests, obtain specimens, and gather evidence to aid in death investigations. The Medical Examiner will serve the citizens of Marathon County as prescribed in Wisconsin State Statutes Chapters 20, 30, 48, 59, 63, 69, 102, 246, 257, 340, 346, 350, 445, 607, 632, 782, 815, 885, 893, 940, 972, 976, and 979.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

The primary responsibility of the Medical Examiner is to provide professional death investigation whenever and wherever it is needed in our community. This includes all homicides, suicides, accidental deaths, and sudden, unexpected or suspicious deaths. The Medical Examiner's Office is also required to inquire as to the cause and manner of deaths where the body will be cremated and authorize all cremations. All disinterments are authorized by the Medical Examiner. The Medical Examiner is required to plan and participate in multiple death disaster preparedness.

The Marathon County Medical Examiner holds a position on the Highway Safety Commission.

The Marathon County Medical Examiner is chairperson of the Marathon County Child Fatality Review Team.

The Marathon County Medical Examiner's Office also provides public education to several area schools and organizations. Topics addressed by the Medical Examiner include; suicide prevention, alcohol and drug abuse, drinking and driving, and violent death.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: Medical Examiner/ Death Investigation

Brief program description: Determine whether a death occurring in Marathon County involved criminal activity, negligence, or a risk to public health.

Mission: Investigate deaths to determine their cause and manner.

Program custor	ner: Law enforcement agenci	es of Marathon County.	
			_

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff Funding	Respond to death scene within a reasonable time.	Number of death investigations conducted	The M.E. office will have a professional, cooperative, and	The M.E. office and L.E. will provide complete accurate and consistent	Prosecution or justification resulting from death
Equipment	Identify M.E. personnel to L.E. on scene.	Number of autopsies ordered + observed	collaborative working relationship with L.E.	death investigation for all of Marathon County.	investigations.
Facilities Community Partners:	Establish professional working relationship with L.E.	Number of lab test order and results			
Law Enforcement Officials Hospitals	Conduct a scene investigation	analyzed			Ultimate Outcome
Funeral Homes Crime Lab	Identify the body				community.
Pathologists Toxicology Labs	Order and observe autopsy, if appropriate.				
	Order toxicology tests and/or x-rays, if appropriate.				
	Secure body and transport to the appropriate facility.				
	Analyze the results of lab tests, autopsy reports etc.				
	Make a determination with regard to the cause and manner of death.				
	Provide needed and accurate information to L.E.				

Outcome Measurement Report Medical Examiner 2008

Program Information: The Medical Examiners office works very closely with the law enforcement agencies in Marathon County. We provide information to law enforcement in death investigations that they depend on for completion of their investigations We strive to have a reasonable response time and to maintain a professional working relationship with all Law Enforcement (L.E. agencies in Marathon County.

Program Outcome: Our desired outcome is that the M.E. office has a good response time, provides accurate and necessary information to L.E. and we are maintaining a professional working relationship with all L.E. agencies within the county.

Expected indicators: We expect Law Enforcement will express satisfaction with response time, professionalism of M.E. personnel, and satisfaction with information and service provided by the M.E. office.

Outcomes achieved: Of 11 surveys sent to Marathon County L.E. agencies 10 were returned. On a scale of 1 - 5 (1 = excellent, 5 = very poor) the average score was 2.2. Many also provided positive feedback and some suggestions were offered

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? The Marathon County M.E. office has a good working relationship with area law enforcement, though we have room for improvement.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? I plan to provide additional training to deputy M.E. on crime scene etiquette. We will provide a final report of our death investigations to the respective L.E involved. We will strive to maintain a good professional working relationship with all of L.E. and work to improve in this area.

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S OFFICE

Medical Examiner

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Non-Union (FTE)	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Elected	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

MEDICAL EXAMINER'S OFFICE

Fund: 100 General Fund Org1: 110 Medical Examiner

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Re	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	E	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 112,041	124,769	124,769	84,217	124,769	Personal Services	\$	136,992	136,992	136,992
43,108	35,700	60,700	41,570	61,475	Contractual Services		62,000	42,000	42,000
15,214	8,850	8,850	4,509	9,250	Supplies and Expenses		11,250	11,250	11,250
396	542	542	542	542	Fixed Charges		726	726	726
-	-	1,510	2,359	2,359	Capital Outlay		-	-	-
\$ 170,759	169,861	196,371	133,197	198,395	Total Expenditures	\$	210,968	190,968	190,968
\$ 23,930	35,200	35,200	26,080	30,000	Public Charges for Service	\$	30,000	39,000	39,000
330	-	-	-	-	Miscellaneous Revenue		-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-
\$ 24,260	35,200	35,200	26,080	30,000	Total Revenues	\$	30,000	39,000	39,000
\$ 146,499	134,661	161,171	107,117	168,395	TAX LEVY	\$	180,968	151,968	151,968

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

MISSION STATEMENT

The County Administrator, as the Chief Administrative Officer of the County, coordinates and manages all functions of County government that are not specifically vested in other boards, commissions, or elected officials.

PROGRAM/SERVICES

Annual Budget

The annual budget is the single most important duty of the County Administrator as it relates to the County Board. Under statute, the Administrator is charged with submitting the annual budget to the Board, as well as keeping the County Board informed as to the condition of the County on a regular basis.

Official Appointments

The County Administrator, by statute, is responsible for appointing, with confirmation by the County Board, almost all members of various boards, commissions and committees (except the standing committees of the County Board). The County Administrator is also responsible for appointing, evaluating, and if necessary, removing the appointed County Department heads.

General Management Duties

The Administrator routinely reviews programs and activities involving every department of County government. The Administrator also serves the County by taking care that all County, state and federal laws are observed within County government. The Administrator works closely with all department heads to ensure that County employees are properly recruited, qualified and trained, and that all of the statutory duties of the various departments are being carried out properly. The Administrator frequently serves as a forum to settle issues between departments, other levels of government, and various boards and commissions. All major projects, such as capital projects and other large expenditures of public funds, are reviewed by the Administrator. The Administrator is responsible to see that all public funds are expended according to the annual budget set by the County Board, and that all such funds are administered in a way that provides maximum efficiency while balancing the needs of all citizens within the available program budgets. Additionally, the County Administrator, as the Chief Executive Officer of the County, must maintain the highest standards of integrity and competence in the discharge of the duties of the office. Finally, the Administrator, even though not elected, is looked upon as the most visible official representative of Marathon County Government, and must always lead by example.

Justice System Alternative Programs

In 2003, the County Administrator's office assumed responsibility for the justice system's alternative programs. The direction for these activities stems from the work of the Justice Advisory Committee, which is comprised of stakeholders in the Criminal Justice system in Marathon County. The County Administrator is responsible for developing, refining, and implementing program initiatives through contracts with various agencies in an effort to reduce jail overcrowding. These initiatives are managed while also protecting the public's safety, maintaining program credibility, and providing a range of sanctions for the justice system in Marathon County.

Wausau/ Marathon County Diversity Affairs Office

In 2006, the Administrator's office assumed responsibility for supervising the work of the Wausau/ Marathon Diversity Affairs Office. The mission of this office is to "achieve racial and ethnic equity throughout Marathon County, to foster cross-cultural understanding and to embrace our diversity." The office is a joint function of both the city of Wausau and the County, and operates under the general policy direction of the Wausau/ Marathon County Diversity Affairs Commission.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name:Outcome Measurement ProgramContact Name: Brad KargerBrief program description:A systematic approach to clarifying the intended purpose of County administered programs,
documenting the impact of our services and applying data to our commitment to continuous improvement.

Mission: Measuring the impacts of the public investments we administer.

Program customers: Primary- County Board and County Departments Secondary- General Public

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff Outcome Measurement Group Funding: Consultant Training Materials Facilities	Educational sessions are conducted. Individual assistance/ technical support are provided to employees in crafting logic model and creating measurement instruments/ strategies. Explanation of logic models, data collection methods are provided to County Board members and Committees. Completed logic models are posted on the County's WEB site. The measurement data is analyzed by County Departments and the County Board.	 # of employees trained in outcome measurement and the creation of logic models and data collection. # of logic models submitted by County Departments. # of individual coaching sessions conducted with employees. # of presentation made to County Board Committees or the full board to explain outcome measurement. # of policy conversations with County Committees regard data obtained in the measurement process. 	Employees learn the benefits of outcome measurement, have the capacity to accurately develop a logic model and design data collection methods. County Board members understand the benefit of measuring outcomes in strengthening our programs and enhancing accountability.	County Departments create logic models which are client focused, accurately done and will gather information that will help strengthen the program County Departments have a system in place to measure outcomes. County Departments and the County Board improve their understanding of programs and apply the information to improving our service delivery.	County Departments and County Board apply credible, useful data for program improvement and accountability reporting. Customers better understands County programs. Customers recognize that County programs are being reevaluated and improved with their input to serve them better, resulting in greater public confidence in the County and its leadership. Ultimate Outcome Public safety, health and the economic security of our residents is improved

County Administrator Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information:

Outcome Measurement is a systematic approach to clarifying the intended purpose of our County administered programs, documenting the impact of our services and applying data to the County's commitment to continuous improvement.

Program Outcome:

Initial: County Board members can distinguish "outputs" and "outcomes" and see the benefits of measuring outcomes.

Expected indicators:

We expected that 80% of the test items asking County Board members to identify a statement as an "output" or an "outcome" would be answered correctly after a 45 minute presentation on Outcome Measurement.

Outcomes achieved:

County Board Members answered 77% of the test items correctly immediately following the 9-18-07 educational presentation on Outcome Measurement. (This compares with 53% of the items answered correctly immediately prior to the educational presentation.)

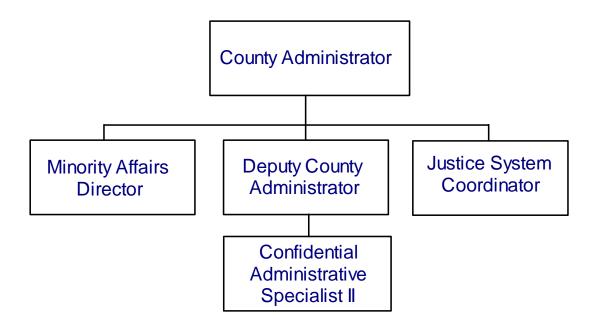
What did you learn about your program based on this outcome?

We learned that the time limited educational presentation was effective in enhancing the knowledge of County Board members on the differences between "outputs" and "outcomes". This is an important step but for outcome measurement to be applied at the policy tier in making decisions there will be a need for further investigation and possibly follow-up education.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program?

The Leadership Group on Outcome Measurement needs to update an educational plan for the County organization which utilizes the committee structure for helping board members and staff better understand how the measurement data can be used in decision making and for holding ourselves accountable for program improvement and accountability reporting.

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Non-Union (FTE)	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Total	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

Fund:	100	General Fund
Org1:	115	County Administrator

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 352,008	402,942	404,192	284,427	404,192	Personal Services	\$	414,106	414,106	414,106
76,147	2,480	29,942	5,650	29,789	Contractual Services		7,030	357,030	357,030
17,340	19,744	23,744	12,215	25,749	Supplies and Expense		21,744	20,244	20,244
394	540	540	540	540	Fixed Charges		540	540	540
24,845	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	Grant Contribution Other		3,000	1,500	1,500
\$ 470,734	426,706	459,418	303,832	461,270	Total Expenditures	\$	446,420	793,420	793,420
\$ 8,136	39,000	39,000	39,000	39,000	Intergov't Charges for Serv	\$	-	42,000	42,000
14,905	8,000	9,300	3,776	3,800	Miscellaneous Revenue		1,750	1,750	1,750
-	12,000	75,812	-	75,812	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-
\$ 23,041	59,000	124,112	42,776	118,612	Total Revenues	\$	1,750	43,750	43,750
\$ 447,693	367,706	335,306	261,056	342,658	TAX LEVY	\$	444,670	749,670	749,670

CONTINGENT FUND

To review this page for detail is very difficult. These numbers are off the actual accounting records that create expenditures in the specific departments where contingent fund monies are transferred to when requested. Below is the actual history that provides a meaningful analysis.

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 131 Contingent Fund

2006 Prior	2007 Adopted Budget	2007 Modified Budget	Actual 08/31/2007	2007 Estimate	Category		2008 equested Budget	2008 Recommended Budget	2008 Adopted Budget
\$ -	50,000	25,000	10,000	25,000	Grant Contribution Other	\$	50,000	50,000	50,000
-	650,000	650,000	-	650,000	Other Financing Uses		650,000	650,000	650,000
\$ -	700,000	675,000	10,000	675,000	Total Expenditures	\$	700,000	700,000	700,000
					-	-		-	
\$ -	700,000	675,000	10,000	675,000	TAX LEVY	\$	700,000	700,000	700,000

CONTINGENT FUND EXPENDITURES

Items	2006 Actual	Items	2007 Actual
Adopted	700,000	Adopted	700,000
NCHC Transportation Program	22,000	Med Exam pathology	25,000
CWA capital needs study	67,000	United Way	10,000
Courts legal fees	157,000	Courts legal fees	175,500
Med Exam training/pathology	12,670		
Support Chamber	17,000		
CIP projects	20,315		
Balance	404,015	Balance	489,500

JUSTICE SYSTEM ALTERNATIVES

Fund:	100 General Fund	
Org1:	115 County Administrato	r

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008		
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		F	Requested	Recommended	Adopted		
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget		
\$ 84,391	88,264	88,264	56,823	88,264	Personal Services	\$	93,239	93,239	93,239		
497,073	915,082	1,006,688	358,134	594,039	Contractual Services		999,631	617,631	617,631		
5,465	5,241	5,241	1,117	5,241	Supplies and Expense		5,241	5,241	5,241		
\$ 586,929	1,008,587	1,100,193	416,074	687,544	Total Expenditures	\$	1,098,111	716,111	716,111		
\$ 59,517	41,968	41,968	26,381	41,968	Intergov't Charges for Serv	\$	41,968	41,968	41,968		
-	18,084	18,084	-	18,084	Public Charges for Serv		18,084	18,084	18,084		
-	-	91,606	-	91,606	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-		
\$ 59,517	60,052	151,658	26,381	151,658	Total Revenues	\$	60,052	60,052	60,052		
\$ 527,412	948,535	948,535	389,693	535,886	TAX LEVY	\$	1,038,059	656,059	656,059		

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

MISSION STATMENT

County Board

Marathon County was incorporated in 1850 and operates under a County Board - Administrator form of government. The County Board of Supervisors is comprised of 38 members who represent supervisory districts. Each District is determined by a population base of approximately 3364 citizens.

County Clerk's Office

This is a statutory office which is directed to handle elections, conservation licensing, dog licensing, marriage licenses, farmland preservation, execution of tax deed and subsequent sale of tax deeded properties, tax apportionment, Clerk to the County Board and retainer of records associated with all aspects of Board and Committee functions.

Our mission is to organize and carry out the above functions as well as a large variety of other duties such as: sale of plat books, maps, compiling and distribution of the county directory and statistical report, filing of all contracts, titles, agreements and leases in the most efficient manner possible.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

County Board

Secretary to the County Board, keeping and recording all minutes of the County Board. Compiling a proceedings book of every resolution adopted, order passed and ordinance enacted by the County Board. Keeping accurate records on mileage and per diem for all County Board Supervisors and Citizen Members.

Communications

Mail, telephone and copying services are handled in this budget, with an eye towards always improving the quality of service to all departments.

Elections

To prepare and distribute all ballots to Marathon County municipalities, along with computer programming for results, tallying and canvassing of all votes at the primary, general and special elections.

Marriage Licenses

Marriage licenses are only issued by the County Clerk's Office. Clerks shall verify that the parties may marry, and that all requirements are met and take all measures possible to insure the correctness of the information entered on the application and license. Marathon County issues approximately 900 licenses a year. The price of a marriage license in Marathon County is \$75, allocation being \$25-State, \$20-Clerk of Court (family counseling), \$30-County.

Conservation Licenses

The County Clerk's Office is electronically linked with the State Department of Natural Resources-Madison through the new Automated License Issuance System, (A.L.I.S.) which enables the Clerk's Office the capability of selling the various conservation licenses to the public.

Dog Licenses

Dog tags and kennel tags are ordered and received from the state and distributed to all the local municipal treasurers in December. The local treasurers remit monies collected to the County Clerk in March and December.

Farmland Preservation Program

Application for Farmland Preservation is made through the County Clerk's Office. The Farmland Preservation Program was enacted to assist local people who want to preserve farmland and to provide a tax relief to farmers. Under the terms of this agreement, the farm land would remain in agricultural use and would become eligible for a credit or refund on state income taxes.

Tax Deed Property

By State Statute, properties with unpaid taxes after a limitation of time, are subject to be taken by tax deed. Guidelines on the sale of tax delinquent land are found in Marathon County Ordinance 3.20. Additionally, the ordinance contains information pertaining to the jurisdiction over county land in compliance with state law.

Direct Seller Permits

Transient merchants, upon entering and selling in Marathon County, need to obtain a direct seller permit from the County Clerk's Office. Application is filled out and a bond is paid. A background check is run through the Sheriff's Department on all salespersons. The permit is issued after all documents and background checks are completed and bond is paid.

Mailroom

Marathon County contracts with United Mailing Service to barcode all outgoing mail. With this service of bar-coding, we are allowed to meter our mail at the lowest possible postage rate.

Miscellaneous

The County Clerk's Office has a variety of maps, quadrangles, state, county, and city, plat books, available to the public. All Marathon County promotional items are on sale through this office. All contracts, titles, agreements and leases are on file in the Clerk's Office.

Temporary Auto License

Effective September 1, 1998, a new law requires Wisconsin residents to display a metal license or a temporary cardboard license plate on a car or small truck within two business days of purchasing a vehicle. The Department of Motor Vehicles, as a courtesy to the public, requested the County Clerk's of the State of Wisconsin to assist them in issuing these plates.

Public

To serve the public in the most efficient possible way.

LOGIC MODEL-COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

Department/Program Names: County Clerk's Office - Marriage License Contact:

Nan Kottke, County Clerk Kathy Kainz, Asst. County Clerk

Brief program description: Couples applying for a Marriage License comply with WI State Statutes 765 and that the Marriage Application and License is issued if proper documentation is provided.

Mission: The mission of the Marathon County Clerk is to provide effective, efficient and a high quality of service to the citizens of Marathon County, County Board Members and Departments, for the many mandated functions that are both statutorily designated to this office, along with those functions that are not so designated.

			1		1
INPUTS	ACTIVITIES	OUTPUTS	INITIAL OUTCOMES	INTERMEDIATE OUTCOMES	LONG-TERM OUTCOMES
Staff - 5 Time-15 minutes per application/license Equipment: computer and printer Technology: Data Center developed & supports program \$\$-staff time Envelopes Data Support	Answering questions Provide Info: In person By telephone E-Mails Issuing application and license Completed license is filed with the Register of Deeds and the State of Wisconsin Vital Records	# of licenses issued each year	Couples are aware of required documents needed. Couples from minority cultures understand process to become legally married.	Couple arrives prepared with all documents they were informed to bring along to the County Clerk's Office and within the proper time frame as set by the State of Wisconsin. Couples are able to get legally married	The couples can obtain a certified copy of their Marriage License because it has been filed in the Register of Deeds and the State of Wisconsin. Couple is legally married
Partners: State of Wisconsin provides forms & regulations. Officiant/Judge performs marriage Register of Deeds files marriage license					

Program customer: Engaged Couples

County Clerk Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: Couples applying for marriage license comply with WI Statutes 765 and the marriage application and license is issued if proper documentation is provided

Program Outcome: The couple arrives with all documents they were informed to bring to the County Clerks office within the proper timeframe as set by the State of Wisconsin. Couples are able to get married legally.

Expected indicators:

Target indicator-% of couples that have the correct information when applying for marriage license.

Outcomes achieved:

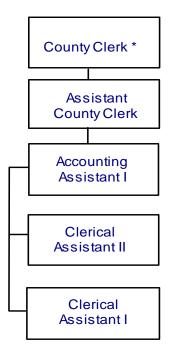
2005 data (survey of 60 couples)-85% of couples had the correct information

What did you learn about your program?

70% of couples received information needed by County Clerk publications, telephone system or website with the telephone line being the #1 resource used by couples

What will you do with the information and will you make any changes to the program? Based on the survey information, the County Clerk's office will continue to update the telephone line along with the County Clerk webpage.

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE



* Elected Official

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Non-Union (FTE)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Elected	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

Fund:	100	General Fund
Org1:	120	County Clerk

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		F	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 254,520	267,358	267,358	170,428	267,358	Personal Services	\$	288,844	288,844	288,844
125,391	166,700	166,700	65,106	138,185	Contractual Services		158,015	158,015	158,015
248,356	282,920	282,920	193,077	285,695	Supplies and Expense		305,247	299,247	299,247
(5,636)	-	-	-	-	Grants Contribution Other		-	-	-
\$ 622,631	716,978	716,978	428,611	691,238	Total Expenditures	\$	752,106	746,106	746,106
\$ 29,002	28,670	28,670	19,500	28,680	License & Permits	\$	28,660	28,660	28,660
259,521	106,850	106,850	79,025	107,810	Public Charges for Service		100,765	106,765	106,765
107,681	159,230	159,230	112,344	181,230	Intergov't Charges for Serv		176,000	176,000	176,000
593	500	500	662	675	Miscellaneous Revenues		500	500	500
\$ 396,797	295,250	295,250	211,531	318,395	Total Revenues	\$	305,925	311,925	311,925
\$ 225,834	421,728	421,728	217,080	372,843	TAX LEVY	\$	446,181	434,181	434,181

EMPLOYEE RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

Provide leadership for labor and management to cooperatively solve problems and promote excellence by balancing our roles as strategic business partners, change agents, employee advocates, and service providers.

PROGRAM SERVICES

Labor Relations

We negotiate collective bargaining agreements with our public employees in accordance with the requirements and procedures of Wisc. Stats. 111.70 and 111.77. We espouse joint labor-management problem solving and use the traditional or consensus bargaining whenever possible. Additionally, we assist departments with the administration of the labor contracts, including responding to formal employee grievances. We also respond on behalf of the County to petitions for new bargaining units and petitions to incorporate specific positions into existing bargaining units.

Selection

We work with County departments to recruit and select qualified individuals to fill vacant positions.

Position Allocation

We study requests for new positions and prepare written reports and recommendations for the Hiring Review and Personnel Committees.

Job Classification and Compensation

We conduct classification/compensation reviews on County positions to provide a job classification system and to ensure adequate compensation to maintain a high quality workforce.

Training and Development

We work to provide educational programs designed to enhance the competency of County employees. We promote continuing life-long learning for all our employees and do what we can to support skill enhancement.

Employee Safety and Health

In conjunction with Risk Management, we work to develop policies designed to ensure that employees work in a safe environment and educational programs organized to ensure that each employee understands what needs to be done to protect themselves from workplace injuries and illness. Additionally, we administer the worker's compensation program for the County.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Secondary: County

Department: Employee Resources Department

Contact Person: Frank Matel

Program Name: Workers Compensation Accident and Claims Management B Injured Employee

Mission: Manage in a cost effective manner the self-administered workers compensation insurance which is no-fault insurance that pays benefits to employees for accidental injuries or diseases related to the employees work.

	Primary - Injured Employee		unty		
Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-Term Outcomes
Injured employee WC Group Staff Management staff Medical Staff WC form DAVID software program Outside legal counsel State DWD Worker=s Comp Division Staff Budget information Worker=s Comp. and related Laws	Report injuries/illnesses Investigate claims / Review medical records / Request clarification on medical information / Send medical provider questionnaire / Send employee questionnaire / Communicate with medical professional and others - letters, phone calls, faxes, brochure, etc. / Accepts/denies claims / Evaluate light-duty work possibilities Process WC benefits/medical payments Purchase appropriate equipment to safely perform job Develop, review, revise and implement safety policies	OSHA Log # of claims by dept & type # of claims accepted # of claims denied # of restricted duty days # of lost work days # of lost work days # of claims pending # of IME conducted # of voc rehab evaluations # of medical record reviews conducted # of payments processed, type and amount # of worksite assessments conducted	INJURED EMPLOYEE Report Claims timely Receive appropriate medical treatment Apply for appropriate benefits related to work injuries/illnesses Understand medical restrictions COUNTY Department report claims timely to ERD County complies with legal requirements of Worker's Compensation Laws County workers use safe work practices	INJURED EMPLOYEE Improve health status Return to restricted duty work as soon as medically possible COUNTY Eliminate fraud and malingering claims Reduce # of unsafe work practices	INJURED EMPLOYEE Return to productive County employment or understand other benefit options COUNTY Control worker=s comp costs and maintain productive work force Reduce potential for litigation regarding work injuries and illnesses COMMUNITY A productive County workforce

Program Customer: Primary - Injured Employee

EMPLOYEE RESOURCES OUTCOME MEASUREMENT REPORT

Program Information:

Workers Compensation Accident and Claims Management B Injured Worker

Program Outcomes: Injured employees and County management staff recognize the importance of reporting workers compensation claims in a timely manner to ensure injured employees receive appropriate medical treatment and benefits and the County complies with the State Workers Compensation Act.

4. 0 claims over \$100,000

5. 1% reduction of average cost per claim

6. Reduction of # of claims open more than 2 years

Expected Indicators:

- 1. 90% of the claims reported to direct supervisor within 2 working days
- 2. 90% of the claims approved/denied within 30 days
- 3. 25% reduction in lost work days

Outcomes Achieved – 2006 Data:

- 1. 97% (99) of 102 for 2006; 93% (140) of 151 for 2005 workers compensation claims (including informational only claims) were reported to direct supervisor within 2 working days
- 2. 94% (44) of the 47 for 2006; 92% (73) of the 79 for 2005 medical and/or lost-time worker=s compensation claims were approved/denied within 30 days
- 3. 59% reduction 140 lost work days in 2006 compared to 341 lost work days in 2005
- 4. 1 claim over \$100,000 (death claim in 2005)
- 5. 53% reduction Ave cost of paid medical claims (including lost time) \$2,666 for 2006 compared to \$5,641 for 2005
- 6. 19 claims open as of 12/31/06; (9 claims open prior to 2006; 3 claims open in 2005; 7 claims open more than 2 years)

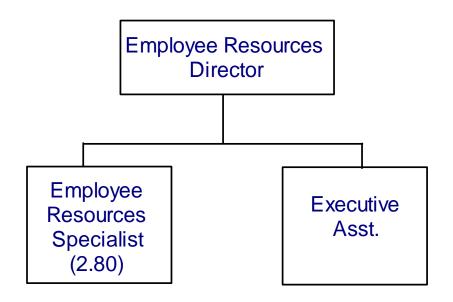
What did you learn about your program based on these outcomes:

- 1. Some employees did not report claims until after medical charges were denied by health insurance
- 2. More than 30 days is required to approve/deny a workers compensation claim that requires further investigation including independent medical evaluation

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program:

- 1. Provide additional educational sessions for supervisors and employees including expanded new employee orientation on prompt reporting of possible work-related injuries/illnesses and overview of the workers compensation law
- 2. Provide annual information regarding prompt reporting of possible work-related injuries/illnesses and quarterly reminders through the County's Rumor Mill Newsletter
- 3. Provide brief worker's comp overview during various safety training programs
- 4. Provide on-site departmental training on worker's compensation policies and procedures
- 5. Next year will analyze how our safety programs/training impact work-related injuries and employee perceptions

EMPLOYEE RESOURCES DEPARTMENT



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Union (FTE)	5.425	5.425	5.425	5.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80
Total	5.425	5.425	5.425	5.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80

EMPLOYEE RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

Fund: 100 General Fund Org1: 125 Employee Resources

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	08/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 299,635	317,899	317,899	208,983	317,899	Personal Services	\$	337,589	337,589	337,589
132,300	110,015	110,015	73,255	107,077	Contractual Services		121,295	105,295	105,295
46,563	45,486	55,486	31,619	45,480	Supplies and Expense		53,564	53,564	53,564
-	325,000	325,000	-	325,000	Other Financing Uses		325,000	375,000	375,000
\$ 478,498	798,400	808,400	313,857	795,456	Total Expenditures	\$	837,448	871,448	871,448
\$ 213,050	102,000	112,000	137,448	201,850	Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	111,800	111,875	111,875
\$ 213,050	102,000	112,000	137,448	201,850	Total Revenues	\$	111,800	111,875	111,875
\$ 265,448	696,400	696,400	176,409	593,606	TAX LEVY	\$	725,648	759,573	759,573

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Finance Department is to provide financial stability to the County level of government for the residents of Marathon County. In order to achieve this, the Department must be able to provide a comprehensive financial accounting and reporting system for the entire reporting entity. The Department also provides the support for the annual budget process, and Risk Management Services.

The Finance Department's mission must avail itself to all Federal and State laws and financial reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Finance Department must also provide the financial, budgeting and Risk Management activities of Marathon County under more specific guidance from the ordinances and resolutions of the County Board of Supervisors.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

General Ledger

The Finance Department is responsible for the accounting functions of Marathon County as a whole. In this capacity, the Finance Department is held liable for the creation of Financial Statements (and the budgetary information which governs those statements) which are relevant, reliable, timely and in compliance with both the professional guidelines established by the GASB, as well as laws enacted by the Federal, State and Local governments. The Finance Department is also charged with the duty of answering questions containing financial implications, and assisting users in researching information from the accounting system. These objectives are met through the County's general ledger system.

Accounts Payable

A major component of the County's general ledger system is an accounts payable subsystem which can facilitate the accurate and timely disbursement of County funds as directed by both County officials and legal guidelines. The accounts payable person is frequently called upon to research payment histories, ensure that duplicate payments are not prepared and answer operating questions about the accounts payable system asked by other system users. Another major responsibility of the accounts payable person is to update the vendor tables with new vendor names and all change-ofaddress information received.

Payroll

Another one of the major subsystems of the County's general ledger system and a major function of the Finance Department is its payroll function. Payroll's main focus is the accurate and timely tracking of salaries, wages, and benefits earned by the County's employees and elected officials, within the guidelines established by federal, state and local regulations, as well as union contracts and management ordinance agreements. The Payroll function is also charged with supplying support information for budgetary purposes, forwarding payroll data on to federal and state government agencies, and answering questions about the County's payroll system, governmentmandated earning forms, and employee accruals.

Fixed Assets

The fixed asset subsystem safeguards the County's property by providing a detailed inventory. A well-implemented fixed asset program aides the County in knowing what resources are available for its use, as well as providing financial reporting information on depreciation expenses for all the various County Departments that need depreciation calculations.

Budget

The first step to ensuring that the accounting function runs smoothly, efficiently and within its legally established guidelines is to produce a detailed and accurate budget. The Finance Department is in charge of answering questions from other departments as they prepare their own departmental budgets. As budget information is returned to the Finance Department to be compiled, each component is carefully considered and reviewed on a County-wide basis; revenues and expenditures are tested for their ability to not only cover the anticipated costs of providing government services for the County, but to contain adequate funding for covering contingent events which have a high probability of occurring.

Risk Management

The risk management function is an ongoing process of identifying and analyzing risk/loss exposures and taking action to prevent, reduce, retain or transfer these various exposures on a County wide basis. Incorporated into this function are the administrative duties for the following: property insurance, casualty (general and automobile liability) insurance, worker's compensation, health, dental and benefit programs, contract review, hazard communications, facility inspections, claims handling and processing, insurance cost allocation and budgeting, subrogation and recovery programs, Safety Committee, and the Labor Management Committee. Another major function is the coordination of all employee benefit programs. This includes employee benefit administration, COBRA, HIPAA, and retiree benefit coordination.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: Finance Contac

Contact Name: Kristi Kordus

Revised: September 10, 2004

Brief program description: Record all of the capital assets of Marathon County

Mission: The mission of the Finance Department is to provide financial stability to the County level of government for the residents of Marathon County.

Program customer: Marathon County through its citizens and taxpaying public

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Department information on capital assets Staff: Finance Department Highway Department Other departments Temporary Staff Best Software System County financial system State of Wisconsin AIP projects status list	Notify departments of updates Process forms and issue ID tags Calculate depreciation Enter asset information in software system Create journal vouchers to records capital assets, depreciation, gain/loss on disposal of assets and accumulated depreciation Create footnote disclosures for Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)	Journal vouchers posted to general ledger Reports on capital assets generated Updated financial statements are created Updated inventory lists are completed	County records the book value, depreciation expense, and accumulated depreciation of all capital assets	County prepares accurate financial statements	County receives an unqualified audit opinion so that it can borrow money at the lowest possible rate and continue receiving federal/state grants

Finance Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: The Finance Department records all capital assets of Marathon County in accordance with government accounting standards.

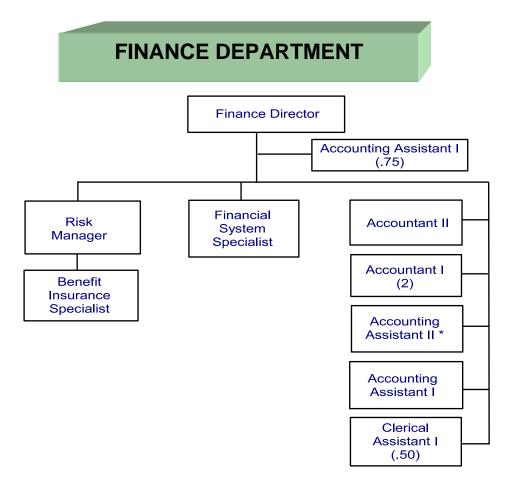
Program Outcome: County records the book value, depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation on all capital assets

Expected indicators: By July 1, 2006 70% if replacement capital assets are to replace fully depreciated assets.

Outcomes achieved: The department reviewed infrastructure capital assets only since they make up 80% of the total capital assets. The County has paid for new infrastructure items (new highways, bridges and culverts).

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? The review of capital assets is most effective by reviewing separate capital asset type such as infrastructure, buildings, land or equipment. The County is actually increasing its infrastructure assets by adding new infrastructure more than just replacing full depreciated assets.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? Create a better rating system for evaluating the effective use of capital assets within the county.



* The Accounting Assistant II performs some duties for the Treasurer's Office

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	8.30	8.30	8.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.25	7.25	7.25
Non-Union (FTE)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total	10.30	10.30	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.25	10.25	10.25

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 135 Finance

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 379,584	445,687	448,687	292,580	448,687	Personal Services	\$	472,562	472,562	472,562
93,113	89,780	94,780	50,281	93,570	Contractual Services		87,890	90,890	90,890
17,193	25,906	30,906	16,127	31,767	Supplies & Expense		20,300	20,300	20,300
\$ 489,890	561,373	574,373	358,988	574,024	Total Expenditures	\$	580,752	583,752	583,752
\$ 82,956	-	-	26,536	26,536	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	-	-	-
-	49,500	49,500	47,977	49,500	Intergov't Charges for Serv		55,800	55,800	55,800
5,484	4,500	4,500	3,788	4,500	Miscellaneous Revenue		5,800	5,800	5,800
-	-	13,000	-	13,000	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-
\$ 88,440	54,000	67,000	78,301	93,536	Total Revenues	\$	61,600	61,600	61,600
\$ 401,450	507,373	507,373	280,687	480,488	TAX LEVY	\$	519,152	522,152	522,152

GENERAL COUNTY INSURANCE

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 137 General County Insurance

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	08/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 425,778	420,369	420,369	413,657	420,369	Fixed Charges	\$ 401,375	401,375	401,375
\$ 425,778	420,369	420,369	413,657	420,369	Total Expenditures	\$ 401,375	401,375	401,375
\$ 425,778	420,369	420,369	413,657	420,369	TAX LEVY	\$ 401,375	401,375	401,375

SUPPORT TO OTHER AGENCIES

Fund:100General FundOrg1:138Support to Other Agencies

	2006 Prior	2007 Adopted Budget	2007 Modified Budget	Actual 8/31/2007	2007 Estimate	Category	2008 Requested Budget	2008 Recommended Budget	2008 Adopted Budget
\$	11,056,914	13,134,154	13,134,154	12,751,925	13,160,690	Grants Contributions & Other	\$ 10,770,735 \$ 10,770,735		10,784,981
\$ \$	11,056,914 11,056,914	13,134,154 13,134,154	13,134,154 13,134,154	12,751,925	13,160,690 13,160,690	Total Expenditures TAX LEVY	\$ 10,770,735 \$ 10,770,735	10,784,981 10,784,981	10,784,981 10,784,981

PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE

Fund:850Property/CasualtyOrg1:145Insurance

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Re	quested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	E	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 66,969	71,046	71,046	49,575	71,046	Personal Services	\$	90,511	90,511	90,511
6,416	38,000	38,000	78	38,000	Contractual Services		38,000	38,000	38,000
2,910	17,650	17,650	1,425	17,650	Supplies & Expense		19,950	19,450	19,450
1,458,639	696,250	696,250	667,509	696,250	Fixed Charges		707,250	749,250	749,250
-	2,500	2,500	-	2,500	Capital Outlay		-	-	-
20,439	-	-	-	-	Other Financing Uses		-	-	-
\$ 1,555,373	825,446	825,446	718,587	825,446	Total Expenditures	\$	855,711	897,211	897,211
\$ 766,906	792,724	792,724	793,736	793,736	Intergov't Charges for Serv	\$	731,961	731,961	731,961
287,253	32,722	32,722	177,085	249,921	Miscellaneous Revenue		123,750	165,250	165,250
\$ 1,054,159	825,446	825,446	970,821	1,043,657	Total Revenues	\$	855,711	897,211	897,211
\$ 501,214	-	-	(252,234)	(218,211)	TAX LEVY	\$	-	-	-

EMPLOYEE BENEFIT INSURANCE

Fund: 875 Employee Benefits Insurance Fund

Org1: 148 Employee Benefits

—									
		2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
	2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
	Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$	151,823	153,860	153,860	104,504	153,860	Personal Services	\$ 170,269	170,269	170,269
	456,179	509,500	509,500	434,185	509,500	Contractual Services	531,000	531,000	531,000
	18,074	25,550	25,550	14,317	25,550	Supplies & Expense	35,050	35,050	35,050
	9,329,584	11,368,910	11,368,910	6,162,194	11,368,910	Fixed Charges	12,175,910	12,174,910	12,174,910
	1,399	17,000	17,000	5,173	17,000	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
	-	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	Other Financing Uses	5,000	5,000	5,000
\$	9,957,059	12,079,820	12,079,820	6,725,373	12,079,820	Total Expenditures	\$ 12,917,229	12,916,229	12,916,229
\$	93,082	23,000	23,000	53,070	90,000	Public Charges for Serv	\$ 23,000	23,000	23,000
	10,545,650	11,960,293	11,960,293	7,402,329	10,484,288	Miscellaneous Revenue	12,797,702	12,796,702	12,796,702
	-	96,527	96,527	5,000	96,527	Other Financing Sources	96,527	96,527	96,527
\$	10,638,732	12,079,820	12,079,820	7,460,399	10,670,815	Total Revenues	\$ 12,917,229	12,916,229	12,916,229
\$	(681,673)	-	-	(735,026)	1,409,005	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The County Treasurer's Office has the statutory duty of receiving all moneys from all sources belonging to the county and all other moneys which by State Statute or County Ordinance are to be paid to the Treasurer. The Statutory duties include collection of property taxes and settling with other jurisdictions. The Treasurer's Office also has the responsibility for cash management and the investment of funds as directed by County Resolution.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Tax Collections

A. Posting prior to Settlement

Tax rolls are calculated by the City County Data Center after the County Treasurer verifies the tax rates. The Land Record Tax System carries the total tax roll after calculation and printing. As the local treasurer collects taxes, the receipts are batched, sent to the County Treasurer, and posted against the total tax roll reducing the taxes due showing on the system until settlement.

B. Tax Settlement

Tax settlement is the final balancing of the tax rolls prior to the County accepting the collection of the unpaid taxes. The settlement process verifies the apportionment of County Taxes, the Statement of Taxes done by the local clerk, the collections listed by the local treasurer, and the posted receipts on the Land Record System. The deadline for settlement is February 20th when all local units must be balanced and pay other local taxing jurisdictions a proportionate amount of collections and special taxes.

C. Tax Collections

Tax collections on the County level is the collection of postponed taxes and delinquent taxes until the County has the opportunity to take tax deed. The administration of tax collections includes the administration of interest and penalty collections, lottery program mandates, publications of delinquent taxes and courtesy notices.

D. Tax Searches

The dissemination of tax information to the general public, including realtors, abstractors, taxpayers, buyers, sellers and other county and state agencies. This information is given out by phone, person, paper and on public terminals.

Investments - Cash Management

Cash management is the effective handling of money to create more funds by using the available systems, including the timely deposit of money (daily or twice daily) to earn the most interest possible. With the use of several flexible short term money market pools and a contract with an Investment Advisor and Third Party Custodian for longer term funds, the County is in an excellent position to maximize its earnings. Also, the County allows local banks to invest in a CD program administered by a Third Party Administrator. Average balances investable of \$22,000,000.00 with high amounts in August of approximately \$48,000,000.00 prior to settlement make this a beneficial service to the County.

Cash Receipting

In Chapter 59, the duties of the County Treasurer include receipting all money received by the County. The general receipt process certifies the money collected to the receipts posted, and balances receipts to deposits from each department daily. The general receipting process, also, prepares the collections for deposit to the County Concentration Account.

MISSION STATEMENT

The Real Property Division operates under the authority given in "Chapter 70.09 of Wisconsin State Statutes and is staffed by a Lead Property Lister, a Property Lister and a Draftsman. The statutory function of this department is to keep accurate information on all recorded parcels of real property in Marathon County and to prepare and distribute assessment rolls, tax rolls, real estate and personal property tax bills.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Comprehensive

Approximately 74,000 parcels, which comprise 62 municipalities, must be maintained throughout the year. The Real Property division keeps current the following information on each parcel of land: owners name, legal description, parcel identification number, lot size and acreage, site address, mail address, ROD recording information, school district and special district codes and computer generated maps. Also available in our system is the assessed value of the land and the improvements, the estimated fair market value and the tax dollar amount of each parcel in Marathon County. It is a service of the Property Division to provide this information by

in-house computers and through a variety of computer generated reports which are available to taxation district

assessors, city, village and town clerks, treasurers, county officials as well as the public.

Preparation and Distribution of Assessment Rolls

Assessment Rolls for all 62 municipalities in Marathon County are generated January 1st of each year to provide information on parcels of real property for the use of taxation district assessors, city, village and town clerks and treasurers. Assessments and other updates are posted to the books and returned back to Property Division to provide data entry for the assessment roll, notice of assessments, and summary reports. This is all done in preparation for the tax roll.

Preparation and Distribution of Tax Rolls

All 62 municipalities are provided with a tax rate worksheet, which is to be filled out and returned to the Property Division Department. Upon receipt of this form all figures are verified against the Land Record System. Once this is balanced, tax rates are calculated and tax bills and tax rolls are then printed and distributed to each municipality.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: County Treasurer/Cash Receipting Contact Name: Lorraine Beyersdorf Revised: September 20, 2004

Brief program description: The duties of the County Treasurer include receipting all money received by the County.

Mission: The County Treasurer's office has the statutory duty of receiving all money from all sources belonging to the County and all other money by which state statute or County Ordinance are to be paid to the Treasurer.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
cash receipts from	Verify that cash receipt from	Number of deposits	Public is assured that	Public assured that	County's
departments	departments balance with	that go to the bank	the payments made	public funds are safe	financial assets
	money received		are receipted and	and secure	are protected
Money from	,	Number of cash	taken to the bank in a		
departments	Verify cash report from	receipts sent to	timely manner		
	departments balance to money	departments to verify		County earns interest	
Reports from bank	deposited into County bank	entry is completed	County can provide	on money in the	
on deposits to	account		auditors an audit trail to	deposit account	
County's account		Number of tax bills	verify all deposits made		
	Verify that money from	processed	correctly		
Accounting software	customers cover tax bill or other			County has funds in	
	bills owed to the County	Number of cash	County records the	bank account	
Computer with		receipts processed	cash receipts	available to complete	
printer	Enter cash receipts into the		accurately	County business	
	financial system				
Account at bank					
	Run daily reports, verify dollars				
Deposit slips	and create deposit for the bank				
Deposit account	Daily total data is filed for audit				
book	purposes				
Staff	Review bank reports and				
	balance to financial system daily				

Program customer: Public and County Departments

Treasurer Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: The duties of the County Treasurer include receipting in all money received by the County.

Program Outcome: County records cash receipts accurately.

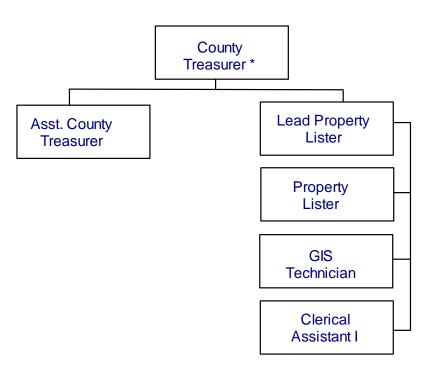
Expected indicators: Number of journal entries needed to correct cash receipts.

Outcomes achieved: Journal entries were reduced because a new report was produced and reviewed prior to cash receipt batch approval.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? Running the new report eliminate most keying errors prior to cash receipt batch approval.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? We have implemented changes to the procedures to require of review of all cash receipts on the report prior to cash receipt batch approval.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT



* Elected Official

One Finance Department employee also assists in this department. Wages and benefits for this employee are included in the Treasurer's Budget.

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Non-Union (FTE)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Elected	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT

Fund:100General FundOrg1:140Treasurer

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 358,774	376,273	376,273	243,468	376,273	Personal Services	\$ 402,087	402,087	402,087
158,828	110,000	110,000	11,276	110,000	Contractual Services	107,400	107,400	107,400
20,256	30,946	30,946	18,431	31,760	Supplies & Expense	29,946	29,946	29,946
	27,600	27,600	(2,728)	27,600	Fixed Charges	-	-	-
586,187	44,300	44,300	111,469	144,300	Grants Contributions Other	44,300	44,300	44,300
309	-	-	-	-	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
\$ 1,124,354	589,119	589,119	381,916	689,933	Total Expenditures	\$ 583,733	583,733	583,733
\$ 11,859,783	11,578,150	11,578,150	5,710,655	11,714,200	Taxes	\$ 11,183,150	9,983,150	10,366,133
5,989,625	5,892,191	5,892,191	1,188,819	5,962,613	Intergov't Grants & Aid	5,681,754	6,031,457	6,031,457
42,607	42,000	42,000	5,228	42,500	Public Charges for Service	42,000	42,000	42,000
1,926	2,400	2,400	356	2,400	Intergov't Charges for Serv	2,400	2,400	2,400
1,687,840	1,073,632	1,073,632	1,153,483	1,472,941	Miscellaneous Revenue	962,230	823,031	764,642
\$ 19,581,781	18,588,373	18,588,373	8,058,541	19,194,654	Total Revenues	\$ 17,871,534	16,882,038	17,206,632
\$ (18,457,427)	(17,999,254)	(17,999,254)	(7,676,625)	(18,504,721)	TAX LEVY	\$ (17,287,801) (16,298,305)	(16,622,899)

MISSION STATEMENT

The Office of Corporation Counsel exists to advise and advocate for the protection and commitments of Marathon County through its work of advice, counsel, interpretation, advocacy, enforcement, support, and influence.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Legal Services/General

The Office of Corporation Counsel is staffed by three full-time attorneys, three full-time secretaries, a half-time secretary, and a full-time Collection Specialist. Office attorneys review and draft contracts, leases, ordinances, resolutions, court pleadings, and other legal documents. Claims filed against the County are coordinated for defense by assigned counsel from the County's insurance carriers. The Office of Corporation Counsel also issues formal legal opinions to the County Board, County Administrator, County department heads, and County commissions and committees. The Office of Corporation Counsel also provides general legal services to the Central Wisconsin Airport Board, City-County Data Center Commission, Children with Disabilities Education Board, and Solid Waste Management Board. The Office of Corporation Counsel also serves as parliamentarian at County Board meetings. The Office of Corporation Counsel is the County's general practice law firm.

Legal Services/Ordinance Enforcement

The Office of Corporation Counsel reviews and prosecutes violations of the Zoning Code, Private Sewage System Code,

Non-Metallic Mining Reclamation Ordinances, and Land Division Ordinance. Health Department referrals are also reviewed and prosecuted. Requests for prosecution are received by this office only after the referring agency has determined that no other course of action is feasible.

Involuntary Commitments/Chapter 51: Wisconsin Statutes

The Office of Corporation Counsel is mandated by statute to handle the prosecution of all mental and alcohol commitment matters. This involves not only the initial commitment action, but also any extension or appeal of those commitments. These cases involve strict statutory time limits and have shown the greatest case-load increase.

Guardianships/Protective Placements: Chapter 55 and 880 Wisconsin Statutes

The Marathon County Department of Social Services is responsible for guardianship and protective placement actions involving those individuals suffering from the infirmities of aging. The Office of Corporation Counsel provides legal services in processing these cases. This is the smallest percentage of cases handled by the Office of Corporation Counsel.

Children in Need of Protection and Services/Termination of Parental Rights: Chapter 48, Wisconsin Statutes

The Office of Corporation Counsel prosecutes referrals from the Marathon County Department of Social Services with respect to children in need of protection or services. These cases involve abused and neglected children. These cases are also governed by strict statutory time limits, especially in emergency situations. If a child is found to be in need of protection and services and placed outside of the parental home, the court sets certain conditions which must be met before the child can be returned home. If the parents continually fail to comply with those conditions, a petition for the involuntary termination of parental rights may be filed. In some cases, the parents ultimately voluntarily terminate their parental rights. If a termination of parental rights case is contested, it is generally a jury trail, and, if the County prevails, an appeal will generally result. Next to commitment actions, juvenile cases have shown the greatest rate of increases.

Child Support/Paternities - Chapter 767 Wisconsin Statutes

The Office of Corporation Counsel provides legal services to the Marathon County Child Support Agency in the enforcement, modification and establishment of court ordered child support obligations and paternity. Federal and state regulations establish time frames for the processing of these cases. The Child Support Agency refers these matters for court action when attempts to obtain voluntary compliance have failed. Courts have set aside time each week for intake of these cases. Due to the high volume of cases, attorneys from the Office of Corporation Counsel work closely with staff of the Child Support Agency with respect to preparation, review and management of said cases. Warrant appearances and court hearings of contested matters are scheduled throughout the week. In addition to new actions brought on behalf of the Child Support Agency, attorneys of the Office of Corporation Counsel appear in all divorce cases where public assistance is being paid for support of children. The purpose of these appearances is to obtain reimbursement from noncustodial parents of benefits paid by the state through strict application of child support standards.

Workers Compensation Cases

Workers Compensation cases have been previously handled by outside counsel. It has been agreed between the Corporation Counsel and the Personnel Director that routine cases will be handled by the Office of Corporation Counsel in order to reduce outside legal costs.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: Office of Corporation Counsel

Contact Name: Thomas P. Finley, Corporation Counsel **Revised:** September 20, 2004

Brief Program Description: Prosecution of Chapter 51 Commitment Proceedings, Approximately 600 active files per year

Mission: The Office of Corporation Counsel exists to advise and advocate for the protection of commitments of Marathon County through its work of advice, counsel, interpretation, advocacy, enforcement, support and influence. The office of Corporation Counsel is mandated by stature to handle the prosecution of all mental and alcohol commitment matters.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff time to commence and prosecute Chapter 51 civil commitment proceedings. Work with partners in proceedings: North Central Health Care Facility (NCHCF), Wausau Hospital, Court System, and Law Enforcement. Cases also are commenced when people directly contact the office for a 3- signer petition. 600 active cases per year	Interview witnesses; Review Police and Doctors reports; Consult with experts; Prepare for Court; Provide general legal advice for Police, NCHCF and Wausau Hospital Behavioral Health; Work with subject's counsel to attempt resolution of cases before trial; Prepare all necessary court documents.	Court proceedings and ultimate resolution of cases. Client treated both inpatient and outpatient as deemed appropriate by NCHCF treatment staff.	Client is protected by being detained for the 14 day court process for initial commitment. Client's rights are protected while commitment action is proceeding. Public is protected from client deemed dangerous to self and others while commencement action takes place.	Client receives treatment for alcohol dependency, mental illness, or drug dependency through commitment order or settlement agreement. Client's commitment orders are extended if necessary to assure treatment is completed that protects the client and the public from dangerous behavior.	Client follows through with treatment through court order which allows client to function in the community while protecting public from dangerous behavior.

Program customer: The Client that is the subject of the mental and/or alcohol commitment proceedings and the public

Corporation Counsel Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: The office of the Corporation Counsel is mandated statute to handle the prosecution of all mental and alcohol commitment matters.

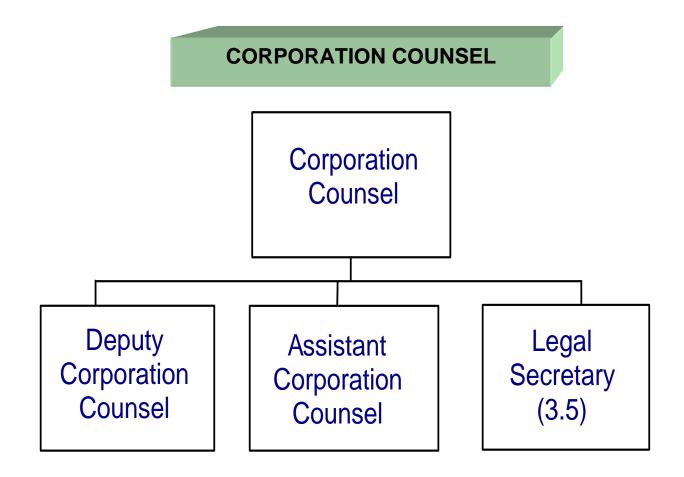
Program Outcome: Subjects in commitment actions receive procedural and substantive due process in commitment proceeding.

Expected indicators: As of 12/31/06, the department will assure that 100% of the subjects in commitment actions receive procedural and substantive due process in initial commitment proceedings and any recommitment proceedings

Outcomes achieved: Based on a review of cases files, the department did provide 100% of the subjects in commitment actions (both initial and recommitment proceedings) received procedural and substantive due process.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? The subjects did receive due process under State Statutes. The outcome confirmed that the program has been operated successfully on the past and there has been ongoing compliance with all statutory time limits.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? No changes will be made because the program as structured is in compliance with all statutory time limits.



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	4.50	4.75	5.75	5.75	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Non-Union (FTE)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Total	6.50	6.75	7.75	7.75	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50

CORPORATION COUNSEL

Fund:100General FundOrg1:163Corporation Counsel

2006	2007 Adopted	2007 Modified	Actual	2007		R	2008 equested	2008 Recommended	2008 Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 319,459	505,372	505,372	333,392	505,372	Personal Services	\$	529,123	529,123	529,123
8,102	4,040	4,040	3,245	4,040	Contractual Services		4,040	4,040	4,040
24,225	19,081	19,081	17,174	19,081	Supplies & Expense		19,081	19,081	19,081
(9,119)	-	-	-	-	Grants Contributions Other		-	-	-
\$ 342,667	528,493	528,493	353,811	528,493	Total Expenditures	\$	552,244	552,244	552,244
\$ -	227,196	227,196	51,104	227,196	Intergov't Charges for Serv	\$	227,196	237,196	237,196
\$ -	227,196	227,196	51,104	227,196	Total Revenues	\$	227,196	237,196	237,196
\$ 342,667	301,297	301,297	302,707	301,297	TAX LEVY	\$	325,048	315,048	315,048

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

MISSION STATEMENT

The goals of the Marathon County District Attorney's Office, in accordance with Section 978.05, Wis. Stats., the Wisconsin Supreme Court Rules and the laws of the State of Wisconsin are to zealously prosecute all criminal actions for which venue attaches in Marathon County; to zealously prosecute all State forfeiture actions, County traffic actions and actions concerning violations of County Ordinances which are in conformity with the State criminal law; to participate in and conduct investigatory proceedings under Section 968.26, Wis. Stats; and to work in concert with the Wisconsin Attorney General's Office on appeal matters. These goals will be carried out with the steadfast intent to accomplish rehabilitation of offenders so that they may become productive members of society, so that society need not expend resources in the future because of the offenders involvement in the criminal justice system; to impose upon both offenders and society alike the seriousness of any illegal activity against the person of another, the property of another, and/or the peace and dignity of the republic; and to protect society from the cost, the indignity and the tragedy of crime.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Criminal/Ordinance Prosecution

The Marathon County District Attorney's Office receives reports and investigative documents from approximately a dozen law enforcement agencies in this County, including the Marathon County Sheriff's Department, Wausau Police Department, Everest Metro Police Department, Rothschild

Police Department, Athens Police Department, Colby/Abby Police Department, Department of Natural Resources, Edgar Police Department, Marathon Police Department, Mosinee Police Department, Spencer Police Department, Stratford Police Department and Wisconsin State Patrol, as well as from State agencies, such as the Department of Justice Criminal Investigations and Drug Enforcement Units. Referrals in criminal cases are also received from such agencies as the Marathon County Department of Social Services on welfare fraud, child support, immunization violations, child physical and sexual abuse and neglect. It is the responsibility of the Marathon County District Attorney's Office to review all reports and make appropriate charging decisions regarding who will be charged with what criminal or Ordinance offenses. If charges are not filed, the matter may be handled through a deferred prosecution agreement, warning letter, or other appropriate alternatives. Once an individual is charged, the District Attorney's Office is responsible for the filing of all appropriate documents and the entire prosecution of the case, including representation of the State or County at initial appearances, bond hearings, motions hearings, pretrial conferences, preliminary hearings, plea hearings, jury trials, sentencing hearings and sentencing after revocation hearings and so on.

Delinquent Youths and Truants

It is the responsibility of the Marathon County District Attorney's Office to represent the County and State in the prosecution of delinquent youths and truants in the community. This includes making charging decisions, filing the appropriate legal documents and representing the State at all appropriate hearings and procedures.

Advise/Assist/Train Law Enforcement

The Marathon County District Attorney's Office is available to all law enforcement agencies in the County 24 hours a day to answer questions and provide legal advice on the handling of criminal and related matters. In addition, the Marathon County District Attorney's Office assists law enforcement in the investigation of cases not only through providing legal advice, but also by providing subpoenas for documents, search warrants and legal research. In addition, the Marathon County District Attorney's Office is called upon to provide legal updates and training to various departments, upon request. The Marathon County District Attorney's Office works very closely with all law enforcement agencies in this County to assist in the investigation of criminal matters and successful prosecution of the same.

Victim Services

In accordance with the Wisconsin constitution and statutes, services are provided to victims of crime via the Victim/Witness Services Program located in the Marathon County District Attorney's Office. Victims, witnesses and citizens receive information about the prosecution of cases, whether it is in regard to notices of upcoming hearings, restitution information, crime victim compensation information, disposition/sentencing information, providing the court with victim impact information, or some other service, information or referral.

Miscellaneous Prosecution and Assistance

The Marathon County District Attorney's Office also handles a wide variety of other miscellaneous criminal and Ordinance matters, including referrals from the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection regarding milk law violations and pesticide violations; the Department of Revenue regarding a variety of tax law violations and the Department of Work Force Development regarding wage claim complaints. In addition, the Marathon County District Attorney's Office assists and prosecutes related statutory violations for a variety of County departments, such as rabies vaccinations/quarantine violations regarding dogs and other animals on behalf of the Marathon County Health Department. In addition, the Marathon County District Attorney's Office determines, collects and disburses restitution to countless victims of crime, in excess of \$200,000 a year. All of the above are examples of the wide variety of miscellaneous matters also handled by the Marathon County District Attorney's Office.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: District Attorney OWI Prosecutor

Contact Name: LaMont K. Jacobson

Brief program description: Prosecute OWI offenders; educate law enforcement and public regarding OWI prosecutions.

Mission: To hold OWI offenders accountable and lessen the risk to the public.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial	Intermediate	Long-term
			Outcomes	Outcomes	Outcomes
DA Staff	Prosecute OWI charges	Number of people convicted	Quality of law enforcement reports	Public awareness of consequences of	Public's risk of death or injury on
Law Enforcement	Prosecute vehicle	Number of people	increases; greater success in OWI	OWI continues to increase	highways from OWI is decreased
Budget (grant)	forfeitures	in prison/jail	prosecutions		
Defendants	Educate public (pitfalls of OWI)	Number of people with fines	Citizen awareness increases	Prior offenders begin to refrain from OWI	Prior OWI offenders do not re-offend
Victims					OWI deaths and
Lab Results	Advise victims of OWI – case status	Revenue - vehicles	Victims satisfied with outcome of	Public assists in OWI detection	injuries decrease
	and rights	- fines	prosecution		Public chooses not
	Educate law enforcement - investigations	Number with AODA treatment		Fewer people drinking irresponsibly	to operate vehicles while intoxicated
	- law changes	Number of people with license lost		OWI offenders receive education and treatment	
		Number of vehicles forfeited			
		Dollars of restitution ordered			

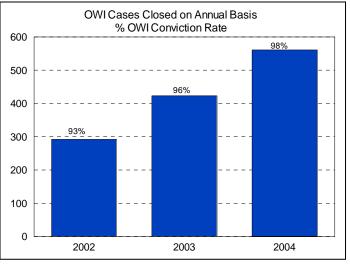
Program customer: Public, OWI Offenders & Law Enforcement

DISTRICT ATTORNEY MEASUREMENT PLAN SUMMARY OWI PROSECUTION

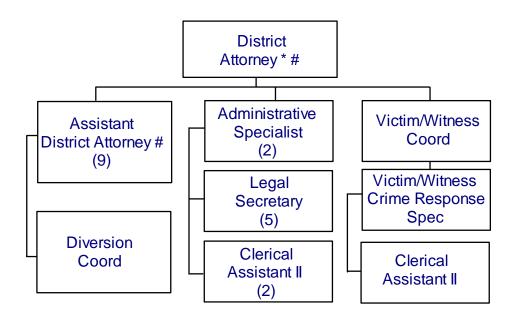
THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OWI PROGRAM'S MISSION IS TO HOLD OWI OFFENDERS ACCOUNTABLE AND LESSEN THE RISK TO THE PUBLIC FROM PEOPLE OPERATING WHILE INTOXICATED.

- 1. As of 12/31/05, the department will maintain at least a 95% charges to conviction rate for OWI defendants.
 - a. Data Source: Department case files
 - b. Data Source: Court case files
- 2. By 12/31/06, 95% of criminal OWI defendants will report to ATTIC intake within 5 business days of their initial court appearance/court order.
 - a. Data Source: Initial Appearance List
 - b. Data Source: CCAP Records
 - c. Data Source: ATTIC Appointment List

Measuring outcomes for this program deters would be offenders, maintains treatment programs for OWI defendants and removes the offenders from the road.



DISTRICT ATTORNEY



* Elected Official

State Employees

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	11.50	11.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	11.50	11.00	11.00	11.00
Non-Union (FTE)	0.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Elected	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
State Employee	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Total	18.50	20.50	20.50	20.50	21.50	20.50	22.50	22.00	23.00	23.00

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Fund:100General FundOrg1:155District Attorney

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 643,146	679,173	679,173	465,751	679,173	Personal Services	\$	783,269	783,269	783,269
128,818	159,600	181,557	109,868	181,557	Contractual Services		144,761	136,761	136,761
46,502	59,212	59,034	31,116	59,034	Supplies & Expense		58,820	55,820	55,820
145	300	300	70	300	Fixed Charges		300	300	300
8,090	-	-	-	-	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-
\$ 826,701	898,285	920,064	606,805	920,064	Total Expenditures	\$	987,150	976,150	976,150
\$ 146,819	219,388	219,388	156,197	219,388	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	234,804	234,804	234,804
10,134	13,000	13,000	6,181	14,000	Public Charges for Services		13,000	13,000	13,000
25,000	-	-	25,000	25,000	Miscellaneous Revenue		-	-	-
-	25,892	47,671	-	47,671	Other Financing Uses		-	-	-
\$ 181,953	258,280	280,059	187,378	306,059	Total Revenues	\$	247,804	247,804	247,804
\$ 644,748	640,005	640,005	419,427	614,005	TAX LEVY	\$	739,346	728,346	728,346

REGISTER OF DEEDS

MISSION STATEMENT

The Register of Deeds is a state constitutional officer elected by the people of the county in the general fall election in each of the even numbered years. The Register of Deeds Office files or records birth, marriage and death registrations, conditional sales contracts, bills of sale, deeds, mortgages, satisfactions, veteran's discharges, corporation records, farm names, partnerships, plats, certified survey maps and informal termination of joint tenancy. All these areas are governed by state statutes. This is also the office designated to collect the real estate transfer tax imposed on the seller of real property in this state. The Department scans to optical disks all real estate records and veteran's discharges to reduce the amount of space necessary to store these documents indefinitely. Additionally the Department now makes county picture identification cards and full scale reproductions of plats. The grantor/grantee records and tract index are entered into the AS/400 computer system and the grantor/grantee is scanned on Optical Disc for reference. The Department has a high degree of interaction with the public for obtaining and recording documents.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Record Documents

Record all documents authorized by law to be recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds by endorsing upon each document the day, hour and minute of reception and the document number, volume and page where same is recorded. Collect recording fees and transfer fee, if required.

Scan Records to Optical Disc

Make available copies of daily recording for tax listing purposes. Return original documents to respective parties or as instructed.

Register, File, Index, Maintain Records

Must register, file, index and maintain the following records:

Honorable Military Discharge - Prepare certified copies for Service Officer and Veterans,

Instruments pertaining to conditional sales contracts, security agreements and bills of sale - Give oral chattel searches upon request and collect a fee for same,

Births, deaths, and marriages that occur within the county, or those events which occurred outside the county for county residents,

Lis Pendens, certified surveys, federal tax liens and releases; collect for same.

Issue Marathon County identification cards and take passport photos and collect fees for same.

Make and deliver upon request, a copy of any record, paper, file or plat in accordance with the statutes and collect for the same.

Land records available by remote access for customers who want to pay for this service as well as purchasing our records on compact disc.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: Register of Deeds/File Birth Certificates

Contact Name: Dean Stratz Mike Sydow

Brief program description: File and provide certified copies of birth certificates for people born in Marathon county.

Mission:

Program customer:	People born in Marathon County	
		_

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
			Outcomes	Outcomes	Outcomes
Vital Records clerk	Receive birth records from state vital records office	Number of records added to searchable	Requesters have certified copies of	Parents have child's birth certificate to	People born in Marathon County
Staff		index of all births in	their birth certificates	obtain benefits, social	can prove their
State vital records	Enter birth records in computer index	Marathon county	Genealogists are	security numbers, etc	identity and age
office	File birth certificates in either	Number of requestors who obtain certified	able to search family history	Individuals have birth certificates to obtain	A record of all births that have
Vital records index	open/closed volumes and index	copies of birth		passports, social	occurred in
software	separately	certificates	Closed birth records are protected	security cards, etc	Marathon County is available for
Request for birth record form	Require completed application and ID before allowing access to or making copies of birth	Number of genealogists who search birth record	Requesters are aware of documents	Parents have certified copies of child's birth certificates	historical purposes
Marathon County	certificates	index	required to obtain		
web site	Make certified and non certified copies of birth certificates	Number of closed birth records locked in a secure area	birth certificates	Requesters provide required documents	
	Process mail requests for copies of birth certificates				
	Assist genealogists in searching for birth records				

Register of Deeds Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: File and provide certified copies of birth certificate for people in Marathon County.

Program Outcome: Requests are processed at the counter within 5 minutes or same day if requested by mail.

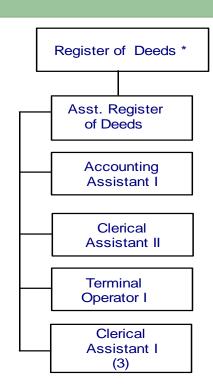
Expected indicators: 99% of all eligible requests.

Outcomes achieved: 99% of requests are completed within the expected indicators.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? Reaffirms that the Register of Deeds provides efficient services to customers that request birth certificates.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? It appears that the program is working as expected. No changes needed at this time. Customers received information in a timely basis.

REGISTER OF DEEDS



* Elected Official

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Non-Union (FTE)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Elected	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00

REGISTER OF DEEDS

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 165 Register of Deeds

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007			Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 585,313	576,872	576,872	374,211	576,872	Personal Services	\$	612,883	668,213	668,213
59,933	15,900	60,900	15,345	60,700	Contractual Services		60,900	60,900	60,900
24,520	28,703	28,703	11,127	28,703	Supplies & Expense		28,703	28,703	28,703
-	900	900	-	900	Fixed Charges		900	900	900
36,075	-	173,569	-	173,569	Capital Outlay		-	-	-
-	48,448	26,355	-	26,355	Other Financing Uses		126,561	-	-
\$ 705,841	670,823	867,299	400,683	867,099	Total Expenditures	\$	829,947	758,716	758,716
\$ 307,809	237,705	237,705	276,796	320,000	Taxes	\$	258,000	283,000	283,000
544,868	545,000	545,000	375,537	570,000	Public Charges for Services		570,000	530,000	530,000
70,283	50,000	50,000	55,743	95,000	Intergov't Charges for Serv		50,000	50,000	50,000
(1,406)	-	-	28	28	Miscellaneous Revenue		-	-	-
-	-	196,476	-	196,476	Other Financing Sources		87,000	60,769	60,769
\$ 921,554	832,705	1,029,181	708,104	1,181,504	Total Revenues	\$	965,000	923,769	923,769
						_			
\$ (215,713)	(161,882)	(161,882)	(307,421)	(314,405)	TAX LEVY	\$	(135,053)	(165,053)	(165,053)

MISSION STATEMENT

The Marathon County Conservation, Planning and Zoning Department's mission is to create, advocate and implement strategies to conserve natural and community resources.

The Department will advise the Marathon County Board of Supervisors, its committees, commissions, boards and departments, and public and private interests on matters related to the improvement of Marathon County.

The Department will develop comprehensive and strategic planning studies and recommendations relating to such issues and activities as community services and utilities, housing, land use, environment, socio-economic conditions, recreation, transportation, financial management and organizational charge, and investment in physical resources.

PLANNING

Program / Services

Comprehensive Planning

The Department is leading a county-wide comprehensive planning effort to create a County Development Plan and 56 individual municipal comprehensive plans over the next four years that meet the requirements set by the new law. During this process, the Department will coordinate meetings with municipalities to collect and distribute data relevant to the plans and encourage intergovernmental cooperation among municipalities. The Department will also be developing new data sets, maintain current data sets that will be used to create the plans, and produce all maps used by the County and municipalities during the comprehensive planning process. The Department is responsible for developing a county development plan (comprehensive plan) for the County by 2010.

Transportation Planning

The Department has served as the Metropolitan Planning Organization for the Wausau metropolitan area since 1984. The Department is responsible for coordinating transportation planning for the communities within the Wausau Metropolitan Area. Transportation planning functions encompass highway, transit, bicycle and other modes of transportation.

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

The Department is responsible for development and implementation of the CIP, a plan that identifies major capital investment needed in the future and develops, with the CIP Team, an annual capital budget. This responsibility extends from initial concept through construction and closeout.

Current Planning

The Department expends staff resources in a number of areas that can be categorized as current planning. These areas vary widely and include special requests from internal and external sources and assisting the County Administrator's Office in organizational reviews (PET).

REGULATORY SERVICES

Comprehensive Zoning

The program began in 1971 when the County Board adopted the current Zoning Ordinance. The Department offers zoning to all towns in Marathon County. To date, 18 towns have approved County Zoning and are taking advantage of the county's professional staff and legal services.

Shoreland, Wetland and Floodplain Zoning

Shoreland and floodplain zoning was adopted by Marathon County to protect the ecologically sensitive shoreline and floodplain areas which are frequently the most sought-after sites for intensive use and development. Shoreland is land lying within 1,000 feet of lakes, ponds and flowages, land within a floodplain, and land within 300 feet of a navigable stream. Floodplains are those lands generally adjacent to rivers and streams that are periodically inundated by the regional flood. Wetlands located in these shorelands and floodplains have been under county jurisdiction since 1983.

Private On-Site Waste System

This program oversees the location, design, installation and maintenance of holding and on-site sewage disposal systems in the unsewered areas of Marathon County.

Wisconsin Fund

The program offers a grant to qualified home owners and small businesses to partially reimburse the cost to repair or replace a failed septic system.

Nonmetallic Mining Reclamation

The program regulates site repair of non-metallic mining after removal of minerals such as clay, granite, sand and gravel, such that the site will be restored to a purposeful and acceptable landscape appearance and use.

Animal Waste Ordinance

This program enforces an ordinance that safeguards the County's water resources by ensuring that the containment and distribution of livestock waste is conducted safely and appropriately through the regulation of construction and management of animal manure storage facilities.

CONSERVATION

Program / Services

The Department administrative and technical support for the Nutrient Management Program, the Soil Erosion Control Program, and General Conservation Programming. The Department works closely with state and federal agencies and their staff to coordinate conservation programming that protects soil and water resources.

I. Nutrient Management Program

The Animal **Waste Management Ordinance Project** regulates the construction and management of animal manure storage facilities. The staff provides technical design, plan review, and project oversight to activities regulated by the Ordinance to assure that specified engineering standards and management criteria are satisfied.

The **Management Intensive Grazing (MIG) Project** promotes the feasibility of grazing based livestock farming as a profitable way of farming that enhances lifestyles while protecting and improving the environment through the use of Best Management Practices. The Lower Big Rib River Watershed Project and Upper Yellow River Watershed Project provide targeted and enhanced technical services to drainage watersheds that have been identified with degraded water resources due to non-point source pollutant loads such as soil erosion and sediment, manure mismanagement, and storm water runoff through the use of Best Management Practices.

The **Targeted Resource Management (TRM) Project** is aimed at identifying and correcting locally significant resource problems that are impacting water quality as a result of agricultural runoff through the use of Best Management Practices.

The Land and Water Resource Management Project is aimed at identifying and correcting locally significant resource problems that are impacting the quality of soil and water resources as a result of agricultural activities.

The **Nutrient Management Planning Project** provides educational and technical planning assistance to landowners, educators, and agronomist in the development of Nutrient Management Plans (NMPs).

II. Soil Erosion Control Program

The **Farmland Preservation Project** provides conservation planning assistance to landowners participating in the State's Farmland Preservation Program.

The **Soil Erosion Transect Survey Project** provides an annual inventory and evaluation of soil erosion within the County. The **Management Intensive Grazing (MIG) Project** works to control soil erosion through the use of Best Management Practices. This project is more detailed under the Nutrient Management Program.

The Lower Big Rib River Watershed Project and Upper Yellow River Watershed Project works to control soil erosion through the use of Best Management Practices. This project is more detailed under the Nutrient Management Program.

The Land and Water Resource Management Project works to control soil erosion through the use of Best Management Practices. This project is more detailed under the Nutrient Management Program.

The **Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program** (CREP) **Project** is a collaborative effort between the USDA- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), Farm Services Agency (FSA), WI Department of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection (DATCP), and Marathon County to convert environmentally sensitive cropland to riparian buffers, wetlands, grassland buffers, and other conservation practices.

III. General Conservation Programming

The **Wildlife Damage Program** provides abatement techniques, abatement material, and financial compensation relief to landowners within the county that suffer crop damages and losses due to wildlife activities.

The **Lake District Project** provides technical and educational support to the Mayflower Lake and Bass Lake Districts for the purpose of promoting the adoption of sound environmental practices by residents along the developed lakeshore and by agricultural producers surrounding the lakes whose lands drain into the lakes.

The **Conservation Education Project** serves to provide area schools access to professional staff for the purpose of supporting their environmental curriculum. Additionally, the conservation staff offers both technical and general presentations to classrooms, contractors, volunteer groups, producer groups, and industry trade groups around the county on topics related to soil and water resource protection, current resource concerns, program compliance requirements, and technical planning information.

TECHNICAL SERVICES

Program / Services

Geographic Information Systems

The Department has been working with GIS, a computerized mapping and land records related database integration since 1991. The Department accepted a leadership role for finishing the parcel mapping project in 1996. The Department will continue this role as leader and coordinator for computerized mapping and data development in the future, acting as a resource for other departments, municipalities, and the private sector.

Land Division Regulations Program

Land division regulations were adopted by the County Board in the late 1960's. This ordinance requires all new parcels created, of 10 acres or less, be surveyed and approved prior to recording.

County Surveyor

The county surveyor is responsible for the remonumentation and maintenance of 6,000 government corners in the county, assisting in the administration of Land Division Regulations and occasionally conducting a survey for other units of government.

Rural Addressing

By state statute and county ordinance, the Department is responsible for maintaining accurate rural address information. The Department also works closely with the Sheriff's Department to maintain the accuracy and efficiency of the E-911 system.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: CPZ/ Soil Erosion Control

Contact Name: Ed Hammer

Brief program description: Provide landowners with assistance in conservation planning, best management practice design and implementation and coordinate local, state and federal programming to prevent or reduce soil erosion and the off-site impacts caused by sediment and pollutants.

Mission: Provide accountable leadership, advocacy, strategies, and management for the preservation, conservation and improvement of soil and water resources in Marathon County.

Program customer	participating landowners	/ general public
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Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff time Clients Funding -Marathon County -grant monies	FARMLAND PRESERVATION • 20% spot check • conservation planning • annual certification letter CONSERVATION RESERVE	 # of conservation plans prepared or amended # Public information meetings # landowners receiving 	Landowners are aware of program requirements and benefits. Landowners	Landowners comply with program rules.	Landowners compensated with tax relief. Landowners maintain
Equipment Supplies Partners	 RESERVE ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM hold meetings process applications calculate environmental benefits 	 # applications # reports 	understand best management practices.	Landowners make use of best management practices.	healthier soil because of erosion is reduced to tolerable levels.
-state -USDA-NRCS -UWEX -NCCT	 PRIORITY WATERSHED PROJECTS conservation planning process contracts design and implement 	# newsletters published # plans prepared			the waters of Marathon County.
	v acciginanta implementation practiceswrite newsletters	# contracts# of practices applied			Water quality improves in Marathon County.

Conservation, Planning and Zoning Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: Soil Erosion Control Program: CPZ administers several state programs and enforces ordinances that provide incentives for farmers to meet soil conservation goals. Reduced soil erosion from cropland fields will lessen the amount of sediment and nutrients that enter the county's waters and will sustain the soil asset as a productive natural resource.

Program Outcome(s):

- 1. Agricultural producers will understand and comply with state performance standards.
- 2. All cropland acres are farmed below tolerable soil erosion rates of 3-5 tons per acre per year.

Expected indicators:

- 1. All landowners participating in Farmland Preservation, Priority Watersheds and Managed Intensive Grazing Initiatives will have a current conservation plan.
- 2. The bi-annual Soil Erosion Transect will indicate 90% compliance with soil erosion control maximum rates.

Outcomes achieved: In 2006/07

- 1. The 360 active landowners in the Farmland Preservation Program are in compliance conservation standards or have a schedule for compliance. And
- 2. 81 landowners completed or revised conservation and grazing plans
- 3. The Soil Erosion Transect Survey indicated that 86 % of active cropland is farmed at soil erosion rates below tolerable levels.

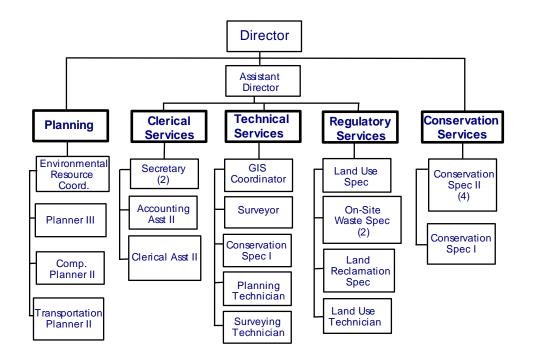
What did you learn about your program based on this outcome?

- 1. Staff has vastly improved the communication of conservation program requirements to landowners relative to soil erosion and nutrient management.
- 2. Although the tracking and scheduling of conservation compliance is improved, staff will continue the development of better tracking systems to monitor compliance and to track conservation planning support needs.
- 3. Staff will need to modify communication strategies both internally and externally to better coordinate administration, planning and costshare activities.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program?

- 1. Refine the program outcomes to clarify staff roles.
- 2. Expand the monitoring and tracking capacity of program participation status.
- 3. Develop better strategies for communicating natural resource concerns.
- 4. Develop more educational tools to convey program compliance requirements.
- 5. Develop better working partnerships with local, state and federal agencies.

CONSERVATION, PLANNING AND ZONING



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	23.75	24.00	24.00	25.00	23.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
Non-Union (FTE)	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total	26.75	27.00	27.00	28.00	26.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00

Note: In 2003, Land Conservation, Planning and Zoning merged into one department.

CONSERVATION, PLANNING AND ZONING

Fund: 100 General Fund Org1: 170 Conservation, Planning and Zoning

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 1,367,958	1,536,391	1,536,391	974,655	1,537,391	Personal Services	\$ 1,635,735	1,580,406	1,580,406
430,008	616,403	713,974	33,444	713,974	Contractual Services	825,998	825,998	825,998
72,798	78,790	87,353	29,590	80,353	Supplies & Expense	94,870	83,418	83,418
4,631	4,402	4,402	4,252	4,402	Fixed Charges	6,596	6,596	6,596
193,953	85,101	85,101	-	85,101	Grants Contributions & Other	85,101	85,101	85,101
383,104	778,456	1,032,387	253,339	1,032,387	Capital Outlay	783,937	783,937	783,937
4,734	-	-	-	-	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 2,457,186	3,099,543	3,459,608	1,295,280	3,453,608	Total Expenditures	\$ 3,432,237	3,365,456	3,365,456
\$ 430,207	1,093,373	1,184,813	1,541,800	2,345,294	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 1,189,726	1,189,726	1,189,726
208,162	230,000	230,000	164,500	233,000	Licenses & Permits	227,600	230,000	230,000
154,780	134,600	141,600	204,136	234,120	Public Charges for Serv	134,205	142,205	142,205
105,878	135,314	135,314	58,461	135,314	Intergov't Charges for Serv	135,314	137,399	137,399
104,654	-	10,000	52,545	62,545	Miscellaneous Revenue	10,000	10,000	10,000
-	363,590	615,215	-	615,215	Other Financing Sources	400,300	468,979	468,979
\$ 1,003,681	1,956,877	2,316,942	2,021,442	3,625,488	Total Revenues	\$ 2,097,145	2,178,309	2,178,309
\$ 1,453,505	1,142,666	1,142,666	(726,162)	(171,880)	TAX LEVY	\$ 1,335,092	1,187,147	1,187,147

BUILDING MAINTENANCE

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Marathon County Building Maintenance Department is to make the county owned buildings energy efficient while maintaining occupant comfort, secure these premises and the inventories within, and protect the health and wealth of all county employees and the general public.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Maintenance

This program provides preventive and routine maintenance for the Courthouse/Jail complex, Thomas Street Facility, River Drive Buildings, Juvenile Detention Facility, Library, and the West Street Storage Complex. Preventive maintenance includes but is not limited to, scheduling of equipment and HVAC maintenance, grounds upkeep and electrical installation and repair. Routine maintenance includes but is not limited to, wiring, cabling, plumbing, painting and moving. All special projects are prioritized and scheduled according to the need and administrative direction.

Custodial

This program provides janitorial services for the Courthouse/Jail complex, Thomas Street Facility, River Drive Buildings, Juvenile Detention Facility, Library, Highway Department, Credit Union and The West Street Storage complex. Services provided include but are not limited to, floor care, office and restroom cleaning, garbage pickup and window cleaning. Departments are asked to submit requests for any specialized cleaning. All special projects are prioritized and ranked according to accepted evaluation criteria.

Courier

This program provides mail service to all County Facilities and City Hall. Incoming mail is picked up at the Post Office and delivered to the Courthouse. Interdepartmental mail is then delivered to all County facilities and City Hall according to a specific schedule.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name:Building Maintenance/ Energy ConservationContact Name: Michael LotterBrief Program Description:We intend to make county owned building energy efficient while maintaining occupant comfort.

Mission: Manage the public investment in energy for heating and cooling County buildings.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff Equipment County buildings and their heating, cooling systems	Heating, cooling systems are installed which are energy efficient in new buildings and when systems are replaced. Energy audits are conducted. Building temperatures are programmed and monitored. Buildings are monitored to ensure that heating/ cooling systems are not dysfunctional by open windows/ doors, or portable heaters. Buildings are insulated and other adjustments made which promote energy efficiency.	Number of buildings with energy efficient heating/ cooling systems installed. Number of energy audits conducted. Number of County buildings with energy efficient heating/ cooling temperatures programmed. Number of County buildings fully insulated, with other energy conservation strategies in place.	County employees understand the need for energy conservation and know what to expect with regard to building temperatures. County employees involved in purchasing and architects understand the need for energy efficiency and purchase new systems that further that goal. Managers of the County are aware of the detrimental impact of open doors/ windows and portable heaters and control the behavior of the employees under their supervision accordingly.	Mechanical systems are in place to adequately control building temperatures and maximize investment in energy. Buildings are well insulated and incorporate other strategies to conserve energy. County employees dress appropriately for work, given the predictable building temperatures and personal comfort. County managers intervene appropriately when actions are taken by employees that violate the County's policies on energy conservation.	County buildings are operated energy efficiently and occupants are comfortable with the temperatures.

Program customer: County employees, the people who visit the County buildings and the general public

Building Maintenance Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: County managers are aware of the detrimental impact of open doors/windows, and portable heaters and will regulate behavior of employees under their supervision.

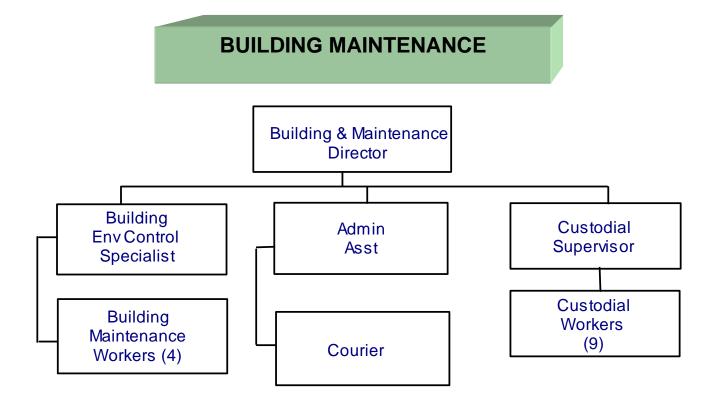
Program Outcome: County employees will strengthen their level of awareness about how an HVAC system works in a commercial building and will increase their level of compliance with rules designed to ensure that the HVAC system functions efficiently.

Expected indicators: The use of portable heaters in County buildings is limited to only those areas where the HVAC system cannot maintain a reasonable heat level of 68 degrees or warmer.

Outcomes achieved: 80% of dept. heads/managers surveyed are aware of the policy banning electric heaters. Of the dept. heads/managers aware of the policy 100% understand the policy, understand the need for such a policy and practice the policy in their departments.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome We still have Dept. heads/managers to educate about the policy and energy conservation. Dept. heads/managers are willing to partner towards energy conservation when educated on HVAC operation.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? We will continue to educate people about the policy and the importance of energy conservation.



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	19.00	19.00	17.50	17.50	16.50	15.70	15.70	16.00	16.00	16.00
Non-Union (FTE)	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00
Total	20.00	20.00	19.50	19.50	18.50	18.70	18.70	19.00	18.00	18.00

BUILDING MAINTENANCE

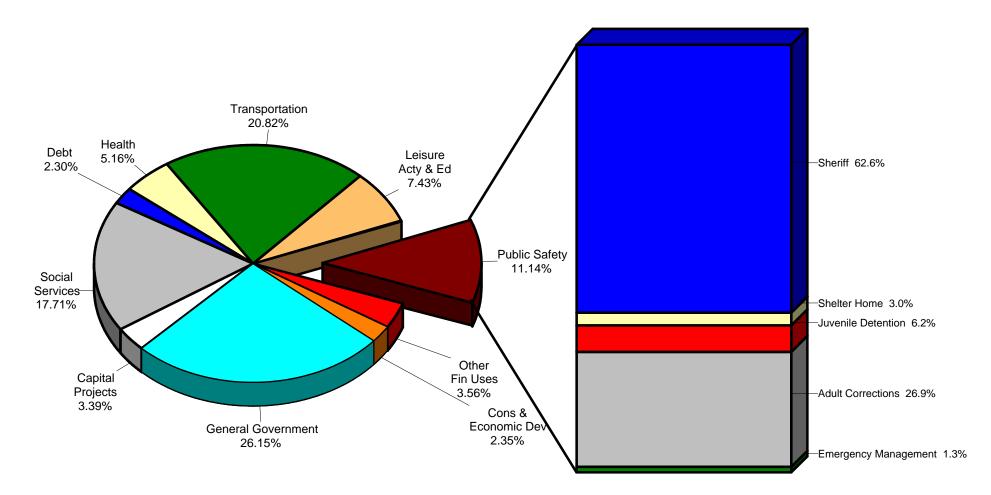
Fund: 100 General Fund Org1: 195 Building Maintenance

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	08/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 905,387	1,183,567	1,183,567	739,785	1,183,567	Personal Services	\$ 1,245,109	1,245,109	1,245,109
784,586	900,925	900,925	476,371	877,488	Contractual Services	963,988	911,388	911,388
86,530	100,426	100,426	61,788	104,810	Supplies & Expense	113,160	113,160	113,160
15,461	17,500	17,500	3,381	17,500	Building Materials	17,700	16,700	16,700
20,450	5,862	5,862	4,442	5,862	Fixed Charges	7,166	7,166	7,166
(60,400)	-	-	-	-	Grants Contributions & Other	-	-	-
32,446	6,000	6,000	3,281	6,000	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
\$ 1,784,460	2,214,280	2,214,280	1,289,048	2,195,227	Total Expenditures	\$ 2,347,123	2,293,523	2,293,523
\$ -	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	Intergov't Charges for Serv	\$ 10,577	10,577	10,577
34,004	26,800	26,800	28,155	30,970	Miscellaneous Revenue	26,800	26,800	26,800
\$ 34,004	36,800	36,800	38,155	40,970	Total Revenues	\$ 37,377	37,377	37,377
\$ 1,750,456	2,177,480	2,177,480	1,250,893	2,154,257	TAX LEVY	\$ 2,309,746	2,256,146	2,256,146

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MARATHON COUNTY

2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Public Safety Expenses

SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT

Protection of the public's life and property. Maintenance of public peace and lawful social order, and the reduction and control of crime to a manageable level commensurate with the department's resources.

PROGRAMS/SERVICE

To enable the Sheriff's Department to provide the most effective and efficient service to the public, the department is organized into divisions and units. We have listed what we consider are some of the primary responsibilities and duties by each division unit. The lists are all inclusive.

Administration

Responsible for overall administration of the Sheriff's Department functions. Specific functions include, but are not limited to the following:

- > Budget administration for the entire Department
- Policy development
- Research and long range planning
- Management of grant programs and funds
- Maintain capital "fixed asset" records
- > Develop and maintain Department policy and procedures
- Law Enforcement records compilation, storage and retrieval
- Court services/security
- > Community relations and crime prevention
- School liaison and safety programs
- > Planning and management of Department-wide training
- Maintain public service desk and is the focal point for the public access to records the public access to records

Patrol

The Patrol Division is responsible for patrolling and responding to calls for service 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, covering 1584 square miles of Marathon County. The efforts of patrol are protection of life and property through the prevention of crime and vigorous enforcement of laws and ordinances. Specific functions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Patrol and observation
- Answering calls for service
- Assisting other Departments as requested
- Arrest of offenders
- Reports, report writing
- Rendering testimony in court
- Accident investigations reports
- Investigation of all offenses and incidents as assigned
- Traffic enforcement
- Traffic education
- Boat patrol
- Snowmobile patrol
- Boating, ATV, snowmobile, and hunter safety training courses
- Management and operation of the Department's motor vehicle fleet program

Communications Division

Provides county-wide dispatch services for 28 volunteer fire departments, 11 ambulance services, 12 first responder groups, 10 police agencies in addition to the Sheriff's Department full-service E 9-1-1 Center. Specific functions include but are not limited to:

- > Promptly dispatching E 9-1-1 calls for police, fire and EMS
- Receive and dispatch routine non-emergency calls for service
- Monitor, enter and send messages via the TIME system
- Enter, record and track CIB and NCIC entries (warrants, stolen items, missing persons, etc.)
- Paging system Sheriff's Department personnel, Coroner, District Attorney, Corporation Counsel, Juvenile Intake, Juvenile Transport Team and Support Services
- Issue storm warnings and other weather related alerts
- Monitor internal alarms
- Dispatch aid/ground advance life support
- Support Incident Command System at major events
- Provide mobile communications support

Investigative Division

Provides assistance to the Patrol Division by conducting county wide criminal and juvenile investigations. This Division is responsible for investigating major felonies or specific crimes requiring extensive follow-up investigations, and cases involving Juveniles. Specific functions include, but are not limited to the following:

- Investigate all major crimes and such lesser offenses as may be required
- Provide staff advice and assistance to other department personnel and other requesting agencies

- Crime scene evidence collection and proper evidence handling, documentation and storage
- Physical movement of detained/incarcerated individuals between detention facilities and through court appearances
- Service of civil process and related functions with proper documentation
- Warrant service, CIB/NCIC TIME entries and complete documentation

Corrections

Responsible for proper secure detention, care, management and control of incarcerated persons in conformance with existing statutes and Department of Corrections regulations. Duties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Maintenance of jail facilities
- Protect the safety of staff and inmates
- > Protect the public
- > Operate the facility in a cost efficient manner
- Operate the facility consistent with statutory and constitutional guidelines
- Classify inmates
- Inventory inmate property, records, and storage of the same
- Monitor inmate hygiene
- > Transport inmates to court proceedings
- Supervise inmates on a daily basis
- Feed inmates
- Search inmates, cells as required
- Be alert for escapes
- > Transport inmates for dental/health appointments
- Maintain records as required
- Assign/monitor Huber inmates
- > Assign/work with electronic monitor programming

Special Investigations/Support Services

Special Investigations Unit (SIU) is responsible for county wide narcotic/drug enforcement. A branch of this division oversees Special Response Team and Dive Team functions. Specific duties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Investigate/coordinate drug offenses county wide
- Assist other departments upon request
- Work with State, Federal and local agencies in drug investigations that are outside Marathon County
- Special investigations as required and assigned by the Sheriff
- Provide training/assistance to other department personnel and requesting agencies
- Collect evidence, maintain proper control, recording and storage
- Serve search and arrest warrants
- The Special Response Team (SRT) responds to high risk situations as requested, including high risk drug search warrants
- The Dive Team responds to drowning incidents involving rescue and recovery operations

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name:Sheriff's Department / Communications DivisionContact Name:Captain David J. MasonBrief program description:E-911 SystemJune 14, 2004Contact Name:Captain David J. Mason

Mission: The Marathon County Sheriff's Department exists to provide a safe, secure, and crime-free community through trust building, enforcement, and public safety management.

Program customer: 911 Caller – Response Agencies - Public

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Division Budget County Funding 90% Grant Funding 10% Staff FTE Sworn Staff (2)	Dispatch Of All Emergency Services Police Fire EMS Public Works	Processed Calls For Service 2003: 114,883	<u>Victim & Care Giver</u> Understand What To Do In An Emergency	Victim & Care Giver Apply Lifesaving Techniques Until Emergency Team Arrives On Scene	<u>Victim(s)</u> Has Best Chance Of Survival - Lessens Impact Of Emergency
Non Sworn (26 ½)	Air Spirit Critical Care Transport	Agency Assigned To Reported Calls	Stay Calm		Deepense Teem
Equipment 911 Phone System Radio System Repeater System Microwave System TIME System	Weather Alerts Public Information Receive Clear Instructions From A Trained Dispatcher	Police: 103,802 Fire: 3,863 EMS: 7,218	Provide Vital Information About Emergency Scene	<u>Response Team</u> Are Properly Prepared To Deal With The Emergency	Response Team Increased Safety And Effectiveness of the Response Team.
CAD System Voice Logger Weather Alert System Voice Logger Weather Alert System	Manage Emergency Services at Scene Until Responders Arrive Relay Appropriate Emergency Information	911 Emergency Calls Received 2003: 22,455	Response Team Understand Needs Of Situation	Emergency	<u>General Public</u> Safer Because Emergencies are Controlled / Contained Most Effectively.

Sheriff's Department Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: The Sheriff's Department provides Courthouse security which allows the general public and courthouse employees a safe, uninterrupted experience.

Program Outcome: Courthouse employees will strengthen their level of awareness on the procedures to contact the court security officers.

Expected targets or indicators: Within 12 months of establishing a courthouse security and disruptive incident baseline, the number of incidents will decrease by 15%.

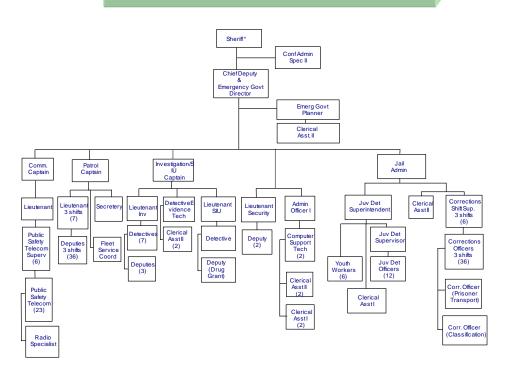
Outcomes achiev	red:		
	ARRESTS	DISRUPTIVE INCIDENTS	
2004 (baseline)	80	25	
2005	100 (>25%)	13 (<48%)	
2006 (Jan-May)	50 `	6	

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? The increased awareness of the procedures needed to contact court security officers has decreased the number of disruptive incidents, but the number of arrests has increased. The program has evolved from one that responds to disruptive incidents to a program that prevents disruptive incidents.

What will you do with the information and will you make any changes to the program?

All courthouse employees will be provided with a courthouse security handbook and be trained on the methods to contact court security. All new employees will be given a handbook and will be trained on courthouse security during their initial orientation. Policies will be reviewed annually and adjusted accordingly.

SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT



* Elected Official

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	164.50	165.50	165.50	166.50	163.50	163.00	163.00	163.00	163.00	169.00
Non-Union (FTE)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	8.00	8.00
Elected	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	175.50	176.50	176.50	177.50	174.50	174.00	174.00	173.00	172.00	178.00

SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 610 Sheriff Department

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006			Actual	2007				
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 8,180,330	8,422,592	8,364,872	5,464,103	8,377,362	Personal Services	\$ 9,538,302	8,930,864	9,153,791
312,623	360,555	385,311	229,161	408,394	Contractual Services	394,614	364,888	364,888
634,678	656,015	770,739	370,151	633,625	Supplies & Expense	774,815	748,901	775,859
46,709	65,148	65,148	65,084	66,934	Fixed Charges	81,714	81,694	83,905
43,855	54,439	24,257	24,963	24,257	Grants Contributions & Other	21,200	21,200	21,200
660,872	340,024	393,704	286,939	366,847	Capital Outlay	457,004	351,778	482,665
32,549	158,000	134,000		158,000	Other Financing Uses	158,000	158,000	158,000
\$ 9,911,616	10,056,773	10,138,031	6,440,401	10,035,419	Total Expenditures	\$ 11,425,649	10,657,325	11,040,308
\$ 373,043	183,702	142,624	102,784	172,873	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 89,067	89,067	89,067
180,133	160,400	160,400	132,041	175,200	Fines Forfeits & Penalties	175,200	175,200	175,200
258,588	248,300	262,550	168,537	265,600	Public Charges for Services	247,950	247,950	247,950
(13,368)	21,000	21,000	71,205	85,512	Intergov't Charges for Serv	37,525	37,525	37,525
66,438	39,900	42,431	46,882	58,613	Miscellaneous Revenue	33,116	33,116	33,116
3,742	119,803	225,358	-	195,677	Other Financing Sources	187,041	187,041	187,041
\$ 868,576	773,105	854,363	521,449	953,475	Total Revenues	\$ 769,899	769,899	769,899
						-	-	
\$ 9,043,040	9,283,668	9,283,668	5,918,952	9,081,944	TAX LEVY	\$ 10,655,750	9,887,426	10,270,409

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Emergency Management's Mission supports the Sheriff's Department Mission "...Protect and Serve" by providing the foundation for a series of individual Programs for the administration, planning, coordination, and implementation of Marathon County's Mitigation, Emergency and Disaster Preparedness and Response Activities. Emergency Management is responsible for the planning and technical work in coordinating these preparedness and response activities.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Emergency Management can be separated into two basic functions, Emergency Management and Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) or Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 Title III Activities. The first, Emergency Management Activities, addresses the planning, preparedness and response for a natural or man-made disaster. The second function is the administration of the EPCRA/SARA Program, which deals with hazardous materials.

There are six functional requirements for the County's participation in the Emergency Management Program. Basically they are: 1) Plan Development and Emergency Operations, 2) Training, 3) Exercising, 4) Public Education, 5) Program Administration, 6) Local Program Initiatives.

Emergency Management coordinates the EPCRA/SARA Program in Marathon County. EPCRA/SARA's intent is to bring industry, government and the public together to prepare for an accidental chemical release. EPCRA/SARA has two major goals: Emergency Planning aspect requires local communities to prepare for emergencies related to hazardous materials releases by planning and providing this essential information to First Responders from plans and a data base maintained by the Emergency Management Office. The community right-to-know aspect is designed to increase public awareness of the chemical hazards in our community and it allows the public and local governments the right to obtain information concerning potential chemical hazards.

Marathon County Emergency Management administers three of the four major segments of EPCRA/SARA locally. The Emergency Planning Sections (301, 302, and 303) require the establishment of a Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) to develop, review and approve various emergency response plans that are required by these Sections. Emergency Management assists the facilities that meet the planning requirements of Section 302 that are required to have an off-site plan developed and to update them. Section 304 of EPCRA/SARA addresses emergency release notification procedures that have to be in-place for a chemical release. The final segments Sections (311/312) deal with annual hazardous chemical reporting requirements.

Planning Activities

A. Emergency Management

The Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) has been developed to replace the Emergency Management Plan. The EOP is organized into a Basic Operations plan with 14 supportive Annexes. The EOP provides officials with an overview of the County's Contingency Plans for disasters and other major emergencies. It provides policy for command officials, agency managers, and emergency management professionals to use in planning, preparedness, and operations. The EOP is revised and updated on a yearly basis.

B. EPCRA/SARA

Marathon County has approximately 120 facilities subject to SARA Section 311 and Section 312 Reporting Requirements. These facilities meet or exceed the amounts of Hazardous Materials stored on-site as established by the EPA. They are required to annually submit local reports concerning the amounts of these products.

Of these facilities subject to the Reporting Requirements, 51 are identified and subject to Section 302 Planning Requirements. These facilities have extremely hazardous substances on-site that meet or exceed the EPA's published Threshold Planning Quantities for these substances. All of these facilities are considered high-risk, and are required to have an individual "Off-Site Facility Plan" developed in the event there is a chemical release at the facility.

Training

Emergency Management coordinates several training programs for the public sector through state programs and other sources. The intent and primary purposes of the training is for a consistent, planned, and unified response to an incident for all segments throughout the County - from the first on-scene responders (whether it is Fire, Law Enforcement, EMS, Public Works) to the Hazardous Materials Response Emergency Management coordinates the administrative policies and activities of the Marathon County Hazardous Materials Response Team. The Marathon County Hazardous Materials Response Team provides Hazardous Materials Response Service to Townships, Villages, and Cities that are within the Corporate Boundaries of Marathon County. This service area will also include the contracted fire district of Marathon County based fire departments. This service into Team or those who are responsible for making key decisions concerning evacuations. Training has been and will be targeted to a variety of Department, Agencies, and Officials throughout the County.

Grants

Emergency Management actively seeks outside funding sources to enhance the overall Emergency Management Program. These grants are used for program support, training, equipment, and Hazardous Materials Response Team Development.

Exercises

The Office of Emergency Management is involved in several mock disaster drills. These drills or exercises range from the table top variety to full-scale exercises where manpower and equipment is actually deployed. These exercises are developed and designed to test existing Community and Department plans and response procedures to note and correct deficiencies prior to an incident.

Other Ongoing Projects

these contracted fire districts will only be provided by Marathon County if the local jurisdiction does not have Level "B" coverage.

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 640 Emergency Management

		2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
	2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
	Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$	139,107	140,785	140,785	92,829	140,785	Personal Services	\$	153,047	153,047	153,047
	1,191	7,595	7,595	2,733	5,095	Contractual Services		5,095	5,095	5,095
	54,831	47,529	53,527	28,838	56,532	Supplies & Expense		52,733	49,954	49,954
	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	Fixed Charges		2,880	2,880	2,880
	767	18,500	18,500	3,300	1,600	Grants Contributions & Other		18,500	18,500	18,500
	102,360	-	84,976	78,912	84,976	Capital Outlay		-	-	-
\$	299,444	215,597	306,571	207,800	290,176	Total Expenditures	\$	232,255	229,476	229,476
										-
\$	218,728	99,223	169,199	84,812	152,299	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	103,515	103,515	103,515
	1,274	2,200	2,200	1,704	2,200	Public Charges for Services		-	-	-
	15,000	-	20,998	-	20,998	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-
\$	235,002	101,423	192,397	86,516	175,497	Total Revenues	\$	103,515	103,515	103,515
¢	C4 440	444474	444474	404 004	444.070		6	400 740	405.004	405 004
\$	64,442	114,174	114,174	121,284	114,679	TAX LEVY	\$	128,740	125,961	125,961

ADULT CORRECTIONAL

Fund:100General FundOrg1:650Adult Correction

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 2,947,593	3,076,299	3,078,399	1,977,184	3,078,399	Personal Services	\$ 3,265,459	3,186,352	3,186,352
1,478,799	1,533,840	1,540,955	726,226	1,215,715	Contractual Services	1,400,200	1,400,200	1,400,200
107,907	145,929	164,226	75,302	140,659	Supplies & Expense	142,300	142,300	142,300
15,919	14,200	14,485	887	5,000	Building Materials	5,000	5,000	5,000
463	400	400	810	546	Fixed Charges	1,586	1,586	1,586
\$ 4,550,681	4,770,668	4,798,465	2,780,409	4,440,319	Total Expenditures	\$ 4,814,545	4,735,438	4,735,438
\$ 117	-	-	67	100	Taxes	\$ -	-	-
2,100	-	34,440	34,280	34,440	Intergov't Grants & Aid	-	-	-
828,705	606,800	606,800	401,088	607,300	Public Charges for Services	607,300	607,300	607,300
23,500	25,000	25,000	11,287	15,000	Miscellaneous Revenue	20,000	20,000	20,000
	31,004	24,361		744	Other Financing Sources	25,000	25,000	25,000
\$ 854,422	662,804	690,601	446,722	657,584	Total Revenues	\$ 652,300	652,300	652,300
\$ 3,696,259	4,107,864	4,107,864	2,333,687	3,782,735	TAX LEVY	\$ 4,162,245	4,083,138	4,083,138

JUVENILE DETENTION FACILITY

MISSION STATEMENT

In accordance with DOC 346 the procedures and rules contained in this operational plan have been developed to protect the health, safety, and welfare of all juveniles held in the Marathon County Juvenile Detention Facility by maintaining the standards set forth under the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act.

The staff will strive to create a positive environment for the youth detained and provide a wide range of services such as education, visitation, community counseling, continuous support, medical and health care services, nutrition, recreation, and reading which support the juveniles' physical, emotional, spiritual, and social development.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

The Marathon County Juvenile Detention center shall be administered to accomplish the following:

- 1. Allowing the facility to be used as an integral part of the multiple dispositional alternatives available in the juvenile justice code.
- 2. Holding appropriate juveniles accountable for their delinquent activity.
- 3. Impressing upon juveniles the value of freedom and causing them to understand the concept of consequences.

- 4. Teaching juveniles both lifetime and age appropriate skills and recognizing achievement of set goals.
- 5. Minimizing the negative contacts and activities that can occur during incarceration.
- 6. Maximizing productive time of the juveniles in the areas of education, services and programming as well as other beneficial activities.
- 7. Reducing recidivism amongst juveniles.

JUVENILE DETENTION FACILITY

Fund:100 General FundOrg1:253 Juvenile - Sheriff

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 885,092	908,603	908,603	609,053	908,603	Personal Services	\$ 1,014,532	1,014,532	1,014,532
58,541	77,100	77,505	34,458	62,100	Contractual Services	64,600	63,300	63,300
24,831	17,750	18,750	5,910	18,450	Supplies & Expense	19,000	15,400	15,400
-	1,100	2,292	1,800	3,500	Building Materials	3,000	1,100	1,100
950	950	950	950	950	Fixed Charges	2,160	2,160	2,160
14,000	-	-	-	-	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
\$ 983,414	1,005,503	1,008,100	652,171	993,603	Total Expenditures	\$ 1,103,292	1,096,492	1,096,492
\$ 12,048	22,500	22,500	6,094	12,000	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 12,000	12,000	12,000
308,170	276,000	276,000	223,534	256,000	Public Charges for Services	256,000	256,000	256,000
-	-	2,597	-	2,597	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 320,218	298,500	301,097	229,628	270,597	Total Revenues	\$ 268,000	268,000	268,000
\$ 663,196	707,003	707,003	422,543	723,006	TAX LEVY	\$ 835,292	828,492	828,492

SHELTER HOME

MISSION STATEMENT

In accordance with HSS 59 the procedures and rules contained in this operational plan have been developed to protect the health, safety, and welfare of all juveniles, held in the Marathon County Shelter Home by maintaining the standards set forth under the Wisconsin Administrative Code.

The staff will strive to create a positive environment for the youth detained and provide a wide range of services such as education , visitation, community counseling, continuous support, medical and health care services, nutrition, recreation, and reading which support the juveniles' physical, emotional, spiritual and social development.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

The Marathon County Shelter Home shall be administered to accomplish the following:

- 1. Allowing the facility to be used as an integral part of the multiple dispositional alternatives in the juvenile justice code.
- 2. Holding juveniles in need of protection or services including those without a parent, who have been abandoned, or who has been the victim of abuse or who are awaiting a change of placement.
- 3. Holding juveniles when probable cause exists to believe that if not held, the child may cause injury to themselves or others, may runaway, or may not otherwise be available for the proceedings of the court or it officers.

- 4. Teaching juveniles both lifetime and age appropriate skills and recognizing achievements of set goals.
- 5. Minimizing the negative contacts and activities that can occur.
- 6. Maximizing productive time of the juveniles in the areas of education, services and programming as well as other beneficial activities.

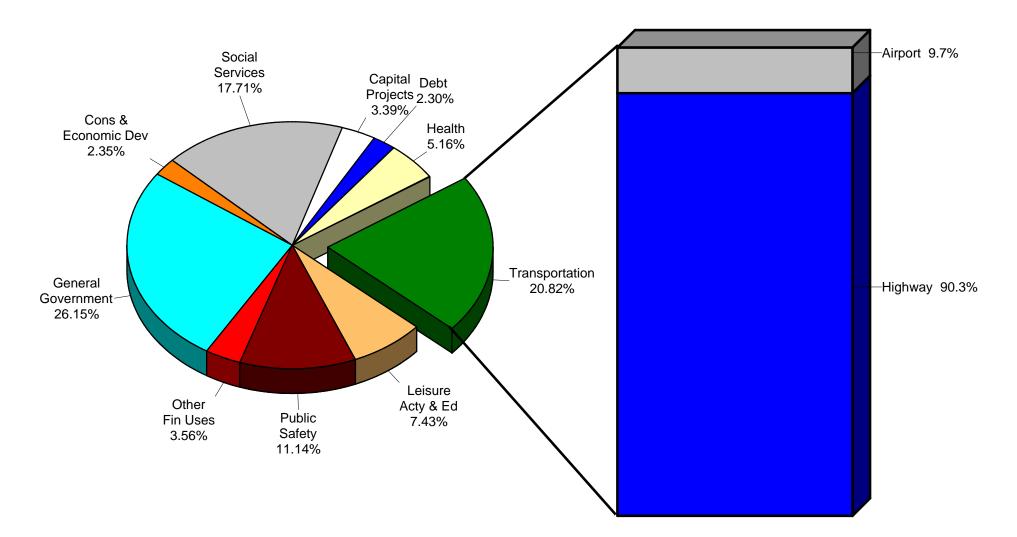
SHELTER HOME

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 254 Shelter Home-Sheriff

		2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
	2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
	Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$	443,642	450,542	450,542	305,310	450,542	Personal Services	\$ 469,389	469,389	469,389
Ť	33,881	43,050	36,050	11,575	24,750	Contractual Services	30,350	29,050	29,050
	7,473	12,875	13,875	4,757	13,665	Supplies & Expense	16,765	12,265	12,265
	-	250	250	200	350	Building Materials	350	350	350
	424	250	250	-	250	Fixed Charges	250	250	250
	-	11,880	12,127	-	10,927	Capital Outlay	10,927	10,927	10,927
\$	485,420	518,847	513,094	321,842	500,484	Total Expenditures	\$ 528,031	522,231	522,231
							-		
\$	8,173	17,000	10,000	2,409	4,500	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 5,000	5,000	5,000
	87,249	13,500	13,500	48,352	50,000	Public Charges for Services	60,000	60,000	60,000
	-	81,000	81,000	623	623	Intergovt Charges for Services	-	-	-
	248	1,200	1,200	-	-	Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-
	-	10,680	11,927	-	11,927	Other Financing Sources	10,927	10,927	10,927
\$	95,670	123,380	117,627	51,384	67,050	Total Revenues	\$ 75,927	75,927	75,927
							-	-	
\$	389,750	395,467	395,467	270,458	433,434	TAX LEVY	\$ 452,104	446,304	446,304

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Transportation Expenses

HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The Highway Department is responsible for road maintenance on 622 miles of County Trunk Highway System. The Highway Department also annually contracts with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation to maintain 292 miles of State and Federal Highway System which includes "double" freeway miles, ramps, etc. The Highway Department also provides technical assistance, financial aid, and various services to other local units of government. These services promote economic development and provide the citizens of Marathon County with an arterial and collector road system to communities within Marathon County.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Administration

The administration division provides support and direction to the various divisions within the Department. Long term planning and direction for the Department is also provided by the administrative staff. This division provides all current information to the public and local governments.

Bituminous Surfacing

The bituminous surfacing program consists of bituminous pavement rehabilitation and overlays. The program does both contracting and in-house bituminous production and laying. This program rehabilitates approximately 27 miles per year.

Bridge Construction

This program provides for the replacement and rehabilitation of local bridges in the county. There are approximately 113 bridges. This program also provides for replacement and upkeep of 20 structures less than 20 feet in length that are constructed in the same manner as bridges. This work can cover a range from minor small repairs to total replacement. The program is used to offset the 80% state funding for bridge replacements. Bridge inspections are conducted on the county bridges biennially.

Local Government

This program provides assistance to the local municipalities including paving, biennial bridge inspection and repair, and group purchasing.

C.T.H.S. MAINTENANCE

General maintenance on county highways consists of all activities that serve to keep the system in serviceable condition. This includes, but is not limited to: pothole repairs, mowing, centerline painting, culvert replacement, ditching, wheel rut repairs, minor overlays, signing and litter control. This program's objective is to maintain a safe and driveable pavement, while protecting the county's investment in quality roads. It also provides for the reconstruction of segments of the County Highway System that do not meet current design standards. Improvements consist of widening the pavement and shoulders, flattening ditch in-slopes, flattening horizontal curves, increasing sight distance, and making drainage improvements.

State Maintenance

This program provides general and winter maintenance on the State Highway System under contract with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

STP Program

The program is used to do major reconstruction with the use of 80% State and Federal funds.

C.T.H.S. Winter Maintenance

Winter maintenance includes the installation of snow fence, equipment set-up, and snow and ice control on county roads.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name:

Highway Dept. – Winter Maintenance

Contact Name: Dan Raczkowski

Brief program description: Plowing, De Icing and Anti icing of County and State highways in Marathon County

Mission: The Marathon County Highway Department will make every effort to maintain all State and County highways in a safe and reasonable condition at all times.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Budgeted Amounts: State - \$920,000.00 County - \$1,160,529.00 Hwy Dept Staff • 5 Supervisors • 19 State Patrolmen • 15 County Patrolmen • 23 Backup Personnel • 11 Equipment Maintenance Personnel Winter Maintenance and Storage Facilities Winter Maintenance Equipment	Plow and apply De Icing and Anti Icing Materials to State and County Highways Respond to Emergency Services calls Communicate with adjoining Counties Provide equipment and staff for 24 hour service when applicable Provide Level of Service information to Local Media Groups	Plow and De Ice 682 miles of County Hwys and 355 miles of State Highways Worked 15983 hours on Winter Maintenance Activities Applied 22060 Gallons of liquid Anti Icing and De Icing materials Spread 15871.15 tons of salt and 1489.46 tons of Sand/Salt on County and State highways Wis. D.O.T. and Marathon County sponsored Public Informational spots and meetings	Motorists travel on a safer driving surface Roadways are open Motorists expectations are met when driving throughout the winter season	Motorists reach their destination safely Motorists experience consistent road conditions Motorists reach their destination in a reasonable amount of time	Motorists are able to safely traverse County and State highways throughout the winter season

Program customer: Motoring Public

Highway Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: Marathon County Highway Dept provides Plowing, De Icing and Anti Icing winter maintenance services on State and County highways in Marathon County.

Program Outcome: Strive to provide safe and reasonable road conditions on State and County highways in Marathon County during Winter Weather events.

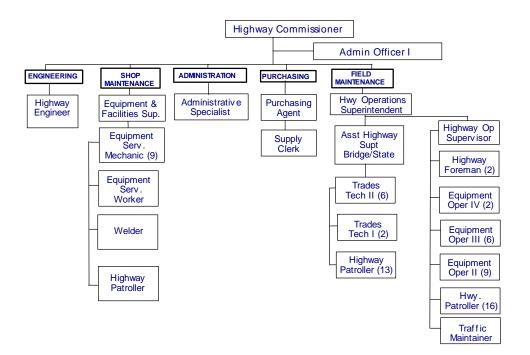
Expected indicators: School Bus drivers for all School Districts in Marathon County surveyed for the 2006-07 winter season, will report that their overall expectations for snow removal on County and State highways in Marathon County were met or exceeded.

Outcomes achieved: Winter Maintenance services averaged a 3.74 rating on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being poor and 5 being excellent. This was the overall rating for services provided on County and State highways in Marathon County for winter 2006 – 2007.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? Overall snow removal expectations were met however survey information indicated that when it has snowed overnight various early Morning School Bus drivers indicated below average satisfaction with the level of early morning service provided. Comments provided indicated a percentage of School Bus drivers would like to see Hwy Dept trucks out earlier in the morning following an overnight storm event.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? Meetings will be held with Highway Dept employees to gain insight and develop strategies to improve early morning service levels on certain County Highways. Changes to snow removal equipment will also be monitored throughout the winter season to help determine if upgrading equipment will improve the level of services delivered.

HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT



Note: Reporting relationship changes at different times of the year.

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	71.00	72.00	73.00	72.00	72.00	72.00
Non-Union (FTE)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	8.00	7.00	7.00
Total	89.00	89.00	89.00	89.00	81.00	82.00	82.00	80.00	79.00	79.00

HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

800 Highway Fund 265 County Highway Fund:

Org1:

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 8,343,503	11,600,599	11,600,599	5,583,760	11,295,956	Personal Services	\$ 12,050,169	12,050,169	12,050,169
155,268	208,840	208,840	112,963	207,940	Contractual Services	215,280	215,280	215,280
971,920	2,667,674	2,667,674	1,591,630	2,703,174	Supplies & Expense	2,841,200	2,841,200	2,841,200
10,130,732	8,529,429	8,474,429	4,101,098	8,901,087	Building Material	9,835,477	8,535,477	8,520,477
4,745,467	4,752,500	4,752,500	2,195,374	4,758,784	Fixed Charges	4,928,336	4,928,336	4,928,336
270,063	1,211,000	1,266,000	472,627	1,211,000	Capital Outlay	1,269,000	1,179,000	1,179,000
(6,237,373)	-	-	-	-	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 18,379,580	28,970,042	28,970,042	14,057,452	29,077,941	Total Expenditures	\$ 31,139,462	29,749,462	29,734,462
\$ 4,904,240	4,117,000	4,117,000	3,028,638	4,255,366	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 3,628,000	3,628,000	3,628,000
21,227	8,200	8,200	26,692	30,000	Licenses and Permits	9,000	9,000	9,000
4,238,176	16,002,767	16,002,767	7,467,158	15,961,291	Intergov't Charges for Serv	16,813,538	16,813,538	16,813,538
1,116,308	190,066	190,066	853,912	1,111,644	Miscellaneous Revenue	574,500	574,500	574,500
1,610,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	Other Financing Sources	-	315,000	300,000
\$ 11,889,951	20,718,033	20,718,033	11,776,400	21,758,301	Total Revenues	\$ 21,025,038	21,340,038	21,325,038
\$ 6,489,629	8,252,009	8,252,009	2,281,052	7,319,640	TAX LEVY	\$ 10,114,424	8,409,424	8,409,424

HIGHWAY ROAD IMPROVEMENT

Fund:	802 Highway Road Improvement Fund
Org1:	265 County Highway

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 172	429,001	429,001	216,896	321,249	Personal Services	\$-	-	-
181,447	-	20,000	22,769	16,712	Contractual Services	-	-	-
33,412	1,740,999	1,740,999	409,140	828,751	Building Material	-	-	-
2	380,000	380,000	22,115	250,000	Fixed Charges	-	-	-
419,861	-	-	-	-	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
323,243	-	5,100,000	-	-	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 958,137	2,550,000	7,670,000	670,920	1,416,712	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ 489,345	-		16,712	16,712	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$-	-	-
-	-	20,000	-	-	Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-
373,243	2,550,000	7,650,000	-	2,550,000	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 862,588	2,550,000	7,670,000	16,712	2,566,712	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ 95,549	-	-	654,208	(1,150,000)	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

CENTRAL WISCONSIN AIRPORT

MISSION STATEMENT

The Central Wisconsin Airport Board is charged with the and economical operation efficient safe. and development of Central Wisconsin Regional Airport. Staff provides the planning, construction, maintenance and operations of the electrical and water distribution systems, the roadways, parking lots, runways, air navigational aids, lighting systems, buildings and grounds located at Central Wisconsin Airport (CWA). The terminal building is the busiest building located in the Central Wisconsin Region.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

The Joint Airport Board and staff of 26 operate and develop the transportation hub for a nine county region of central and north central Wisconsin. To accomplish this, the Airport renders the following services:

Air Terminal Operation

CWA operates and maintains the terminal building and systems that provide the interface between the ground transportation and aircraft. The building, roadways, water and sewer, electrical distribution, telecommunications system and parking facilities are operated and maintained to assure that airline service is available to the region.

Airfield Operations

CWA operates the airfield according to Federal and State mandates. The pavements, safety areas, lighting and markings are maintained to assure safe and reliable air transportation. The airport maintenance staff provides all snow and ice control for the facility.

Safety and Security Programs

Federally mandated safety and security programs are implemented and maintained by Airport employees. Twenty four hours a day CWA operates aircraft fire fighting equipment and provides the primary security for both commercial and private aviation.

Air Traffic Control and Landing Air Operation and Maintenance

Airport personnel operate and maintain the equipment used in the air traffic control tower. CWA installs and maintains air navigational aids used to provide aircraft with routes to and from CWA including radios, radar, nondirectional beacon and automated weather reporting systems.

Vehicle Maintenance

CWA personnel operate and maintain the vehicular equipment used to maintain the airfield, plow snow and control ice, fight fires, and mow grass. The Airport operates more than two and one half million dollars worth of airfield maintenance equipment.

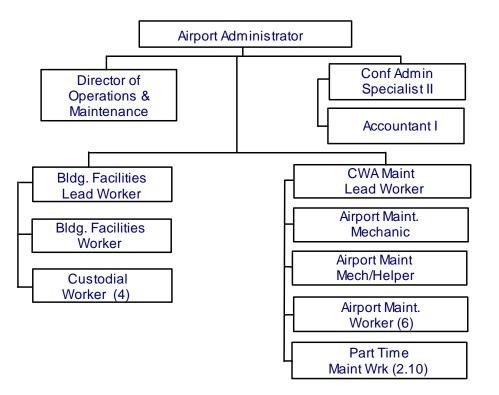
Tenant Leasing

The Joint Airport Board – through the Airport Manager – administers leases with airlines, care rental agencies, aircraft hanger tenants, the restaurant, fixed base operator, and other tenants. They also promote air service, assure aviation safety and procure funding for airport development.

Education Programs

Airport staff works with area primary and secondary schools to offer educational opportunities to students. The airport sponsors Carrier Days for area high schools, provides airport tours for primary schools and coordinates business tours and flights for middle and secondary schools.

CENTRAL WISCONSIN AIRPORT



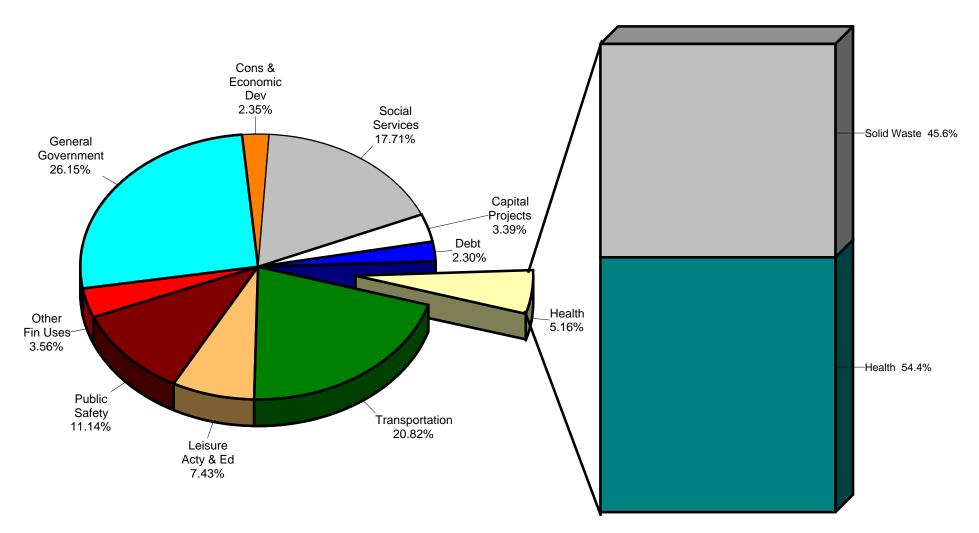
Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	17.50	18.50	18.10	18.10	18.10	17.10	17.10	18.10	18.10	18.10
Non-Union (FTE)	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total	19.50	20.50	21.10	21.10	21.10	20.10	20.10	21.10	21.10	21.10

CENTRAL WISCONSIN AIRPORT

Fund:700AirportFundOrg1:300Central Wisconsin Airport

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 1,288,514	1,372,831	1,372,831	884,828	1,372,831	Personal Services	\$ 1,456,297	1,456,297	1,456,297
665,027	716,860	402,860	229,860	716,860	Contractual Services	399,300	399,300	399,300
271,145	317,400	317,400	160,901	317,400	Supplies and Expense	339,170	339,170	339,170
10,636	21,500	21,500	8,311	21,500	Building Material	21,800	21,800	21,800
2,079,624	60,395	60,395	58,895	60,395	Fixed Charges	67,750	67,750	67,750
10,665	146,014	146,014	56,935	146,014	Capital Outlay	374,625	374,625	374,625
461,532	565,470	565,470	415,845	565,470	Other Financing Uses	549,178	549,178	549,178
\$ 4,787,143	3,200,470	2,886,470	1,815,575	3,200,470	Total Expenditures	\$ 3,208,120	3,208,120	3,208,120
\$ 287	-	-	205	-	Taxes	\$-	-	-
2,965,490	2,388,000	2,388,000	2,005,231	2,756,500	Public Charges for Services	2,719,900	2,719,900	2,719,900
 315,486	314,000	-	-	-	Intergov't Charges for Serv	-	-	-
 1,022,588	-	-	117,316	142,360	Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-
-	498,470	498,470	-	503,470	Other Financing Sources	488,220	488,220	488,220
\$ 4,303,851	3,200,470	2,886,470	2,122,752	3,402,330	Total Revenues	\$ 3,208,120	3,208,120	3,208,120
\$ 483,292	-	-	(307,177)	(201,860)	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Health Expenses

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

To link and empower individuals, families and systems to promote health, prevent disease, and protect the environment, thereby strengthening our communities.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Chronic Disease Prevention Program Team:

The Chronic Disease Prevention Program Team works on activities to reduce the incidence and burden of chronic disease within our community. Specific programs include tobacco cessation and prevention programs, older adult case management and health education, injury prevention, hearing and vision screening, and dental health services.

Communicable Disease/Public Health Laboratory Team:

The CD/Lab Team is responsible for monitoring and controlling infectious diseases. This is accomplished through the following programs: Water Testing Lab, STD (sexually transmitted disease) and Immunization clinics, TB program, Hepatitis B & C programs, Rabies program, International Travel, Bioterrorism, Communicable Disease follow-up, Head Lice, and West Nile Virus surveillance.

Environmental Health Program Team:

The Environmental Health Program Team identifies, investigates, controls, and/or prevents health hazards in the community. Public health sanitarians seek to promote environmental health through individuals, industry, business, community initiatives, and the enforcement of public health regulations. As an agent of the State of Wisconsin, the program licenses and regulates all public food, lodging, camping, pools and mobile home parks in the County.

Parent Child Health Program Team:

The Parent Child Health Program Team provides public health interventions to families residing in Marathon County. Specific program areas include care coordination services for pregnant women, breastfeeding promotion, Start Right, childhood injury prevention and safety education to families. Some of the population health outcomes critical to realizing the vision of MCHD that the public health nurses on the PCH program are working toward include:

- Improving access to early and regular prenatal care
- Decreasing premature births and low birth weight babies
- Improved child health outcomes related to breastfeeding by increasing the duration of breastfeeding for 1 month or greater if breastfeeding is initiated
- Decreasing the rate of child abuse and neglect

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department: Health

Brief program description: Start Right is a program that offers parenting education and support to all families of newborn to three-year-old children in Marathon County. Services are provided by public health nurses, paraprofessional family visitors, and a network of Family Resource Centers.

Program customer:	Families of newborn to three-year-old children in Marathon County
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Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Marathon County Health Department (MCHD)PStaff:wPublic Health Nurses (PHN)PParent Child Health (PCH) Program ManagerofChildren's Service 	Activities PHN initial contact & assessment of families within 10-14 days of birth PHN Home Visit (when accepted—approx. 50% of families) Referral to FV—if indicated by family need and/or desire (approx. 15% of families) Development of Family Support Plan FV in-home visits over child's first three years of life to teach parenting curriculum, assess needs, and refer to community resources. Annual assessment of child development Family Resource Center classes, drop-in playtime, consultations, and support groups.	Outputs# of PHN phone contacts & home visits# of families who accept a FV referral# of families who receive FV services# of FV visits# of FRC programs directed towards Start Right population# of people (adults & children) who attend FRC programs	Initial Outcomes Parents will understand their parenting support options and select options that best meet their needs (PHN Visit, Family Visitor, and FRC Activities) Parents will understand and use positive parenting techniques and develop appropriate expectations for their baby's development. Families understand the need for internal (i.e. family, friends, books, Internet, etc.) & external (i.e. Start Right, health care providers, Job Center, counseling, etc.) support systems and use them. Families can identify where/when to seek help.	Intermediate Outcomes Children will not be abused or neglected. Children will not enter out-of-home placements. Children will be fully immunized. Children will have an identified primary health care provider. Children will have well child exams on the schedule recommended by the American Academy of Pediatrics. Parents will access early preventive health care for their children Children will be well nourished. Developmental delays will be identified and children with delays will be referred to and receive early intervention services.	Long-term Outcomes Children will be safe in their family's home. Children will be "school-ready" when they begin school. Children will experience the most fulfilling and nurturing relationship possible with their parents.

Health Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: The purpose of Start Right is raise healthy, productive children by strengthen families through parenting education and support. The program has three service components: 1) Public health nursing services for parents of newborns; 2) Long-term family visiting services to parents and their children birth to 3 years of age; and 3) Parenting classes and support through one of the eight Family Resource Centers.

Program Outcome: Parents will understand and use positive parenting techniques and develop appropriate expectations for their baby's development.

Expected indicator #2: After one year of family visiting service, 80% of families will score at the median or higher on the HOME inventory in all of the subscales.

Outcomes achieved: In 2006, 89% of all families scored at median or higher on all HOME subscales. The following table shows percentage by age of child.

Percentage of families at the median or higher on all HOME subscales:

- 86% of families with a child 6 months old (19 of 22 families)
- 84% of families with a child 12 months old (21 of 25 families)
- 97% of families with a child 24 months old (31 of 32 families)
- 80% of families with a child 36 months old (8 of 10 families)

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? The HOME is a tool that measures positive parent-child interaction. Scores below the cut-off caution value indicate a potential concern for the child and family that could impact the child's development and early learning. The 2006 data demonstrates that 89% of families had a home environment that supports a child's development and early learning in terms of: providing learning materials, The HOME is a tool measures positive parent-child interaction. Scores below the cut-off caution value indicate a potential concern for the child and family that could impact the child's development and early learning in terms of: providing learning materials, The HOME is a tool measures positive parent-child interaction. Scores below the cut-off caution value indicate a potential concern for the child and family that could impact the child's development and early learning.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? The HOME tool enables more focus parenting education and support services to those families who score below the cut-off caution value.

Health Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: The purpose of Start Right is raise healthy, productive children by strengthen families through parenting education and support. The program has three service components: 1) Public health nursing services for parents of newborns; 2) Long-term family visiting services to parents and their children birth to 3 years of age; and 3) Parenting classes and support through one of the eight Family Resource Centers.

Program Outcome: Parents will understand and use positive parenting techniques and develop appropriate expectations for their baby's development.

Expected indicator #1: After one year of family visiting service, 70 % of parents will increase their knowledge about parenting and will use that knowledge as they parent. This will be measured by a pre-test and post-test of parenting knowledge at one year.

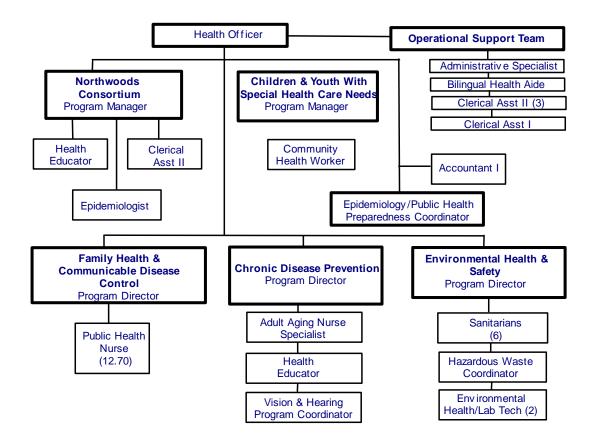
Outcomes achieved: In 2006, 84% of parents' knowledge level increased or stayed the same. The following table shows the change in parenting knowledge in 2005 and 2006.

Parents improved or stayed the same:	83%	84%
Parenting knowledge scores improved: Parenting knowledge scores stayed the same: Parenting knowledge scores decreased:	61% 22% 17%	52% 32% 16%
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? Based upon 2006 data, approximately 16% of parents served did not demonstrate change in parenting knowledge, while 84% either increased their knowledge or stayed the same. This is consistent with findings from 2005. The outcome data suggests that we need to re-evaluate the parenting education materials use among families who did not demonstrate an increase in knowledge, to determine if there are more effective teaching methods. In addition, the pre-test tool may be

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? In 2007, instead of looking at only improvements in parenting knowledge, we will also measure overall scores to assure parents have basic knowledge on parenting. In addition, the HOME score has been added as another outcome measure. We have also conducted a complete program evaluation in 2007, and will be reviewing our pre-test and post-test tool.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	33.25	33.75	36.25	33.85	32.65	34.45	35.95	37.70	37.70	37.70
Non-Union (FTE)	4.00	4.00	4.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Total	37.25	37.75	40.25	39.85	38.65	41.45	42.95	44.70	44.70	44.70

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Fund:100 General FundOrg1:315 Health Department

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		F	Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 2,772,435	3,117,826	3,579,261	1,929,836	3,551,336	Personal Services	\$	3,228,355	3,228,355	3,228,355
1,126,024	1,093,543	1,384,400	566,643	1,545,154	Contractual Services		1,026,654	1,026,654	1,026,654
236,569	209,546	384,024	133,753	342,312	Supplies & Expense		190,572	190,572	190,572
5,605	3,000	6,067	2,179	6,067	Grants Contributions & Other		3,000	3,000	3,000
-	-	21,094	21,094	21,094	Other Financing Uses		-	-	-
\$ 4,140,633	4,423,915	5,374,846	2,653,505	5,465,963	Total Expenditures	\$	4,448,581	4,448,581	4,448,581
\$ 1,167,928	1,306,195	1,468,059	781,629	1,631,038	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	1,304,534	1,304,534	1,304,534
531,217	523,694	523,695	461,446	565,521	Public Charges for Services		476,869	476,869	476,869
7,316	13,572	13,572	3,720	14,862	Intergov't Charges for Serv		13,572	13,572	13,572
154,716	135,972	145,972	151,392	161,910	Miscellaneous Revenue		137,178	137,178	137,178
-	-	779,066	-	774,806	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-
\$ 1,861,177	1,979,433	2,930,364	1,398,187	3,148,137	Total Revenues	\$	1,932,153	1,932,153	1,932,153
\$ 2,279,456	2,444,482	2,444,482	1,255,318	2,317,826	TAX LEVY	\$	2,516,428	2,516,428	2,516,428

SOLID WASTE

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Solid Waste Management Board is to provide the residents and industry of this county with an environmentally safe and cost effective integrated waste management system for non-hazardous solid waste.

The waste management system should present alternatives for complying with Wisconsin waste disposal regulations. This system should consist of a landfill, a recycling program, a composting program, and a waste to energy process. It should also promote and provide solutions to household hazardous waste disposal.

This system should encourage the participation of private enterprise as well as promote cooperation between other units of government for management and fiscal responsibility. The County will control the materials going into the landfill and promote paper processing. This provides a high degree of assurance that access, long term care, and environmental integrity will be attained, and that only those materials that have no value, use, or known hazard are deposited in the landfill.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Landfill Disposal

The Solid Waste Department provides for the disposal of over 95,000 tons of residential, commercial, and industrial waste per year at its landfill in Ringle. It is responsible for the planning, designing, construction and operation of a facility that meets or exceeds all state and federal regulations. Revenues derived from the operation of the landfill provide all of the funding needed to operate the department.

Household Hazardous Waste Facility

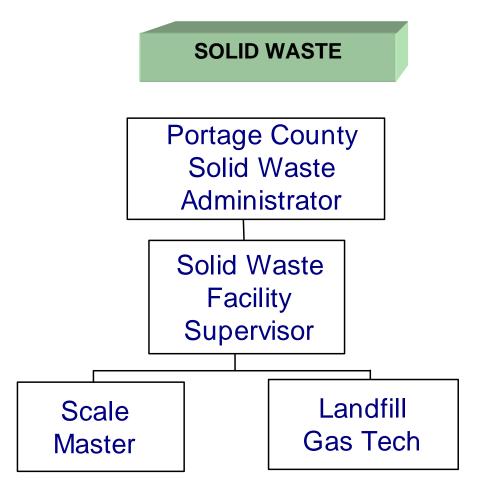
In 1997, a permanent household hazardous waste facility opened in the Schofield Industrial Park. This facility evolved from the Cleansweep programs begun in 1985. The facility is open four days per month for both homeowners and Very Small Quantity Generators to use. Making the public aware to the hazards associated with many of the products used by it is a key element to this program. The success of this program has been largely due to the Health Department's involvement. Under the guidance of its Hazardous Waste Coordinator, the program has grown to meet the needs of the county.

Landfill Long Term Care

In 1993, the Area A landfill closed. For the next forty years, responsibility for the maintenance and integrity of that site belongs to Marathon County. This Department sees that this is accomplished. Monies were put aside during the years that the site was operating for this. The Long Term Care Fund for the Area B landfill is also fully funded. This site is expected to remain open until the year 2010.

Environmental Repair Fund

At the urging of the Holtz-Krause Steering Committee in 1992, a fund was established to help remediate old, leaking disposal sites. Up to twenty-five percent of the cost of remediation to a community may be obtained from this fund. To date, four communities have received over \$1,780,000. The fund retains \$710,000 for future remediation work that may be needed in Marathon County.



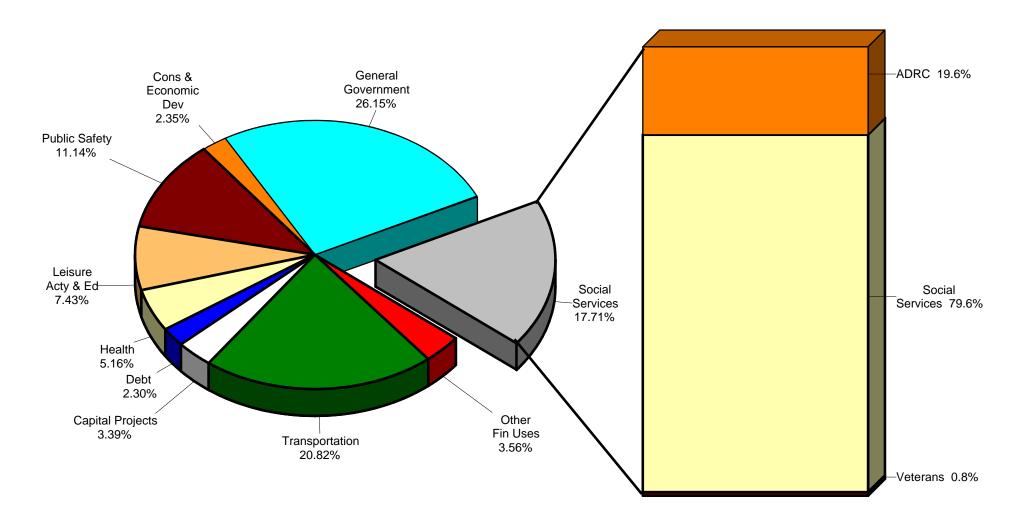
Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	2.00
Non-Union (FTE)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	3.00

SOLID WASTE

Fund:750Solid Waste FundOrg1:445Solid Waste Department

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	08/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 223,062	330,551	330,551	171,439	330,551	Personal Services	\$ 204,319	204,319	204,319
1,434,341	1,317,984	1,317,984	746,120	1,317,984	Contractual Services	1,526,800	1,526,800	1,526,800
11,228	21,278	21,278	14,625	21,278	Supplies & Expense	29,600	29,600	29,600
812,389	471,149	471,149	30,563	471,149	Fixed Charges	557,060	557,060	557,060
30,000	30,000	30,000	65,000	65,000	Grants Contributions & Other	95,000	95,000	95,000
	2,078,050	2,078,050	241,750	2,043,050	Capital Outlay	1,094,000	1,094,000	1,094,000
417,196	640,837	640,837	289,395	848,607	Other Financing Uses	217,021	217,021	217,021
\$ 2,928,216	4,889,849	4,889,849	1,558,892	5,097,619	Total Expenditures	\$ 3,723,800	3,723,800	3,723,800
\$ 16,485	22,000	22,000	-	11,000	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 31,000	31,000	31,000
1,494,878	2,009,680	2,009,680	1,203,506	2,009,680	Public Charges for Services	2,130,200	2,130,200	2,130,200
22,000	-	-	11,000	11,000	Intergov't Charges for Serv	-	-	-
877,161	556,600	556,600	691,819	1,156,600	Miscellaneous Revenue	291,600	291,600	291,600
417,196	2,301,569	2,301,569	289,395	2,509,339	Other Financing Sources	1,271,000	1,271,000	1,271,000
\$ 2,827,720	4,889,849	4,889,849	2,195,720	5,697,619	Total Revenues	\$ 3,723,800	3,723,800	3,723,800
\$ 100,496	-	-	(636,828)	(600,000)	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Social Services Expenses

SOCIAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

To meet the unmet basic human needs of vulnerable Marathon County residents.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Adult and Children Services - Access and Assessment

The Access Unit provides information and referral to the general public concerning community resources and agency services. Requests for services are processed based on eligibility and availability.

The Department is mandated by statue to respond to reports of alleged child maltreatment or delinquency. The goal is to intervene on behalf of the community for the benefit of children and their families to provide protection to children and assist families in finding remedies for the challenges of abuse, neglect, exploitation or delinquency.

Social workers also respond when concerns are expressed for families experiencing crisis and problems. The focus of the intervention is to provide information about community and agency services to enhance families functioning and prevent future problems.

Child Welfare

There are three family and children service units providing ongoing services based on requests/referrals made through the

Access and Assessment unit. The Department's primary involvement with families is based on service needs of delinquents or children in need of protection. To the extent possible, the Department has specialized services for these three groups in separate units. Juveniles referred as a result of alleged delinquent activity are assigned to a court intake worker for assessment. This assessment leads to an informal or formal disposition. Formal dispositions require referral to the District Attorney and Juvenile Court involvement. Informal dispositions take the form of several lesser consequences for the youth. Other court ordered or state required services are handled by Department staff as well. Those services that are not directly provided by social work and support staff are often arranged or purchased and managed by social workers.

Most child welfare services assigned as department responsibilities are implemented as a combination of case management, direct service and purchased services. They are directed at one of two goals: keeping children safe at home or providing an appropriate home-like or treatment setting away from home. The Department's responsibility in matters of delinquency supervision is a third goal of protecting the community. Accomplishing these goals may require the application of one or a number of services along a continuum.

Direct Services

Although case management has become more the norm in service delivery, counseling and problem solving are still important functions of social work. For the day to day issues faced by parents lacking in parenting skills or facing extraordinary life circumstances, support staff teach parenting and coping skills. Social workers are charged with the task of engaging parents and youth in a process of behavior change which requires both the ability to establish rapport and to hold people accountable for their decisions.

Purchased Services

There are services which the Department is not staffed to provide or which are of a specialized nature where purchasing is the best option. Examples include: treatment foster care, group care, child caring and correctional institution services, intensive supervision and aftercare, intensive in home treatment, parent aide, independent living services, supportive home care, personal care, transportation, child care, respite care and interpreter services.

Adult Services

Social work staff in this unit assists clients in need of increased resources or improved coping skills to face day to day problems most of us might take for granted. Conditions which necessitate outside assistance include physical and mental impairments, developmental disabilities, alcohol and drug dependency and the infirmities of aging. The primary emphasis is placed on services to the elderly and physically disabled.

Staff, in accordance with the client and family, assess needs, plan for services and manage the established plan. With a focus on serving people in their own homes, a continuum of services are employed. When at all possible, the clients' natural supports, i.e., family, friends and neighbors, are included in the plan of service. The Department purchases services on behalf of clients, supporting plans to keep people at home and maintain their quality of life. When living independently at home is no longer an option, the most "home like" alternative is sought in an adult foster home or community based residential facility.

Economic Support

The Economic Support function is to determine eligibility and maintain benefits for the following federal, state and local programs: Food Stamps, Medical Assistance, and Kinship Care. Economic Support also has the responsibility for determining Child Care co-payments and reimbursing child care providers for their services.

The Low Income Energy Assistance Program which assists recipients with heating costs is administered by Economic Support through a contract with Energy Services Inc. All county residents who meet the financial and non-financial requirements for these programs are eligible for benefits. Each of the programs help to provide a healthier life for the recipients.

Child Support

The purpose of the Marathon County Child Support Program is to collect child support payments from parents who do not reside with their children. Through the collection of support, the program serves to hold parents responsible for supporting their children, to ensure the economic well-being of children and the financial stability of single-parent families, and to reduce the costs to tax payers of financial assistance programs. The child support agency is responsible for coordinating the delivery of child support services with other agencies such as the Courts, Clerk of Courts, Corporation Counsel and Sheriff's Department. Program services are provided to all custodial parents who are in need of child support services regardless of their income.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: Marathon County Social Services/Food Stamp Eligibility Determination Contact Name: Jane Huebsch

Brief program description: Determine eligibility for the State/Federal Food Stamp program in an accurate and timely fashion.

Mission: Increase food purchasing power of low-income individuals and families.

Program customer: Low-income individuals and families

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Budget: \$422,280	 Screen customers for potential eligibility for food 	 # of: Households reviewed for 	Customers are aware of their entitled food stamp benefits.	Eligible customers receive benefit in timely fashion.	The health and economic security of our customers is
Agency Staff	stamps.	potential eligibility.	stamp benefits.		improved.
Facilities	 Complete intake eligibility process. 	 Households receiving food stamp benefits. 	Customers learn how their food stamps can be used.	Customers have more financial capacity to purchase food for themselves and their	
Equipment				family members.	
Community Partners: Referral agencies McDET	 Complete regular review on continuing eligibility. 	 Dollar amount of benefits received by those households. 			
State of Wisconsin	 Provide routine case maintenance, i.e.; answer 	Intake appointments completed.			
	phone, mail, in person inquires.	Review appointments completed.			

Social Services Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information:

The Economic Support Unit within the Department of Social Services determines eligibility for the FoodShare program for individuals and families within Marathon County.

This program helps low-income individuals and families to obtain a more nutritious diet. FoodShare is available to families, single adults, disabled individuals and SSI (Supplemental Security Income) recipients. Each household must meet income and asset needs tests. The FoodShare program is meant to supplement a household's income to purchase food. It is not meant to provide complete monthly food purchases for a household.

Program Outcome:

- 1 Households who apply and are eligible for foodshare benefits receive their benefits within 30 days.
- 2 Households receiving foodshare will increase their ability to pay other expenses.

Expected indicators:

- 1 By 2008, 90% of all foodshare cases will be processed within the 30-day time limit set by the State.
- 2 By 2008, 80% of foodshare recipients surveyed will agree that their ability to meet living expenses have increase since going on foodshare.

Outcomes achieved:

1 – The County Agency Scorecard is currently showing that foodshare applications were being processed and benefits issued within the 30-day process in 93% of all foodshare cases. (This is the average percent based on information from 5/06 - 4/07 reports.) 2 – Our latest Customer Survey, completed in November 2006, reported that 86% of the cases that were receiving foodshare benefits felt that they were able to pay more of their household bills once they began receiving foodshare benefits.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome?

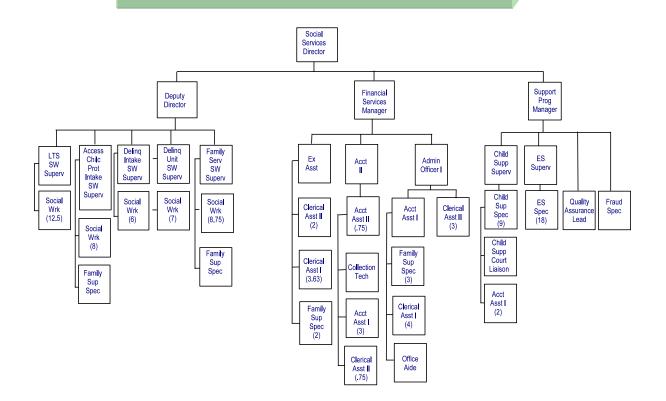
The outcomes confirmed that staff is aware of the need to process application in the necessary time frame so that individuals and families receive the benefits they are entitled to. Also shows that customers are using their foodshare benefits to supplement their current income so they are able to pay other financial obligations.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program?

1 - We need to continue to work with Economic Support staff on the timeliness of application. Possibly coming up with a better means of tracking the application date.

2 - Continue to make customer aware of the benefit of receiving foodshare. Results prove that most customers find the help useful in meeting their monthly budgets.

SOCIAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	76.25	89.88	90.38	90.38	89.88	97.88	99.13	100.63	101.38	101.38
Non-Union (FTE)	15.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
Total	91.25	105.88	106.38	106.38	104.88	112.88	114.13	114.63	115.38	115.38

SOCIAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Fund:175Social Improvement FundOrg1:455Social Services Department

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 6,112,087	6,636,726	6,636,726	4,222,178	6,630,726	Personal Services	\$	7,105,573	6,995,525	6,995,525
688,743	704,629	704,629	374,125	720,972	Contractual Services		749,040	722,316	722,316
235,489	244,420	240,320	152,491	227,646	Supplies & Expense		255,170	255,170	255,170
382,124	303,507	303,507	178,776	297,306	Fixed Charges		301,949	301,949	301,949
12,771,376	12,721,557	12,733,455	8,166,698	13,332,349	Grants Contributions & Other		13,625,980	12,889,245	12,889,245
5,006	-	8,600	8,533	8,600	Capital Outlay		-	-	-
\$ 20,194,825	20,610,839	20,627,237	13,102,801	21,217,599	Total Expenditures	\$	22,037,712	21,164,205	21,164,205
\$ 12,531,031	12,533,376	12,549,774	9,601,206	13,120,630	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	12,813,227	12,816,159	12,816,159
862,538	741,000	741,000	541,151	662,300	Public Charges for Services		616,500	681,500	681,500
248,247	509,392	509,392	206,775	492,696	Miscellaneous Revenue		298,082	323,082	323,082
\$ 13,641,816	13,783,768	13,800,166	10,349,132	14,275,626	Total Revenues	\$	13,727,809	13,820,741	13,820,741
\$ 6,553,009	6,827,071	6,827,071	2,753,669	6,941,973	TAX LEVY	\$	8,309,903	7,343,464	7,343,464

CHILD SUPPORT

Fund:175Social Improvement FundOrg1:554Child Support

		2007	2007					2008	2008	2008			
	2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007			Requested	Recommended	Adopted			
	Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget			
\$	1,019,116	1,025,915	1,025,915	630,462	1,025,915	Personal Services	\$	1,109,347	1,109,347	1,109,347			
	27,407	40,200	40,200	9,332	35,532	Contractual Services		39,450	39,450	39,450			
	2,693	6,250	6,250	2,376	3,666	Supplies & Expense		4,850	4,850	4,850			
\$	1,049,216	1,072,365	1,072,365	642,170	1,065,113	Total Expenditures	\$	1,153,647	1,153,647	1,153,647			
\$	1,284,676	839,606	839,606	724,374	969,843	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	814,380	920,059	920,059			
	16,987	15,000	15,000	9,332	16,320	Public Charges for Services		11,000	11,000	11,000			
	32,005	30,000	30,000	15,380	27,000	Miscellaneous Revenue		27,000	27,000	27,000			
\$	1,333,668	884,606	884,606	749,086	1,013,163	Total Revenues	\$	852,380	958,059	958,059			
\$	(284,452)	187,759	187,759	(106,916)	51,950	TAX LEVY	\$	301,267	195,588	195,588			

AGING AND DISABILITY RESOURCE CENTER-CW

MISSION STATEMENT

Marathon County's Aging and Disability Resource Center's mission is to prevent, delay and lessen the impacts of aging and chronic illness in the lives of adults. Our picture of success (vision) is that all persons in Marathon County experiencing the impacts of aging, disabilities, and chronic health conditions have the opportunity to live with dignity, respect, health and purpose.

Everything we do is available to area seniors age 60 and older, regardless of income or state of health. We provide information and assistance if you are 18 or older and are physically or developmentally challenged. We also extend our resources to your caregivers, family and friends.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Benefit Specialist

Advocates trained and monitored by elder law attorneys to:

- Provide accurate, current information on public and private benefit programs including, but not limited to, Medicare, supplemental insurance, patient assistance drug program, SSI, Medicaid and consumer problems;
- Assist in organizing your paperwork and applying for benefits;

- Advocate on your behalf to obtain the level of benefits you are entitled to;
- Represent you in appealing denial of benefits;
- Provide public education on the rights, benefits, or entitlements of older persons.

Nutrition

Meals are served at a number of locations in the county. In home meal delivery is also available to those unable to travel or prepare a meal. Physician-directed special diets can be accommodated.

Adult Day Services

Health, social and support services are available in a protective setting during day hours. Designed to meet the emotional and intellectual needs of older persons experiencing decrease in physical, mental and social functions. Provides qualified reliable backup for caregivers when needed.

Volunteer Opportunities

People are always needed to teach classes, deliver homebound meals, provide rides and other services. The work of the Resource Center is done by an effective combination of trained staff and through the contributions of hundreds of volunteers.

Lakeview Center

Our public meeting place and activity center is located at 1000 Lakeview Drive in Wausau. Meeting rooms are available by reservation. We have a full gym, swimming pool, hospitality room for card playing, ping pong, billiards, crafts, woodworking, TV watching, relaxing and much more.

Aging and Disability Specialists

Trained professionals are available to help you:

- Find the appropriate agency for a special need or to obtain a service you're entitled to, but not receiving;
- Provide long-term care counseling for you, your family, friends or caregivers;
- Assist with your future planning through practical prevention and early intervention;
- Assure complete confidentiality in cases of physical, mental, financial or material abuse.

Family Caregivers Support

Supports caregivers in their roles and keeps Marathon County residents as independent as possible within the community. Family, friends, neighbors, church members and volunteers serve as support for this program. Through coordination of formal and informal services the abilities of the caregiver are maintained and improved.

Geriatric Assessment Center

Provides assessment for persons experiencing memory loss with the intention of early identification of Alzheimer's and other dementia. The Geriatric Assessment Center also houses a major research project sponsored by the Department of Health and Family Services. This project is a health promotion and disability prevention program. Recipients receive an annual assessment by a geriatric nurse practitioner and at least quarterly follow up. The intended result is to promote good health and prevent or delay days of disability or permanent nursing home placement for health adults age 75 and older.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: Aging and Disability Resource Center

Contact Name: Deb Menacher

Brief program description: Senior Nutrition Access Coupons (SNAC) offers an alternative to rural congregate nutrition dining through restaurant vouchers.

Mission: To prevent, delay and lessen the impact of disability, aging and chronic conditions in the lives of adults.

Program customer: Persons over age 60 and spouses.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff Budget (Federal OAA/donations) Volunteers Supplies Restaurant staff Clients/Older Adults (Approx. 500)	 Provide opportunity for socialization. Provide a well-balanced meal. Conduct annual nutrition assessment. Provide nutritional education. 	Number of meals served by time of day and location. Number of older adults using restaurants. Number of meals served in a week per client. Number of consumers broken down by: Age Gender Geographical area Race Nutritional risk score	Older adult participates in SNAC program on a regular basis. Older adult increases awareness of good nutritional intake.	Older adult maintains or increases social contact through the SNAC program. Older adult improves nutritional intake. Older adult decreases nutritional risk.	Older adult decreases isolation. Older adult maintains or improves health status. Older adult experiences moderate-low nutritional risk. Ultimate Outcome Older adult maintains independence in the community.

Aging and Disability Resource Center-CW **Outcome Measurement Report**

Program Information: The ADRC-CW offers a meal program called Senior Nutrition Access Coupon (SNAC). The program aims to serve both the need for nutrition and socialization for rural residents. Meals are provided in selected restaurants through the use of a coupon. Customers of the program must answer questions that calculate a nutritional risk score (NRS) and a socialization risk score (SRS) on an annual basis.

Program Outcome: Customer increases social contact through the SNAC program.

Expected Indicators: Within 12 months of using program, regular customers (uses coupon at least 6 times per month) reports satisfaction with level of social activity and reports increased opportunities for socialization.

Outcomes achieved:

The following report was prepared based on a sampling of 41 SNAC customers who used their coupons at least 6 times per month. The results are calculated from two consecutive surveys completed by customers.

	Previous NRS*	Most Recent NRS*	Previous SRS*	Most Recent SRS*	Average Age	Gender
Average	4.731	5.048	.731	.390	74.0	Male(19) 46% Female (21) 54%
*Lower Dick See	pre indicates a more	nositivo outcomo			<u> </u>	

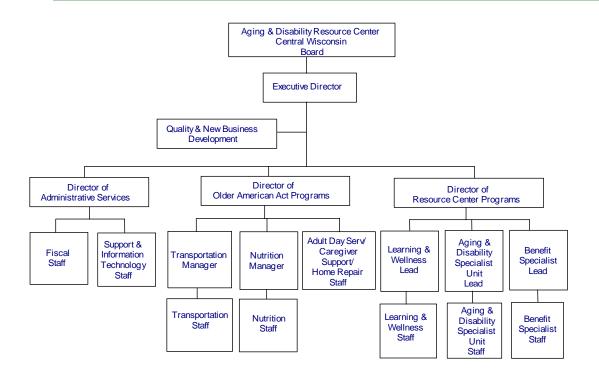
LOWER RISK Score indicates a more positive outcome

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome?

Comparing the NRS and SRS scores self-reported on the last 2 assessments (prior to 2007) of a sampling of 41 people who used at least 6 coupons per month, the average Nutrition Risk Score increased by .317. The dietician will target individuals who moved from low to moderate or high scores or from moderate to high scores for additional nutritional counseling. A routine process will be put in place to identify the reasons for the increased nutritional risk scores. The average Socialization Risk Score decreased by .341. Continue to provide an educational and social environment for SNAC participants.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? Continue to support and enhance the SNAC program to maintain opportunities for socialization and nutrition education. Nutrition education will be enhanced by providing guarterly Nutrition Education table tents and one on one nutrition counseling provided by the registered dietitian at each of the SNAC vendors. Coordinate with the Community Health Educators to promote additional opportunities for socialization

AGING AND DISABILITY RESOURCE CENTER - CW



ADRC of Central Wisconsin was created in May 2006

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	19.45	25.53	27.59	31.09	29.34	23.38	23.78	22.78	40.06	40.06
Non-Union (FTE)	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	7.50	8.50	7.50	12.44	12.44
Total	25.45	31.53	34.59	38.09	35.34	30.88	32.28	30.28	52.50	52.50

AGING AND DISABILITY RESOURCE CENTER-CW

Fund:175Social Improvement FundOrg1:565Aging & Disability Resource Center

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 1,665,029	-	842	842	842	Personal Services	\$-	-	-
490,069	957,306	979,191	283,330	979,690	Contractual Services	391,297	391,297	391,297
159,702	1,100	11,366	-	10,272	Supplies & Expense	-	-	
13,672	-	-	-	-	Fixed Charges	-	-	-
42,152	-	-	-	-	Grants Contributions Other	-	-	-
115,575	-	-	-	-	Capital Outaly	-	-	-
-	-	-	1,982	1,982	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 2,486,199	958,406	991,399	286,154	992,786	Total Expenditures	\$ 391,297	391,297	391,297
\$ 1,745,387	696,124	696,124	97,796	741,187	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$-	-	-
12,487	-	-	-	-	Public Charges for Services	-	-	-
14,731	-	-	-	-	Intergovt Charges for Serv	-	-	-
497,302	1,100	1,495	6,535	8,366	Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-
-	-	32,598		18,104	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 2,269,907	697,224	730,217	104,331	767,657	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ 216,292	261,182	261,182	181,823	225,129	TAX LEVY	\$ 391,297	391,297	391,297

AGING AND DISABILITY RESOURCE CENTER-CW

Fund:960ADRC - CWOrg1:565Aging & Disability Resource Center - CW

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ -	2,835,567	3,117,059	1,703,218	2,835,567	Personal Services	\$	3,077,084	3,077,084	3,077,084
-	1,166,759	1,280,064	671,288	1,176,920	Contractual Services		1,063,986	1,063,986	1,063,986
-	373,965	441,697	193,905	373,965	Supplies & Expense		378,914	378,914	378,914
-	100	100	-	100	Building Materials		-	-	-
-	248,160	264,940	184,554	248,160	Fixed Charges		261,081	261,081	261,081
-	53,924	53,924	24,609	53,924	Grants Contributions Other		84,734	84,734	84,734
-	92,200	94,550	53,346	92,200	Capital Outaly		62,000	62,000	62,000
-	175,176	194,223	-	175,176	Other Financing Uses		169,320	169,320	169,320
\$ -	4,945,851	5,446,557	2,830,920	4,956,012	Total Expenditures	\$	5,097,119	5,097,119	5,097,119
\$ -	3,197,137	3,637,734	1,159,137	3,207,298	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	3,426,660	3,426,660	3,426,660
-	112,911	112,911	62,671	112,911	Public Charges for Services		110,472	110,472	110,472
-	709,477	709,477	509,856	709,477	Intergovt Charges for Serv		761,087	761,087	761,087
-	539,681	539,921	257,734	539,846	Miscellaneous Revenue		480,600	480,600	480,600
-	386,645	446,514	-	386,645	Other Financing Sources		318,300	318,300	318,300
\$ -	4,945,851	5,446,557	1,989,398	4,956,177	Total Revenues	\$	5,097,119	5,097,119	5,097,119
					-	-			
\$ -	-	-	841,522	(165)	TAX LEVY	\$	-	-	-

VETERANS SERVICE OFFICE

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Veterans Service Office is to advise and assist veterans, their dependents and survivors in securing all possible entitlement provided for by federal, state and county governments and local resources. This office serves as a liaison in providing referral and follow-up services to claimants who need assistance.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Assist in obtaining and recording veteran's discharge documents, military service and medical service records and correction of such records.

Determine eligibility qualifications for veterans and submit proper forms to federal and state governments enabling veterans to apply for specific benefits.

Assist veterans in completing appropriate forms for the following state benefits: subsistence grants, health care grants, education grants, retraining grants, personal loans, home mortgage and home improvement loans. Assess the

necessary qualifications for an acceptable application for each benefit and submit completed applications to the appropriate agency.

Advise and assist veterans with applications for VA pensions, disability compensation and medical treatment.

Advise and assist spouses, widows and dependents with applications for VA pensions, education and other pertinent benefits for which they are eligible.

Assist eligible veterans and their families in the application for placement of the veteran and/or spouse in the Wisconsin Veterans Home.

Assist families of deceased veterans with application for burial markers, monetary burial allowances, and application for VA life insurance benefits.

Applications for aid to needy veterans are completed and reviewed by this office. Such assistance is then provided through the County Veterans' Service Commission.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name:VeteransContact Name:Scott BergerBrief program description:Benefit access program for military veterans and their dependents.Provides access, information, assistance, referral, and advocacy for veterans' benefits on a daily basis.

Mission: To advise and assist veterans, their dependents, and survivors in securing all possible benefit entitlements provided by federal, state, and local resources. This department serves as a liaison providing referral and follow-up services to claimants who need assistance.

Program customer: Military veterans and their dependents.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff Clients	Benefit Counseling Conduct Information	Number of Clients Served	Client becomes more knowledgeable about Veterans Benefits.	Client implements plan for individual short term goals.	Client with health needs will receive routine/stable medical care.
Funding	Sessions	Number of Benefit Applications Submitted	Client Develops Plan/Goals for	Client receives benefits to which	Client
Equipment	Agency Referral	Number of Hours of Service	achieving Benefits.	entitled.	achieves/maintains Economic Stability
Supplies	Apply for Benefits				
Partners (Federal & State)	Provide Emergency Assistance	Number of Information Sessions Held			
	Facilitate Benefit Delivery with Partners	Number of Referrals			

Veterans Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: The Veterans Department provides access, information, assistance, referral, and advocacy for veterans' benefits to military veterans and their dependents.

Program Outcome: Department clients will become more knowledgeable about Veterans Benefits.

Expected indicators: By 01/01/08, 70% of the clients who have visited the Veterans Department for information and/or services will leave with a better understanding of what benefits are available and what benefits they may or may not qualify to receive.

Outcomes achieved: A client survey was conducted. The survey asked clients to agree, disagree, or check no opinion to the statement: I understand what veteran benefits I do or do not qualify to receive. 51 surveys were given to clients with 16 surveys returned for a return rate of 31.3%. Of the 16 responses, 13 (81.3%) agreed with the survey statement that they understood what benefits for which they were qualified.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome? The Veterans Department is doing a good job of educating and explaining benefits to our clients, however we should strive to do an even better job. Our ultimate goal is that every one of our clients will leave the office better educated about veteran benefits. We also learned that due to the wide array of available benefits, it took more time with each client to explain the benefits to them than anticipated. We also learned that we may need to come up with a different form of client survey since our response rate decreased and was less than 1 in 3 surveys.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? The information obtained will be shared with the Veterans Department staff and we will work on ways to improve our education and explanation process when speaking with clients about benefits. While no major problems are indicated based on the outcomes, we will review our processes and procedures to ensure that all clients leave the office feeling confident in their knowledge of their veterans' benefits.



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Non-Union (FTE)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

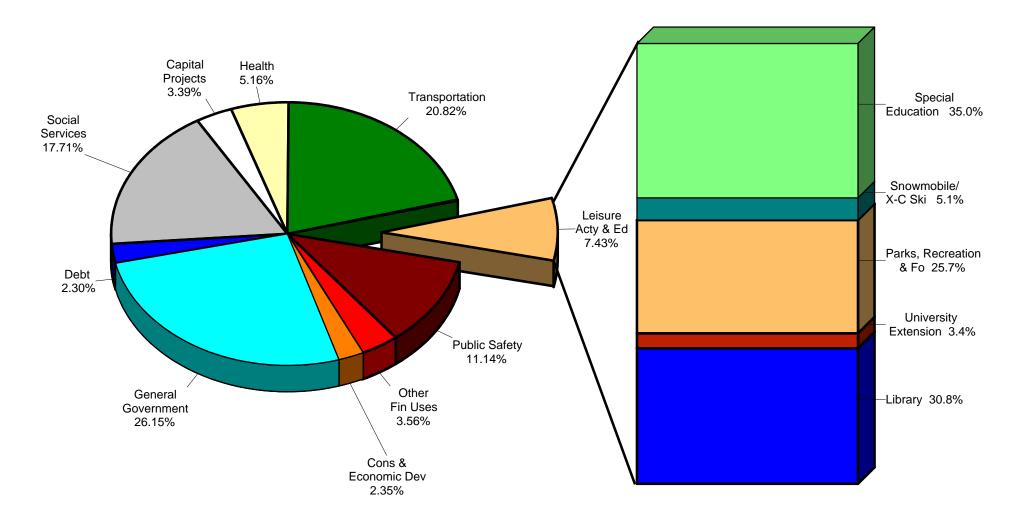
VETERANS SERVICE OFFICE

Fund:100General FundOrg1:555Veterans

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 187,381	194,873	194,873	126,649	194,873	Personal Services	\$ 206,330	206,330	206,330
3,412	3,290	3,290	2,195	3,290	Contractual Services	3,300	3,300	3,300
8,577	11,195	11,195	3,964	11,195	Supplies & Expense	11,336	11,086	11,086
-	200	200	-	200	Fixed Charges	200	200	200
1,727	3,200	13,222	-	-	Grants Contributions Other	3,200	3,200	3,200
\$ 201,097	212,758	222,780	132,808	209,558	Total Expenditures	\$ 224,366	224,116	224,116
\$ 13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 13,000	13,000	13,000
-	-	10,022	-	-	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 13,000	13,000	23,022	13,000	13,000	Total Revenues	\$ 13,000	13,000	13,000
\$ 188,097	199,758	199,758	119,808	196,558	TAX LEVY	\$ 211,366	211,116	211,116

MARATHON COUNTY

2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Leisure Activities & Education

MISSION STATEMENT

The Marathon County Public Library provides access to information and ideas from throughout the world in support of lifelong education, cultural enrichment, informed citizenship, economic development and information unique to the area and its residents.

COMPREHENSIVE

The Marathon County Library and City of Wausau Public Libraries merged in 1974 to form the newly structured consolidated county library. As a result of the merge, Wausau Public Library became the Headquarters Library for the countywide library system and supports public services offered at all branches, bookmobiles and headquarters libraries.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Encompassing all divisions of the library, the public service staff group provides library service directly to the public. They select library materials, staff the public service desks at all libraries, offer programs and evaluate and recommend development of new services.

Through public service staff, the library provides fast, reliable, county-wide service and access to information through the collections and emerging electronic technologies.

Staff establish programming for adults and children as well as related services to promote the enjoyment of reading and life-long learning.

Public service staff promote a dynamic public image of the library, do displays, promote a friendly atmosphere and publish and distribute brochures describing the library's services.

Included in the public service group are staff at all locations:

Wausau Headquarters Library;

Athens, Edgar, Marathon, Mosinee, Rothschild, Spencer, and Stratford Branch Libraries; Bookmobiles.

Support Services

This staff group helps the library to best utilize library resources for the county-wide library system through acquisition and cataloging of library materials, through support for the library's automated system and by delivery of library materials throughout the county.

Administrative Services

Administration manages the libraries, requests the annual budget for the library, plans improvements, anticipates the facilities and equipment needs, and administers policies.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name: Library/ Services for Older Residents

Contact Name: Phyllis Christensen

Brief program description: Educational and outreach programs intended to increase the participation of older residents in the Library.

Mission: Making special efforts to make the Library accessible and relevant to our older residents.

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Budget	Provide speakers on topics of interest to our	# of speaker events hosted and the # of	Customer gains new knowledge on the topic of	Customers are less isolated and see the Library as a	The customers quality of life improves as well
Donations	customers. Deliver books to	customers attending each event.	the event.	place where they can interact with others in their community.	as their mental and physical health:
Staff	homebound individuals.	# of homebound persons receiving	Homebound customers know what they need to do	Homebound customers	They continue to learn.
Volunteers	Create and make special collections of	books.	to receive books of interest to them.	access the Library collection.	They are more literate.
Facilities	large print, books on tape/CD, assistance	# of customers who	Customers learn new ways	Customers make use of adaptive technology and the	 They participate
Speakers	items available at all locations.	make use of the special collection.	to make use of the Library.	special collection.	more in the community.
	Communicate opportunities to			Customers volunteer at the	 They feel valued. The onset of
	volunteer at the Library to customers.	# of customers who volunteer at the Library and the # of hours they	Customers understand the need for volunteers at the Library and how to go about	Library.	dementias is delayed.
	Train customers on the use of internet, e-mail,	work.	volunteering.	Customers make use of	
	library catalog.	# of customers taking computer classes or	Customers learn how to use computer technology to	technology for their information and	
	Offer programs intended to increase	receiving 1 on 1 instruction.	access the Library, the internet and to	communication needs.	
	the skills of customers in the use of the Library		communicate with others.		
	or technology for locating information of interest.				

Program customer: Residents over age 55

Library Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information: Programs are intended to increase the skills of older customers in the use of technology to access the library or for locating information of interest.

Program Outcome: Older customers make use of technology for their information and communication needs.

Expected indicators:

By 1/2/07, attendance by older residents brings about proficiency on various software, email, and Internet searching such that 70% could do email and search Internet. With classes continuing to be offered, it is expected that the competency of customers will continue to improve.

Outcomes achieved:

Customers learn how to use technology to access the library, the Internet and to use email.

Older residents in attendance at classes indicated that they learned how to check, write and send email and could communicate well using email software.

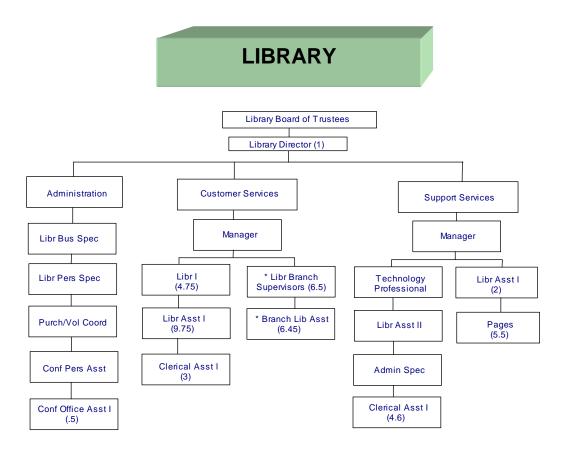
Customers can make use of technology for their information and community needs.

Older residents use Internet and the library catalog with less assistance. Confidence in their skills is shown by the fact that they now bring their wireless laptop and use the library's wireless connection to search for information and check email.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? Technology and Teaching are two of the strategies for the library in achieving our mission. People cannot effectively use the informational sources of the library without teaching and guidance from staff. We intend to continue to provide programs to meet these strategies and will continue to measure the program effectiveness in meeting customer needs. Because of demand from the public to become savvy with technology, the Library has begun a systematic training program for staff. At the end of the training component, staff will have achieved a level of competency in technology demonstrated by passing a series of tests. We expect this work to continue so that staff can more effectively assist the public with using technology and finding information.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome?

- 1. There is a demand for teaching older residents how to use email and search the Internet.
- 2. The request for classes continues. The group in our community with an interest level in learning basic computer and software skills is still steady or growing.
- 3. As skills grow in the public, more technical knowledge from staff is needed and more staff on the floor to help is a necessity.



• Athens, Edgar, Hatley, Marathon, Mosinee,

Rothschild, Spencer, Stratford

Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	32.180	32.18	32.35	32.35	3338	31.63	31.63	33.80	33.30	33.30
Non-Union (FTE)	23.625	23.75	23.75	23.75	21.85	21.22	21.22	20.22	19.75	19.75
WVLS Funded Positions (FTE) - Union	1.180	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	0.00	0.00
Total	56.985	57.18	57.35	57.35	56.48	54.10	54.10	55.27	53.05	53.05

LIBRARY

Fund: 100 General Fund Org1: 665 Library

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		E F	Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 2,601,427	2,799,841	2,779,841	1,746,422	2,779,841	Personal Services	\$	2,921,673	2,855,281	2,855,281
160,341	173,828	199,378	140,078	193,828	Contractual Services		179,251	179,251	179,251
569,451	477,367	660,487	349,322	506,835	Supplies & Expense		520,560	520,560	520,560
69,688	68,563	68,563	37,481	68,563	Fixed Charges		66,946	66,946	66,946
\$ 3,400,907	3,519,599	3,708,269	2,273,303	3,549,067	Total Expenditures	\$	3,688,430	3,622,038	3,622,038
\$ -	-	5,000	-	5,000	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	-	-	-
127,115	79,264	79,264	113,185	125,000	Public Charges for Services		79,264	81,500	81,500
2,816	-	-	214	214	Intergov't Charges for Serv		-	-	-
199,533	44,652	52,152	48,349	100,284	Miscellaneous Revenue		44,652	44,652	44,652
-	50,000	381,170	-	318,296	Other Financing Sources		50,000	50,000	50,000
\$ 329,464	173,916	517,586	161,748	548,794	Total Revenues	\$	173,916	176,152	176,152
\$ 3,071,443	3,345,683	3,190,683	2,111,555	3,000,273	TAX LEVY	\$	3,514,514	3,445,886	3,445,886

PARK RECREATION & FORESTRY

MISSION STATEMENT

To provide a park and forest recreation system that will meet the the needs of our current and future generations, preserve and protect the County's open space, water, historical, cultural, and natural resources; and provide recreation opportunities that are designed to enhance the County's quality of life.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Administration

Administration of the Marathon County Park System includes many activities. Land, facility, program, and user policies and practices are continually revised to reflect national, state and local laws, codes and trends. User suggestions and concerns are dealt with. Most personnel, financial, and clerical tasks are handled internally. Park use agreements from single-day to multiple year contracts are developed and negotiated. Compliance with mandated public and employee programs is achieved such as A.D.A., lock-out/tag-out, hazardous materials, bloodborne pathogens, drug and alcohol abuse, confined spaces, indoor air quality, etc. Positive working relations are maintained with multiple state, county and city agencies, townships, elected officials, user groups, businesses, civic groups, school districts, etc. Acquisition of land, easements, and land use agreements are accomplished. Grants and donations are solicited. Public information on park facilities and programs is developed and made available with daily accessibility.

In addition to these park activities, we provide the clerical and administrative support services for the Marathon County Forestry Department which includes the cross country skiing and snowmobile trail program.

Planning, Design, Construction Administration

Planning activities include the preparation and application of long- and short-term plans including the County's five-year comprehensive outdoor recreation plan, facility master plans, and annual work and program plans. Design work encompasses the full range of park facility needs from site analysis and surveys through final site plans, construction drawings and specifications, and cost estimates. Construction administration includes preparation of bid documents, review of proposals, interviews, project inspection, and contract enforcement. Construction administration also includes project layout, scheduling and supervision on force account projects.

Facility and Program Management

Our facility and program management activities focus on coordinating our park management functions to provide quality facilities and services in a safe environment. We ensure that facilities and programs are available as scheduled, that the terms and conditions of our thousands of reservations, scheduled events, and contracted facilities are honored, and that park users conduct themselves in a manner that does not impinge on other users or degrade the facilities. These activities are conducted by park managers and rangers.

Maintenance and Construction

Marathon County has 18 County parks encompassing 3,884 acres, plus our 18-mile segment of the Mountain-Bay State Park Trail to preform maintenance and construction activities. Facilities range from generic to very sophisticated, including picnic areas, swimming beaches, campgrounds, shelter buildings, trails, sidewalks, roads, highways, bridges, parking lots, outhouses, restrooms, boat launches, docks, fences, gates, walls, stairways, barns, bleachers, grandstands, assembly halls, ice arenas, shooting range, ball diamonds, softball complex, wading pool, playgrounds, signs, water systems, sanitary sewers, storm sewers, electrical and communication systems, heating, cooling, air conditioning, dehumidification, refrigeration, fire suppression, and aeration systems. In addition to these facilities, we maintain turf, groundcover, flowerbeds, shrubs, and trees on an intensive care basis and also actively manage forestlands. These facilities have been developed over a 75-year time frame and accordingly contain a broad variety of architecture, building

materials, utility systems, and components. To support our maintenance and construction activities, we own and maintain a diverse fleet of vehicles and equipment including pickups, dump trucks, flat beds, aerial buckets, vans, tank truck, tractors, bulldozers, skid steers, zamboni, all terrain vehicles, riding mowers, trailers, snowplows, chippers, roller, stump grinder, etc. Other support facilities include vehicle repair, welding, woodworking, painting, construction, vehicle storage, materials storage, tool and parts storage, greenhouse and nursery.

The work is a combination of routine scheduled, recurring scheduled, deferred, and unexpected (accidents, failures, vandalism and acts of God) that changes on a seasonal basis. Accomplishment is by a combination of in-house work and contracted services. In-house work is done by a combination of skilled and semi-skilled full time employees, plus a significant semi-skilled and unskilled seasonal workforce. When completed, the maintenance and construction work must ensure compliance with all applicable building, systems, and public health and safety codes and have been performed in accordance with all applicable occupational health and safety codes.

In addition to maintaining parklands and facilities, we maintain the trees, shrubs, groundcover, turf and flowers at the Courthouse, Social Services, Commission on Aging, Zoning/Planning, and Library buildings.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department: Wausau and Marathon County Parks, Recreation, and Forestry Department **Contact Name:** Peter Knotek

Brief program description: Nine Mile County Forest Winter Recreational Fee Based Trail Program

Mission: Provide quality trail system that serves local citizens, weekend visitors and limited competitions Program customer: Novice to advanced recreational users

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial	Intermediate	Long-term
mputo	7.007/1000		Outcomes	Outcomes	Outcomes
Staff	Provide rental equipment	Number of equipment packages rented	New and novice skiers participate in skiing/snowshoeing	New and novice skiers become regular skiers	New and novice skiers receive health benefits of
Clients					skiing
	Facilitate ski lessons	Number of individuals taught to ski		Customers' physical recreation options are	
Funding	Host special events		Non-skiers develop new skill	expanded	Customers participate in
Equipment		Number of special events held		People are attracted	healthy recreation
Supplies	Host weekly senior citizens' day	Number of people attending special events	Public awareness of the facility is increased	from a larger geographic area	Local economy benefits from tourism
Partners	Groom and maintain trails	Number of individuals attending senior days		Older adults increase physical activity	
			Older adults are attracted to skiing		Older adults maintain or
	Promotion	Number of miles of trails maintained			improve health
		Number of ads placed Number of press releases sent			

Parks, Recreation and Forestry Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information:

The Marathon County Parks, Recreation and Forestry Department operates a cross country skiing facility at Nine Mile Recreational Area. The facility offers high quality recreation with the health benefits of cross country skiing. To increase awareness of the facility the department has actively promoted the facility through its website, trade magazines, television interviews and press releases

Program Outcome:

Initial: Public Awareness of the facility is increased. Intermediate: People are attracted from a larger geographic area.

Expected indicators:

We targeted a 10% increase in 1st time, out of county skiers that became aware of the facility via promotional materials or media.

Outcomes achieved:

We achieved an 11% increase in 1st time, out of county skiers who became aware of the facility via promotional materials or media. (36% in 2005; 47% in 2006)

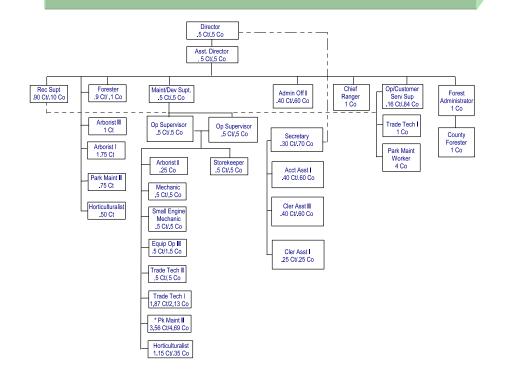
What did you learn about your program based on this outcome?

We learned that our promotional efforts are having the desired impact. Additionally we learned that our target audience found the ski facilities is to be very attractive and expressed a high likelihood of return visits.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program?

Expand the promotional efforts to include all of Central Wisconsin. Our goal is to increase participation enough so that we can create enough volume that food concessions can be offered which will improve the experience for many and may create a new source of revenue for the facility.

PARK RECREATION & FORESTRY



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	34.00	34.50	34.50	34.50	34.50	31.50	32.50	31.50	31.50	31.50
Non-Union (FTE)	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	16.00	14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Total	46.00	46.50	46.50	46.50	50.50	45.50	46.50	44.50	44.50	44.50
Allocation										
City FTE	21.88	22.13	22.13	22.13	22.13	19.29	19.79	19.29	19.29	19.29
County FTE	24.12	24.37	24.37	24.37	28.37	26.21	26.71	25.21	25.21	25.21

PARK RECREATION & FORESTRY

Fund:100General FundOrg1:710Park Recreation & Forestry

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 1,761,508	1,843,111	1,843,111	1,238,410	1,843,111	Personal Services	\$ 1,928,779	1,928,779	1,928,779
256,136	335,434	336,774	180,911	341,454	Contractual Services	336,719	316,719	316,719
206,932	227,716	229,422	141,372	226,249	Supplies & Expense	235,082	235,082	235,082
102,355	113,740	113,740	39,694	101,950	Building Materials	118,850	108,850	108,850
54,926	129,881	129,881	47,666	65,066	Fixed Charges	139,600	139,600	139,600
-	20,470	20,470	15,839	15,839	Grants Contributions & Other	18,734	18,734	18,734
54,909	62,256	69,570	-	3,062	Capital Outlay	58,758	58,758	58,758
\$ 2,436,766	2,732,608	2,742,968	1,663,892	2,596,731	Total Expenditures	\$ 2,836,522	2,806,522	2,806,522
\$ 48,471	50,203	50,203	50,327	50,327	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 51,913	51,913	51,913
1,150	-	-	-	-	Licenses & Permits	-	-	-
883,885	787,500	787,500	760,167	966,425	Public Charges for Services	795,360	795,360	795,360
157,807	91,000	91,000	79,041	160,000	Intergov't Charges for Serv	87,000	87,000	87,000
29,899	40,050	41,756	21,828	25,756	Miscellaneous Revenue	44,850	44,850	44,850
-	46,631	55,285	-	55,285	Other Financing Sources	54,278	54,278	54,278
\$ 1,121,212	1,015,384	1,025,744	911,363	1,257,793	Total Revenues	\$ 1,033,401	1,033,401	1,033,401
\$ 1,315,554	1,717,224	1,717,224	752,529	1,338,938	TAX LEVY	\$ 1,803,121	1,773,121	1,773,121

PARK LAND and PRODUCTS

Fund:100General FundOrg1:727Park Land & Products

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Re	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	E	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 5,035	1,000	1,000	2,265	2,000	Contractual Services	\$	1,000	1,000	1,000
11	3,000	3,000	-	850	Supplies & Expense		1,800	1,800	1,800
942	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	Fixed Charges		5,000	5,000	5,000
-	33,000	33,000	-	150,000	Capital Outlay		33,000	33,000	33,000
\$ 5,988	42,000	42,000	2,265	157,850	Total Expenditures	\$	40,800	40,800	40,800
\$ 38,415	37,000	37,000	63,138	64,000	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	35,800	35,800	35,800
16,922	5,000	5,000	14,226	21,753	Miscellaneous Revenue		5,000	5,000	5,000
\$ 55,337	42,000	42,000	77,364	85,753	Total Revenues	\$	40,800	40,800	40,800
\$ (49,349)	-	-	(75,099)	72,097	TAX LEVY	\$	-	-	-

FAIRGROUNDS MAINTENANCE

Fund:100GeneralFundOrg1:727Park Land and Products

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Re	quested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	В	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 261	2,000	2,000	306	2,000	Contractual Services	\$	2,000	2,000	2,000
-	300	300	-	300	Supplies & Expense		300	300	300
1,995	4,000	4,000	2,586	4,000	Building Materials		4,000	4,000	4,000
14,961	147,431	142,343	3,552	5,000	Capital Outlay		170,043	170,043	170,043
\$ 17,217	153,731	148,643	6,444	11,300	Total Expenditures	\$	176,343	176,343	176,343
\$ 18,975	18,500	18,500	16,341	18,500	Public Charges for Services	\$	18,500	18,500	18,500
23,298	20,500	20,500	3,250	21,750	Miscellaneous Revenue		20,500	20,500	20,500
-	114,731	109,643	-	109,643	Other Financing Sources		137,343	137,343	137,343
\$ 42,273	153,731	148,643	19,591	149,893	Total Revenues	\$	176,343	176,343	176,343
\$ (25,056)	-	-	(13,147)	(138,593)	TAX LEVY	\$	-	-	-

SNOWMOBILE/ATV

Fund:100General FundOrg1:692Snowmobile/ATV

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requeste	d Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 62,368	46,188	46,188	37,726	74,450	Personal Services	\$ 48,68	9 48,689	48,689
435,406	334,668	465,246	274,575	418,722	Contractual Services	448,17	448,170	448,170
710	2,005	2,005	203	1,460	Supplies & Expense	1,95	5 1,955	1,955
391	537	537	537	537	Fixed Charges	72	1 721	721
\$ 498,875	383,398	513,976	313,041	495,169	Total Expenditures	\$ 499,53	5 499,535	499,535
\$ 359,618	346,956	346,956	334,896	447,123	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 341,55	341,557	341,557
-	-	-	(268)		Public Charges for Services			-
3,669	2,500	2,500	(960)	2,500	Miscellaneous Revenue	2,50	0 2,500	2,500
20,439	1,784	132,362	-	132,362	Other Financing Sources	129,18	5 129,185	129,185
\$ 383,726	351,240	481,818	333,668	581,985	Total Revenues	\$ 473,24	2 473,242	473,242
\$ 115,149	32,158	32,158	(20,627)	(86,816)	TAX LEVY	\$ 26,29	3 26,293	26,293

CROSS COUNTRY SKI TRAIL

Fund:100GeneralFundOrg1:690Cross Country Ski Trail - Forestry

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Re	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 55,806	60,474	60,474	36,310	60,474	Personal Services	\$	62,322	62,322	62,322
9,770	13,900	13,900	7,777	9,530	Contractual Services		12,650	12,650	12,650
6,541	13,985	13,985	2,821	8,465	Supplies & Expense		12,085	12,085	12,085
261	850	850	410	350	Building Materials		850	850	850
1,226	1,291	1,291	1,291	1,291	Fixed Charges		1,464	1,464	1,464
-	-	-	6,532	6,532	Other Financing Uses		6,663	6,663	6,663
\$ 73,604	90,500	90,500	55,141	86,642	Total Expenditures	\$	96,034	96,034	96,034
\$ 71,136	90,300	90,300	47,576	73,888	Public Charges for Services	\$	95,334	95,334	95,334
-	-	-	(641)	-	Intergov't Charges for Serv		-	-	-
122	200	200	(271)	150	Miscellaneous Revenue		700	700	700
\$ 71,258	90,500	90,500	46,664	74,038	Total Revenues	\$	96,034	96,034	96,034
\$ 2,346	-	-	8,477	12,604	TAX LEVY	\$	-	-	-

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-EXTENSION

MISSION STATEMENT

The statewide mission of the Cooperative Extension Division of the University of Wisconsin-Extension is to help the people of Wisconsin apply University research, knowledge and resources to meet their educational needs wherever they live or work. The Marathon County UW-Extension office supports that mission by using county-based personnel to provide county residents with local opportunities to access University research, knowledge and resources.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES

The faculty and academic staff of the Marathon County office provide local educational programs in four of the UW-Extension's major program areas. Local staff work in collaboration with campus-based specialists to develop, deliver, and evaluate local programs. In addition, the office provides county residents with local access to a variety of university publications and other educational resources.

Agriculture and Natural Resources

County-based faculty provides local programs in dairy, forage and farm management that address issues involving profitability, production, management, marketing and natural resource protection.

In addition, local programs in livestock, grain and vegetable crops are provided to Marathon County residents by faculty based in Lincoln and Langlade Counties through a multicounty agent specialization agreement.

Community, Natural Resources and Economic Development

County-based faculty provides local programs in rural land use planning and growth management, community visioning, local government education, intergovernmental cooperation, and community organizational development.

Family Living Education

County-based faculty provides local programs in family financial management, consumer decision-making strengthening family relationships, parenting, child care, food preservation and safety, and family issues and public policy education.

In addition, county-based academic staff provides local programs in food and nutrition that target specific audiences including low-income individuals and families, the elderly and youth. Emphasis is placed in delivering these programs at a variety of locations in the county.

4-H/ Youth Development

County-based faculty and academic staff provide local programs in leadership development, citizenship and family involvement, prevention education for youth, community service, career education, and hands-on educational opportunities in a variety of subjects.

University Publications and Programs

The Marathon County UW-Extension office provides county residents with access to a local inventory of over 3,000 university research publications, bulletins and other resource materials. In addition, approximately 650 informational recordings are available to residents toll-free through an ordinary touch-tone phone using UW-Extension's InfoSource system. Several of these messages are localized by Marathon County staff.

The County office is also the local host site for various distance education systems, including teleconferencing (WisLine), web conferencing (WisLine-Web), and the Wisconsin Satellite Network (WisSat). The networks are used by the University of Wisconsin and other institutions to offer a variety of statewide and national educational programs.

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program: University of Wisconsin-Extension/Agribusiness Incubator Project **Contact:** Tom Cadwallader **Brief program description:** In response to the Marathon County Task Force on the Rural Economy report asking that Marathon County create an agricultural transition program, the Agribusiness Incubator Project was created to facilitate the establishment of new and the transfer of existing agriculturally related business enterprises.

Mission Statement: The Agribusiness Incubator Project provides opportunities, processes and resources that facilitate the entry of new farmers and farm businesses into the agricultural community of North Central Wisconsin

Program customer: Primary: current and prospective farmers

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Lincoln/Marathon County UWEX Ag Development Agent/Office resources Lincoln/Marathon County Conservation Staff/Office resources Central Wisconsin River Graziers Farmer Network Marathon County Chamber/Economic Development Corp. staff and resources. Wisconsin Department of Agriculture Trade and Consumer Protection Farm Center. UW-Center of Integrated Ag Systems. USDA Dairy Industry Revitalization Grants	 Research, develop, pilot and educate on: Farmstead/farm business assessment tools. Business planning tools and training for farm applications. Farm business transfer alternatives. Develop Mentor Network Develop Mentor Network Develop mentor training program and support materials. Develop process for linking new farmers with mentors. One-Stop-Shop (OSS) for Resources developed. Regular meetings of partners for program development and coordination. 	 Number of: Farmsteads/farm businesses evaluated for determining transferability. Farmers accessing and/or utilizing financial and business planning/management resources. Farms aided in the transfer of ownership. Number of : Existing farmers receiving training on mentoring skills. New farmers teamed up with mentoring farmers. Mentoring support materials created/distributed. Number of hits on OSS Resources Website 	 Existing and potential farm operators will have: Increased knowledge on evaluating the transferability of farmsteads/businesse s. Increased knowledge of business plan development. Increased knowledge of ownership transfer options. 	 Existing and potential farmers will evaluate farmsteads/businesses to make objective transfer and purchase decisions. New farmers will create and implement business plans. Existing farmers will create and implement ownership transfer plans. 	New agribusiness enterprises have increased their ability to stay in business. Existing farmers have improved their ability to profitably retain or transfer their farm businesses. Maintain or improve the contribution of the rural economy to the areas economic base.

Outcome Measurement Report UW-Extension Office 2008

Program Information: The Agribusiness Incubator Project was established to provide opportunities, processes and resources that facilitate the entry of new farmers and farm businesses in the agricultural community of North Central Wisconsin

Program Outcome: One of the intermediate program outcomes has been – "Existing farmers will create and implement ownership transfer plans."

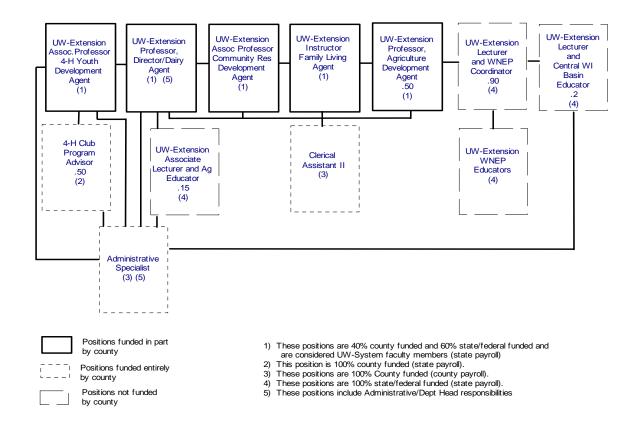
Expected Indicators: This project was not intended to work with a large number of farmers directly but to share what is learned with other farmers and farm advisors. The intermediate outcome was to help a smaller group of farmers, less than a half dozen, and share that information at various educational events.

Outcomes Achieved: To date we have successfully set up and completed one farm transfer one year ahead of schedule. Two other farm transfer arrangements using different approaches are in the development process. Four workshops have been held at the various farms covering such things as the arrangements themselves, the decision-making processes, spreadsheets that were developed to help in coming to financial agreements and lessons that have been learned by both established and new farmers. Approximately 65 people have attended the workshops, which have included both farmers and farm financial advisors and lenders. Wisconsin Farm Bureau and several other similar projects around the US and Australia have asked us to share what we are learning either through blogs or at annual conferences.

What did you learn about your program based on this outcome: There really haven't been any surprises. Transferring a family business of any kind is a very personal and difficult process, something that people tend to keep private. Our hope was to have a few farmers who have been very active in our grazing network take a leadership role, which they have done. We are now ready for the next step and that is to package the information into different formats so that it can be made available to a wider audience.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program? At this point it is right on track. The initial grant dollars are nearly exhausted but what we have learned is opening up the possibility of new funding sources from the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection and USDA Farm and Ranch Risk Management grant program.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-EXTENSION



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
State Employees	8.85	8.85	7.75	7.55	7.55	9.00	8.45	7.80	7.75	8.25
Union (FTE)	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Non-Union (FTE)	.50	.50	.50	.50	.50	.50	.50	.50	.50	0.00
Total	12.35	12.35	11.25	11.05	10.05	11.50	10.95	10.30	10.25	10.25

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-EXTENSION

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 730 University Extension Program

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Re	equested	Recommended	Adopted
 Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 121,836	120,740	121,601	83,974	121,601	Personal Services	\$	129,014	129,014	129,014
169,624	209,915	246,075	132,177	210,071	Contractual Services		225,765	222,215	222,215
41,598	52,970	78,278	32,990	70,857	Supplies & Expense		53,420	47,565	47,565
-	200	200	73	200	Fixed Charges		200	200	200
\$ 333,058	383,825	446,154	249,214	402,729	Total Expenditures	\$	408,399	398,994	398,994
\$ -	3,900	3,900	5,000	5,000	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	3,900	3,900	3,900
28,321	27,095	34,095	25,368	34,798	Public Charges for Services		27,095	29,595	29,595
672	-	-	-	700	Miscellaneous Revenue		-	-	-
-	18,600	41,529	-	34,107	Other Financing Sources		19,300	19,300	19,300
\$ 28,993	49,595	79,524	30,368	74,605	Total Revenues	\$	50,295	52,795	52,795
\$ 304,065	334,230	366,630	218,846	328,124	TAX LEVY	\$	358,104	346,199	346,199

SPECIAL EDUCATION

The Marathon County Special Education Department (MCSE) was established in 1951 to provide special education and related services to schools in the Marathon County area. Currently, the department provides programs and services to six rural districts: Abbotsford, Athens, Edgar, Marathon, Rosholt, and Spencer. The primary goal of the agency is to ensure that all eligible children receive appropriate educational opportunities.

This booklet contains a listing of some of the services provided by Marathon County Special Education. To learn more, contact MCSE at 715-261-1980 or visit the website at www.mcspecialeducation.com.

Administration & Supervision

MCSE provides state certified directors of special education with expertise in the areas of special education, procedures, leadership and consultation regarding students with disabilities. In addition, the agency:

- Coordinates the development and submission of all required state and federal special education reports.
- Provides for the development and implementation of appropriate special education procedures and practice in the local districts.
- Provides training on discipline.
- Provides training on Section 504.
- Provides on-going supervision and consultation to all district level special education staff.

- Prepares and supervises federal flow through and preschool grants.
- Disseminates current information on special education law, funding, procedures and instruction to school personnel through inservice and training.
- Provides assistance in the development of district level special education plans.
- > Recruits and hires all local special education staff.
- Provides support and consultation to district administrators and principals regarding special education issues.
- > Provides a pupil services model of program delivery.

Comprehension System of Professional Development (CSPD)

The primary role of CSPD programming is to plan effectively for coordinated in-service activities involving special and regular educators, school psychologists, support staff, paraprofessionals, administrators and parents. Annually, MCSE provides research-based trainings on discipline, behavioral intervention, and legal issues through the Annual EBD Institute and Summer Law Institute. The agency also provides annual in-service opportunities to local districts on a variety of topics such as early childhood education, inclusion, educational responsibility and behavioral programming. These services, in collaboration with nationally recognized trainings, are the cornerstone of the quality programs the agency provides throughout Marathon County and the State of Wisconsin. School Psychology Services

School Psychologists provide diagnostic assessment, program planning, counseling, and consultation to school districts. These services also include:

- > IEP Team facilitation.
- Intellectual assessment.
- Regular and special education consultation regarding student and program development.
- Individual counseling.
- > Academic and intellectual assessments.
- Committee and task force participation.
- Maintenance of special education paperwork and student files.
- Assistance in the development of student behavior plans.
- Parent consultation and support.
- Dissemination to district staff regarding procedures and legal information pertaining to special education.

Program Support/Behavioral Specialists

Program Support/Behavioral Specialists provide services to the local school district staff. These highly qualified staff provide services and support that include:

- > Assessment skills.
- Behavior management skills.
- Dissemination of information regarding practical, proven behavioral techniques.
- Consultation to special education staff regarding special education identification and service delivery options.

- > Technical support regarding IEP development.
- Participation on IEP Teams.
- > Linkages to MCSE and community services.
- Program development.
- Behavioral intervention plan development (BIP).
- Provision of written reports for students evaluated for services.

Special Education Teachers

Special education teachers provide appropriate assessment of special education needs and develop and implement an intervention plan to meet those needs. Specialists include: Specific Learning Disabilities, Emotional/Behavioral Disabilities, Speech and Language, and Cognitive Disabilities. These services include:

- Provision of assessment of children with suspected disabilities and children currently enrolled in the special education program.
- Provision of comprehensive written reports based on assessment.
- Participation on IEP Teams.
- Provision of direct services to children placed in the special education program.
- Participation in parent conferences.
- Provision of support to regular and special education teachers regarding accommodations and modifications.

Vocational Training Specialists (VTS)

A primary goal of the Youth Employability Services (YES) Program has been to increase student awareness in regard to post-secondary training options, adult living and overall independence. The VTS, in collaboration with district teaching staff, work with students to set goals, develop skills and eventually leave the school setting to embark on a life of functional independence. The VTS staff assists students by:

- Setting up job shadows.
- Helping the students set long-range goals.
- Connecting students to post- secondary institutions such as colleges, technical schools and training programs.
- Providing instruction on job skills.
- Helping the students apply and obtain gainful employment.
- Working with families in applying for educational or living assistance.
- Creating, facilitating and monitoring work experience for students.

Assessment and Evaluation Services

Each of the certified staff hired by MCSE are highly qualified to perform a variety of assessment tasks designed to identify and remediate disabilities: These assessments include:

- > Academic assessments.
- Fine and gross motor tests.
- Adaptive assessments.
- Behavioral and social assessments.
- Observation and consultation.

School Nurse and Health Aides

School Nursing is a specialty branch of professional nursing that seeks to prevent or identify student health in health-

related problems and intervenes to modify or remediate these problems. A comprehensive school health program includes delivery of health services and health education, which directly contributes to the student's education, as well as the health of the family and community.

An example of some of the types of services include:

- Identification and follow-up of health concerns with students, staff and medical providers.
- Communication with parents regarding their child's health needs.
- Development and review of emergency services within the school setting.
- Maintenance and follow-up on health records and medications, policies and procedures.
- Development of individual Health Plans for students with special needs & provide in-servicing and training to staff.
- Vision and hearing screenings.

Paraprofessionals

Highly qualified paraprofessionals support many of the students in special education programs. These individuals, under the supervision of certified staff, provide direct and indirect support to students in all aspects of the learning process. Training and support are provided to ensure that each paraprofessional is uniquely able to provide IEP driven services to students.

Occupational /Physical Therapy

The occupational and physical therapists provide services to any child found to be in need of therapy as part of the IEP team process. The therapist's role is to work with identified students in the fine and gross motor skills as they relate to a diagnosed disability area. Services include:

- Provision of comprehensive written reports based on assessment.
- Participation on IEP Teams.
- Provision of direct services to children placed in the special education program.
- > Participation in parent conferences.
- Provision of support to regular and special education teacher regarding accommodations and modifications.

Kids on the Block

The "KIDS ON THE BLOCK", a unique group of puppets, share a special message with kids of all ages about life's little and big challenges. The program offers specially designed presentations on various topic areas. These programs help children with specific difficulties and those facing important choices to interact together, work together and appreciate each other.

Each performance takes approximately one hour and includes time for the audience to ask questions about the topic presented.

Liaison Services

MCSE provides a number of linkages to districts, families and students. These linkages facilitate access to a variety of

resources that can enhance special education and related services to children. Some of these resources include:

- Parent Educators
- ➢ C.H.A.D.D. organization
- United Cerebral Palsy (UCP)
- Northwood's Alliance
- Birth–To-Three Agencies
- Social Services
- Marathon County Health Department
- Cooperative Education Services Agencies (CESA)
- Juvenile Justice Services
- Aging and Disabilities Services
- Department of Vocational Rehabilitation (DVR)
- > The Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction (DPI)

Summer Camp

MCSE Summer Camp is an extraordinary weeklong day camp for special needs students in the MCSE consortium, many who might not otherwise be eligible for a camp. Students are given the opportunities to participate in fun, outdoor activities in a warm, accepting environment. All students are eligible no matter what the disability. This program offers some of the following experiences:

- Outdoor recreational activities such as volleyball, canoeing, hiking, nature walks, archery and other games.
- Arts and Crafts.
- Drama and theatrical programs.
- Swimming.
- Interaction with other students.

Journey Day Treatment

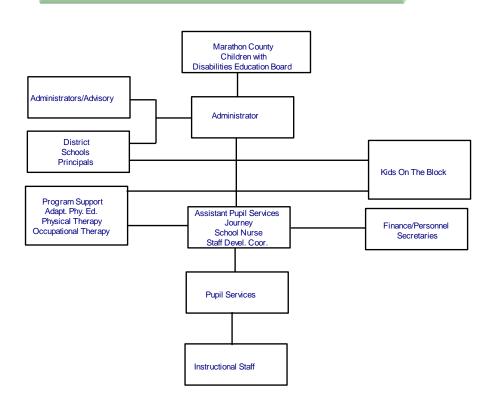
The Journey Day Treatment Program is a combination mental health and learning opportunity designed to meet the unique needs of students with significant social and behavioral needs. The day program provides individual and group therapy to students, family support and educational services. These services assist students who may need alternative learning strategies and experiences.

Adaptive Physical Education

The Adaptive Physical Education Teacher provides appropriate assessment of students' physical capabilities to determine the need for services or interventions as they relate to the child's special education program and needs. These services also include:

- Assessment for new referral and reevaluations as appropriate.
- Participation in the IEP Team process.
- Provision of direct services to students in need of adaptive physical education.
- Providing consultation to special and regular education staff.
- Completion of necessary reports and IEP goals and objectives.

SPECIAL EDUCATION



These staffing numbers are from July 1st to June 30th Previous years not available

Number of Positions (FTE)	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	52.00	52.00	43.00	42.00	42.00	42.00	41.00	40.00
Non-Union (FTE)	47.00	47.00	48.00	48.00	47.00	47.00	43.00	43.00
Total	99.00	99.00	91.00	90.00	89.00	89.00	84.00	83.00

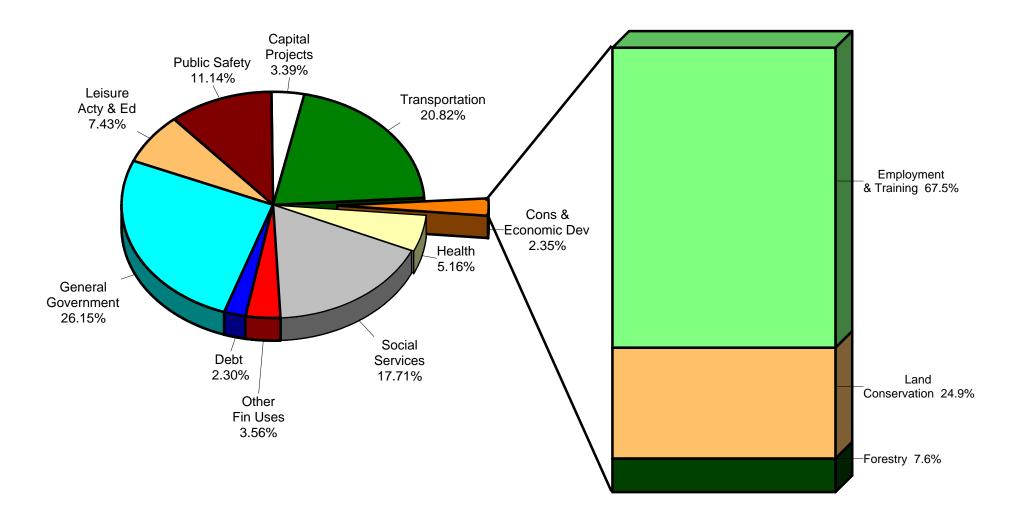
SPECIAL EDUCATION

	July 06	July 06				July 07	July 07	July 07
Actual	/June 07	/June 07		Actual		/June 08	/June 08	/June 08
2005/06	Adopted	Modified	Actual	July 06		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	07/15/2007	/June 07	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 2,717,575	2,846,324	2,846,324	2,731,663	2,731,663	Personal Services	\$ 2,812,559	2,812,559	2,812,559
819,556	966,066	966,066	967,494	967,494	Contractual Services	1,039,899	1,039,899	1,039,899
212,791	247,091	247,091	257,971	257,971	Supplies & Expense	268,432	268,432	268,432
\$ 3,749,922	4,059,481	4,059,481	3,957,128	3,957,128	Total Expenditures	\$ 4,120,890	4,120,890	4,120,890
\$ 982,425	831,922	831,922	968,430	968,430	Intergov't Grants & Aide	\$ 1,036,478	1,036,478	1,036,478
2,603,791	3,098,071	3,098,071	2,733,434	2,733,434	Intergov't Charges for Serv	2,841,826	2,841,826	2,841,826
76,396	129,488	129,488	109,434	109,434	Miscellaneous Revenue	242,586	242,586	242,586
					Other Financing Sources			
\$ 3,662,612	4,059,481	4,059,481	3,811,298	3,811,298	Total Revenues	\$ 4,120,890	4,120,890	4,120,890
\$ 87,310	-	-	145,830	145,830	TAX LEVY	\$ -	-	-

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MARATHON COUNTY

2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Conservation & Economic Development Expenses

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Forestry Department is to manage and protect county forest resources on a sustainable basis for ecological, economic, education, recreational and research needs of present and future generations.

PROGRAM/SERVICES

Timber Management

County forest standing timber is bid to private contractors to meet a sustainable harvest of 720 acres per year. Revenue from timber sales is allocated 70 percent to the County's general fund, 20 percent to repay Wisconsin DNR loans and 10 percent to local towns.

Other management includes: timber stand improvement, tree planting, and protection from fire, insects and disease.

Land Purchase

Land purchases to improve public access, consolidate ownership (blocking), provide additional land for public use and protect wildlife habitat are negotiated with willing sellers.

Wildlife and Fish Habitat Development

State funding sources (County Conservation and 10¢ per Acre programs) are used to improve wildlife habitat on County forest and for cooperative projects such as the Plover River trout habitat restoration with Trout Unlimited, Bitzke Waterfowl Refuge development with Ducks Unlimited, wild turkey habitat improvement with the Wild Turkey Federation and special ruffed grouse management areas with the Ruffed Grouse Society.

Recreation Trails

Snowmobile and ATV

County snowmobile and all-terrain vehicle (ATV) programs are administered in cooperation with 30 snowmobile and ATV clubs to maintain 645 miles of snowmobile trails, 528 miles of winter ATV trails and 14 miles of year round ATV trails.

Cross Country Skiing

The County ski trail system includes trails at Greenwood Hills, Ringle Landfill, Nine Mile Forest, Sylvan Hill Park/American Legion Golf Course and Big Eau Pleine Park. Trails are supported by user fees collected through season pass sales, Nine Mile daily passes and donations. The Wausau Nordic Ski Club, Inc. provides volunteer support and major capital improvement funding support.

Mountain Biking

The Forestry Department maintains 37 miles of trails which include 10 miles of single track at Nine Mile Forest. The Wausau Wheelers Bike Club and the local chapter of the Wisconsin Off-Road Bicycle Assoc. (WORBA) cooperatively maintain trails and promotes voluntary trail pass sales.

Hiker and Hunter Walking

The Forestry Department maintains 150 miles of County forest trails and logging access roads for hiking and hunting access. The boy scouts cooperatively maintain 10 miles of the boy scout hiking trail within Nine Mile Forest.

Horseback Riding

Kronenwetter, Leather Camp and Nine Mile Forest snowmobile trails are maintained for summer equestrian use.

Tree Health

The Forestry Department identifies insect and disease problems, makes recommendations for treatment, and makes referrals to experts for special problems.

Forest Planning

The Forestry Department provides forest planning and timber sale expertise to other County departments, primarily the Park Department.

Law Enforcement and Visitor Protection

The Park Department provides law enforcement on County forest land during the bow and gun seasons.

Maps and Brochures

The Forestry Department provides maps and brochures of county forest units and trails in addition to recreation maps for snowmobiling and cross-country skiing.

Nine Mile Forest Chalet Rentals

The chalet is available for weddings, parties, meetings and community events.

Special Events

The Forestry Department provides support for events such as the Badger State Winter Games, skiing and mountain bike races, and high school cross-country races.

FORESTRY GRANTS

Fund: 100 General Fund Org1: 750 Forestry

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 35,714	63,869	60,273	624	13,714	Contractual Services	\$	62,680	62,680	62,680
-	2,250	2,250	-	-	Supplies and Expense		2,250	2,250	2,250
-	5,000	5,000	-	-	Building Materials		5,000	5,000	5,000
-	1,800	1,800	-	-	Fixed Charges		1,800	1,800	1,800
500,000	76,033	632,548	554,284	554,284	Capital Outlay		100,690	100,690	100,690
\$ 535,714	148,952	701,871	554,908	567,998	Total Expenditures	\$	172,420	172,420	172,420
\$ 18,039	9,400	9,400	5,043	9,453	Intergovernmental Grants & Aid	\$	9,511	9,511	9,511
7,441	3,400	3,400	558	6,800	Miscellaneous Revenue		5,800	5,800	5,800
514,055	131,795	684,714	514,055	685,256	Other Financing Sources		152,752	152,752	152,752
\$ 539,535	144,595	697,514	519,656	701,509	Total Revenues	\$	168,063	168,063	168,063
\$ (3,821)	4,357	4,357	35,252	(133,511)	TAX LEVY	\$	4,357	4,357	4,357

SEGREGATED LAND

Fund:100 General FundOrg1:778 Segregated Land Purchaes - Forestry

	2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ -	1,300	1,300	-	-	Contractual Services	\$	1,300	1,300	1,300
-	40	40	-	-	Supplies and Expense		40	40	40
4,042	2,098	2,098	-	2,098	Fixed Charges		2,098	2,098	2,098
244,844	47,992	186,007	134,387	134,387	Capital Outlay		106,026	106,026	106,026
\$ 248,886	51,430	189,445	134,387	136,485	Total Expenditures	\$	109,464	109,464	109,464
\$ 15,000	15,000	15,000	27,525	42,525	Public Charges for Service	\$	15,000	15,000	15,000
18,550	3,979	3,979	3,708	10,479	Miscellaneous Revenue		7,479	7,479	7,479
-	32,451	170,466	-	170,466	Other Financing Sources		86,985	86,985	86,985
\$ 33,550	51,430	189,445	31,233	223,470	Total Revenues	\$	109,464	109,464	109,464
\$ 215,336	-	-	103,154	(86,985)	TAX LEVY	\$	-	-	-

LAND CONSERVATION GRANTS

Fund:100 General FundOrg1:780 Land Conservation Grant

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 252,966	294,653	292,274	156,333	292,274	Personal Services	\$ 270,742	270,742	270,742
60,973	69,838	79,104	28,659	119,217	Contractual Services	45,326	45,326	45,326
14,547	38,671	50,610	16,750	70,381	Supplies and Expense	18,023	18,023	18,023
454,557	576,249	594,831	213,778	530,902	Grants Contributions Other	593,789	593,789	593,789
-	-	7,277	7,277	7,277	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 783,043	979,411	1,024,096	422,797	1,020,051	Total Expenditures	\$ 927,880	927,880	927,880
\$ 817,875	975,969	948,129	194,212	767,554	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$ 910,280	910,280	910,280
1,111	1,500	1,500	1,522	1,522	Public Charges for Service	1,400	1,400	1,400
-	-	15,000	15,000	15,000	Intergov't Charges for Serv	15,000	15,000	15,000
3,973	985	985	(956)	2,252	Miscellaneous Revenue	1,200	1,200	1,200
-	957	58,482	7,277	58,482	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 822,959	979,411	1,024,096	217,055	844,810	Total Revenues	\$ 927,880	927,880	927,880
\$ (39,916)	-	-	205,742	175,241	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

MISSION STATEMENT

This department is a partner agency in the Marathon County Job Center. Job Centers are Wisconsin's approach to the national onestop concept for job seekers and employers. The Marathon County Job Center's mission is "...to provide quality, customerdriven employment and training services to employers and job seekers, respecting their individual needs and differences. These services shall enhance the well being of families and the economic growth of the community."

This department administers Federal and State-funded employer, job seeker, and public assistance programs. Specific regulations govern each program, with some local flexibility. Department staff provide some services to eligible participants; other services are provided by other governmental units, area non-profit organizations, and educational agencies under contract with this Department.

JOB SEEKER AND PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Wisconsin Works /Food Stamps Employment and Training Program (W-2/FSET)

The Department administers Wisconsin Works, or W-2, for Marathon County. W-2 provides eligible adults services to help them become economically self-sufficient. Financial assistance is

limited to 24 months and requires participation in certain training and work activities in order to receive a minimum monthly stipend. Some families may be exempt from the time limit, based on severity of employment barriers.

The department also administers food stamps, medical assistance/BadgerCare for all non-elderly and non-disabled individuals and determines eligibility for child care assistance for working parents. Receipt of food stamps for non-employed adults is contingent upon participation in the FSET Program.

Mental health, parent education, and personal support and advocacy services are available for W-2 and FSET participants. Services are provided by departmental staff and contracted agencies (Job Service, Wausau Area Hmong Association, and Children's Service Society), following a plan developed to resolve both employment and personal/family issues. One goal is to help families remain stable and economically self-sufficient after program participation ends.

Workforce Investment Act (WIA)

The Department serves as the fiscal agent for the Marathon-Lincoln County One Stop Operator Consortium, manages adult services in coordination with other consortium members (Job Service, Northcentral Technical College, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation), and coordinates training (usually post-secondary, technical college education) services for eligible adults.

EMPLOYER PROGRAMS/SERVICES

Staff also maintain on-going relationships with area employers, assisting with recruitment, hiring, post-hire training and retention. Specialized training is planned, in collaboration with WI Job Service, WAHMA and NTC to address area labor shortage issues.

Services for employers seeking to hire, train, and retain non- or limited-English speaking Southeast Asians include all of the above, plus written translation of employment policies, interpretation at employee group meetings, and individual consultation and training on diversity issues.

Specific employer services include group services such as job fairs and individualized services tailored for each employer's specific needs.

SENIOR AIDES PROJECT

This federally funded project serves older individuals seeking to enter or re-enter the labor force. Enrollees are provided training and personal development with the goal of skill and confidence building for successful permanent employment

LOGIC MODEL WORKSHEET

Department/Program Name:Employment & Training – Wisconsin Works (W-2)Brief program description:Help low income parents obtain employment

Contact Name: Mary Lontkowski

Mission: Help customers obtain employment Program customer: Low income parents with minor children

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Initial Outcomes	Intermediate Outcomes	Long-term Outcomes
Staff	Staff determines eligibility for customers	Number of eligible determinations	Customers have a better understanding what it	Customers implement Individual Employability	Customers become financially self-
Funding Sources			takes to obtain career	Plan	sufficient and no
Customers	Staff & customer develop Employability Plan for customer	Number of Individual Employability Plans	goals	Customers demonstrate	longer need Public Assistance.
Equipmont	Staff help customers implement	Number of successful	Customers develop new job skills and	improved self-confidence in their ability to obtain	
Equipment	Individual Employability Plan	completions of Individual	employment credentials	and sustain employment	
Employers	Staff place appropriate customers	Employability Plans	Customers have a better	Customers apply new	
Partner Agencies: -Job Service	in Community Service Jobs (CSJ)	Number of customers that complete training	understanding what employers want in an	skills to seek and obtain employment	
-Children's Service Society of Wisconsin	Staff and employers provide customers job readiness training	Number of customers that obtain basic education	employee and job expectations	Customers obtain higher paying job	
-Wausau Area	Staff and educators help customers obtain basic education	skills (GED)	Customers have improved basic	Customers maintain	
Hmong Mutual Association	skills (GED)	Number of customers that complete short term job	education or technical skills	employment	
-Social Services	Staff, educators and employers help customers obtain short term	skills training (i.e. CNA)	Customers have a better		
	job skill training (i.e. Certified	Number of customers that	understanding of		
-Medical Facilities	Nursing Assistant)	find employment	process and criteria of Social Security		
-Schools	Staff and employers help	Number of customers that			
Public, Private & Technical	customers with job search	obtain Social Security benefits	Customers better understand what it takes		
Child Core	Staff advocate on customer's		to be successful on the		
-Child Care Agencies	behalf for Social Security benefits	Number of customers that receive transportation,	job		
-	Staff provide customers	child care, food stamps,			
-Social Security	assistance with transportation, child care, food stamps, medical	medical assistance and earned income.			
-Non-Profit Agencies	assistance, and earned income				

Employment and Training Outcome Measurement Report

Program Information:

The Wisconsin Works (W-2) Program provides Basic Educational Activities for adult participants who do not have a high school diploma. These activities include: GED, English as a Second Language (ESL), High School Equivalency, Literacy Skills, Vocational Basic Education, Vocational English as a Second Language, Vocational Literacy Skills, and Regular High School Attendance.

Program Outcome:

Program participants who do not have a high school diploma and achieve higher levels in basic educational activities will be better prepared to obtain and maintain employment.

Expected Indicators:

65% of all W-2 participants in Basic Educational Activities will achieve at least one higher level in the activity that best suits their needs.

Outcomes Achieved:

89.22% of all participants (averaged over 6 months - January 2007 through June 2007) attained at least one higher level in the activity that best suits their needs.

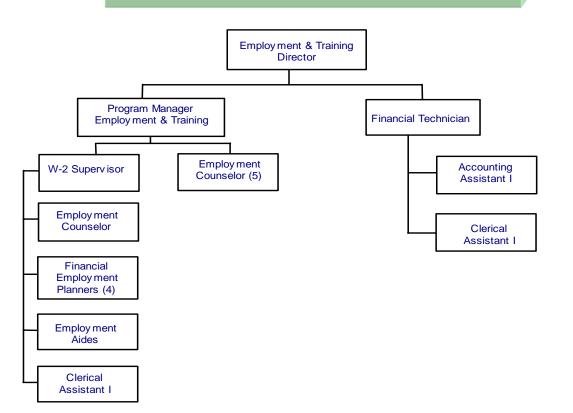
What did you learn about your program based on this outcome?

Overall the Basic Educational Activities assigned are meeting the educational needs of those program participants who do not have a high school diploma. MCDET is exceeding the state required standard (65%) by 24.22%.

What will you do with the outcome information and will you make any changes to the program?

While 89.22% of the participants with a high school diploma achieved a higher level in basic education, 10.78% did not meet this standard. The results of those not meeting the standard will be reviewed to determine why they were not successful and determine what supports can be offered to these individuals to help improve their chances for success.

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING



Number of Positions (FTE)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Union (FTE)	16.00	16.00	16.00	17.00	19.00	8.00	8.00	10.00	8.00	8.00
Non-Union (FTE)	9.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	8.00	11.00	11.00
Total	25.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	31.00	19.00	19.00	18.00	19.00	19.00

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING

Fund:	175 Social Improvement Fund
-------	-----------------------------

Org1: 825 Employment and Training

		2007	2007					2008	2008	2008
	2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		R	equested	Recommended	Adopted
	Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 1	1,329,011	1,718,868	1,728,868	972,896	1,718,868	Personal Services	\$	1,813,035	1,813,035	1,813,035
	62,691	33,641	33,641	43,910	50,591	Contractual Services		53,498	53,498	53,498
	47,298	44,950	45,950	30,917	44,950	Supplies and Expense		57,352	57,352	57,352
	81,726	68,946	70,946	48,710	68,946	Fixed Charges		75,607	75,607	75,607
	301,990	296,366	296,366	178,626	296,366	Grants Contributions Other		375,320	375,320	375,320
	128,851	180,923	180,923	36,611	180,923	Other Financing Uses		136,233	136,233	136,233
\$ 1	1,951,567	2,343,694	2,356,694	1,311,670	2,360,644	Total Expenditures	\$	2,511,045	2,511,045	2,511,045
\$ 1	1,585,482	1,927,969	1,927,969	895,893	1,927,969	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$	2,186,517	2,186,517	2,186,517
	2,118	3,050	3,050	26	3,050	Public Charges for Services		300	300	300
	49,647	29,950	29,950	29,283	29,950	Miscellaneous Revenue		30,950	30,950	30,950
	128,851	356,013	369,013	36,611	356,013	Other Financing Sources		266,566	266,566	266,566
\$1	1,766,098	2,316,982	2,329,982	961,813	2,316,982	Total Revenues	\$	2,484,333	2,484,333	2,484,333
\$	185,469	26,712	26,712	349,857	43,662	TAX LEVY	\$	26,712	26,712	26,712

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Fund: 100 General Fund

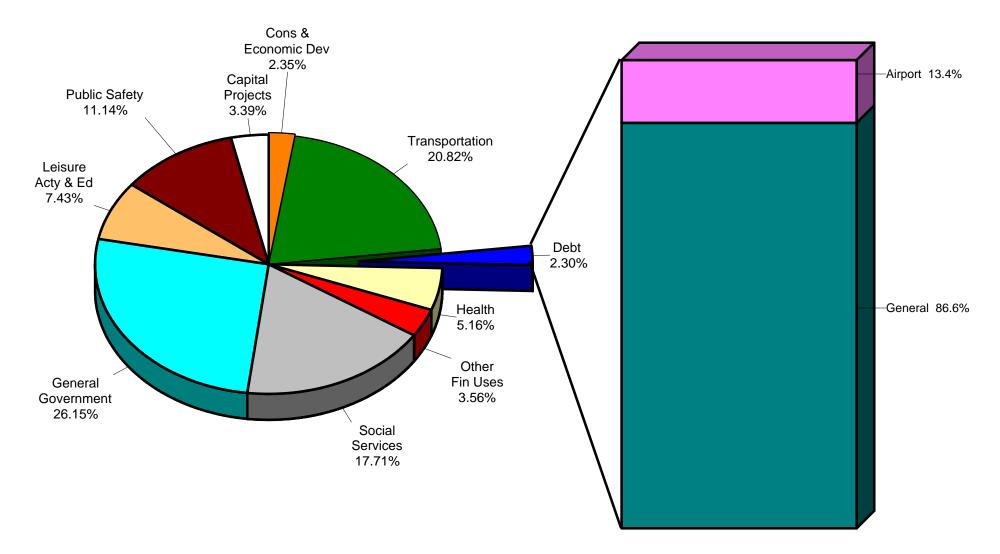
Org1: 135 Finance

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 36,000	-	123,282	123,281	123,282	Grants Contributions Other	\$ -	-	-
\$ 36,000	-	123,282	123,281	123,282	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ 36,000	-	123,282	123,281	123,282	Intergov't Grants & Aid	\$-	-	-
\$ 36,000	-	123,282	123,281	123,282	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ -	-	-	-	-	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

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MARATHON COUNTY

2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Debt Expenses

DEBT REDEMPTION

Fund:500DebtFundOrg1:810DebtRedemption

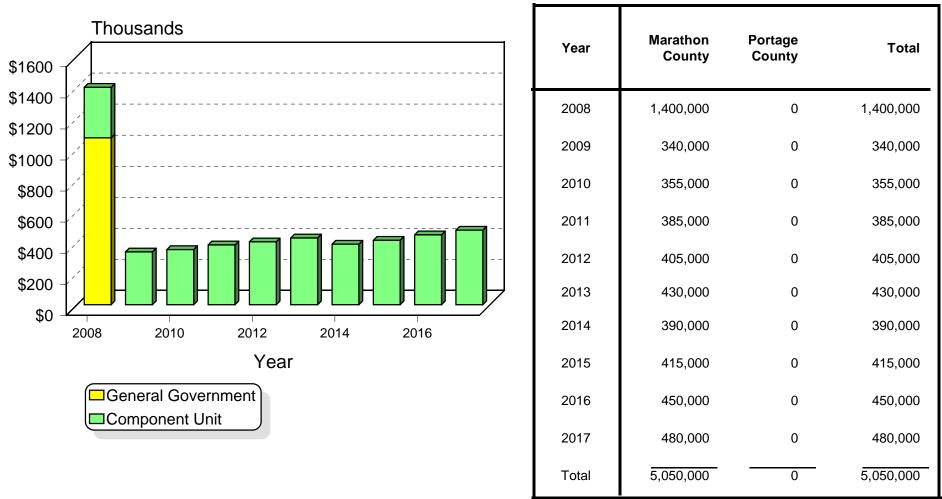
2006 Prior	2007 Adopted Budget	2007 Modified Budget	Actual 8/31/2007	2007 Estimate	Category	2008 equested 3udget	2008 Recommended Budget	2008 Adopted Budget
\$ 2,793,661	3,313,800	3,561,980	174,848	3,298,800	Debt Service	\$ 3,300,000	3,300,000	3,148,111
\$ 2,793,661	3,313,800	3,561,980	174,848	3,298,800	Total Expenditures	\$ 3,300,000	3,300,000	3,148,111
\$ 100,665	50,000	250,000	115,033	50,000	Public Charges for Services	\$ 50,000	50,000	50,000
125,547	-	-	82,393	90,000	Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-
-	15,000	63,180	-	-	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 226,212	65,000	313,180	197,426	140,000	Total Revenues	50,000	50,000	50,000
\$ 2,567,449	3,248,800	3,248,800	(22,578)	3,158,800	TAX LEVY	\$ 3,250,000	3,250,000	3,098,111

AIRPORT DEBT REDEMPTION

Fund:700AirportFundOrg1:819DebtRedemption

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 467,554	481,803	481,803	100,306	476,803	Debt Service	\$ 486,803	486,803	486,803
\$ 467,554	481,803	481,803	100,306	476,803	Total Expenditures	\$ 486,803	486,803	486,803
\$ 1,796	-	-	-	-	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$-	-	-
461,532	481,803	481,803	415,845	476,803	Other Financing Sources	486,803	486,803	486,803
\$ 461,532	481,803	481,803	415,845	476,803	Total Revenues	\$ 486,803	486,803	486,803
\$ 6,022	-	-	(315,539)	-	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

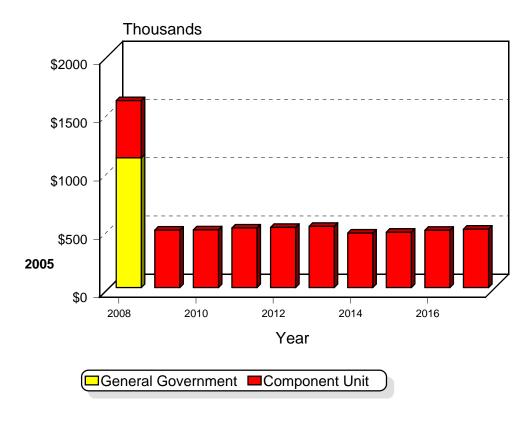
MARATHON COUNTY ANNUAL PRINCIPAL



TOTAL PRINCIPAL

This chart shows the amount of principal on bonded debt coming due each year. Marathon County is the reporting entity for the Central Wisconsin Airport and appropriately must show all debt associated with its operations as a component unit. We have therefore included Portage County's airport debt in these totals.

MARATHON COUNTY DEBT SERVICE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

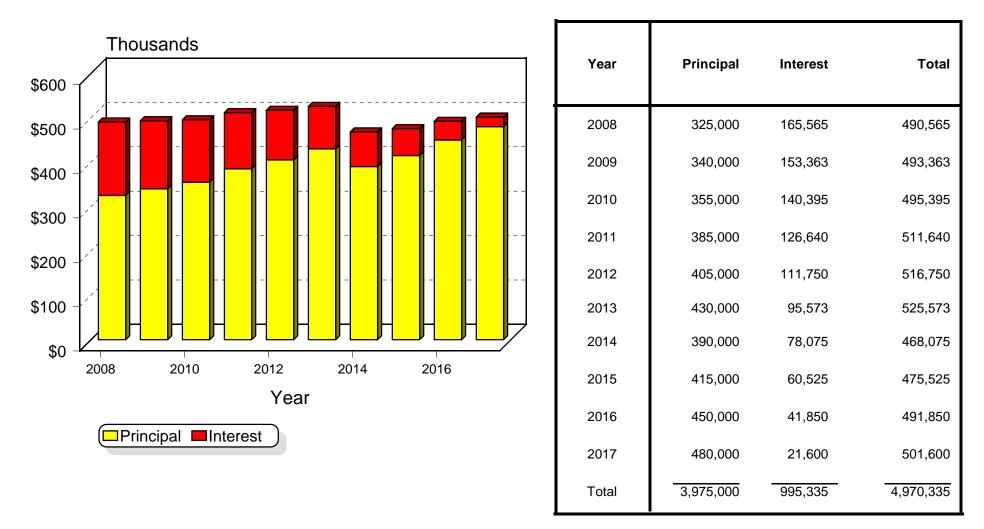


PRINCIPAL & INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Year	General	Component	Total
2008	1,114,238	490,565	1,604,803
2009	0	493,363	493,363
2010	0	495,395	495,395
2011	0	511,640	511,640
2012	0	516,750	516,750
2013	0	525,573	525,573
2014	0	468,075	468,075
2015	0	475,525	475,525
2016	0	491,850	491,850
2017	0	501,600	501,600
Total	1,114,238	4,970,335	6,084,573

This chart shows the total debt service payments required to pay off all bonded debt. The amounts include principal and interest for the component unit debt. As described on the previous page the component unit debt for the Central Wisconsin Airport does include the portion for Portage County. The detail breakdown is shown on the next page.

MARATHON COUNTY - AIRPORT DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS



This chart shows the amount of principal and interest on bonded debt coming due each year. Marathon County is the reporting entity for the Central Wisconsin Airport and appropriately must show all debt associated with its operations as a component unit.

MARATHON COUNTY DEBT SERVICE REQUIRED PAYMENTS – GENERAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL PERIODS 2008-2017

YEAR	2007A PRO PRINCIPAL	TOTAL			
2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	1,075,000	39,238	1,114,238		
2017 TOTAL	\$ 1,075,000	39,238	1,114,238		

MARATHON COUNTY DEBT SERVICE REQUIRED PAYMENTS – COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL PERIODS 2008-2017

MARATHON COUNTY AIRPORT

YEAR	2003A PRC PRINCIPAL	OM NOTE INTEREST	2005B PRO PRINCIPAL	2005B PROM NOTE PRINCIPAL INTEREST		
2008	55,000	9,720	270,000	155,845	490,565	
2009	55,000	8,318	285,000	145,045	493,363	
2010	55,000	6,750	300,000	133,645	495,395	
2011	60,000	4,995	325,000	121,645	511,640	
2012	60,000	3,105	345,000	108,645	516,750	
2013	65,000	1,073	365,000	94,500	525,573	
2014			390,000	78,075	468,075	
2015			415,000	60,525	475,525	
2016			450,000	41,850	491,850	
2017			480,000	21,600	501,600	
TOTAL	\$ 350,000	33,960	3,625,000	961,375	4,970,335	

MARATHON COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMPUTAION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED)

Under Wisconsin Statute 67.03(1)(a) County debt is limited to 5% of total equalized valuation of real and personal property. The ratio of bonded debt to equalized value and the net bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the County's debt position to County management, citizens and investors. The following data illustrates these indicators, limitations and verifies low indebtedness.

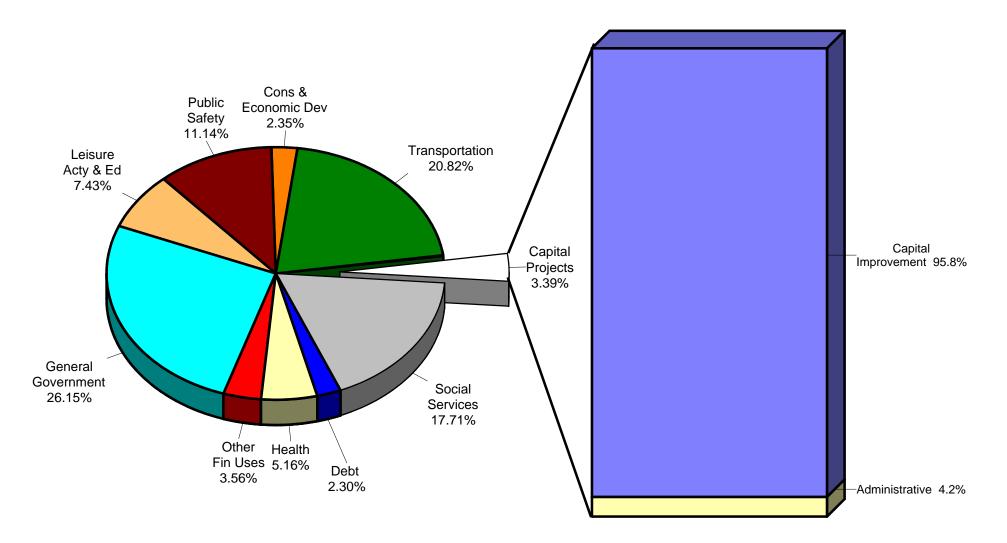
Equalized value of real and personal property levied in 2006 (A)		\$ 8,951,412,200
Debt limit, 5% of equalized value (Wisconsin statutory limitation)		\$ 447,570,610
Amount of debt applicable to debt limitation:		
General obligation promissory notes (B) Less: Amount available for debt service (C) Total amount of debt applicable to debt margin	\$ 4,950,000 309,134	\$ 4,640,866
Legal debt margin-(debt capacity)		\$ 442,929,744
Percent of debt capacity used		 1.04%
Ratio of net bonded debt to equalized value		 0.001
Net bonded debt per capita		\$ 154.74

NOTES: (A) Equalized values include the increment value of tax increment districts (TID).

- (B) Amount includes Marathon County's portion of the debt for CWA as general obligation debt, even though payments are expected to be paid from the respective revenue sources. Amount as of 12/31/06.
- (C) Debt Service less amount available for Forest Aid Loan of \$36,819

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MARATHON COUNTY 2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Capital Projects

CAPITAL PROJECTS

Operating Impact of Capital Projects

The County has incorporated the Capital Improvement Program into the 2008 Budget. The work of the CIP Team is to evaluate capital needs and rank priorities as part of the budgetary process. The CIP team considers the annual reoccurring costs on the operating budget as a part of the ranking process. The committee recognizes this important element in its deliberations.

Transportation

For 2008 the County will continue to improve the driving surface for approximately 1.7 lane miles of County highway on WW in the Town of Brokaw. The annual cost is offset by the investment in a safer County highway system as many of the projects improve highway safety or upgrade parts of the system to meet the growth in the urban areas of the County.

Annual Operating Costs	TRANSPORTATION	2007 614 Miles	2008-614 miles
Annual Maintenance and Plowing	County Highways	\$6,830	\$7,995
Annual cost of contrcution-1 lane mile	Annualized over 25 year useful life	\$24,081	\$29,300

Public Safety

The most significant area of operational cost in the future will be in the area of public safety. The County is just starting to look at the capital cost to migrate to a digital communication network for all radio systems and expansion of the County jail. The question on the jail is not if an expansion is needed but what type of expansion is needed. The expansion will mean more staff needed to monitor the additional beds that will be included in the new jail section. The average cost of a jailer is \$60,000 per year. This translates to an estimated annual operating increase of \$540,000 to \$720,000 per year.

Rolling Stock

In many areas of the organization, the need for fleet vehicles is essential. The cost of maintaining these vehicles is also a concern for the departments as well. The County's rolling stock replacement policy requires fleet vehicles to have 120,000 miles or ten years of service, whichever is higher, to be considered for replacement. Since these vehicles are so specialized there is a slightly higher annual cost than the fleet vehicles in other departments but the costs reflect an on-going annual cost of public safety through out the County.

Cost of operation of Squad Car	Total cost per hour	\$6.59	\$7.10	\$8.73
Annual cost of squad maintenance	Hourly cost of squad maintenance	\$2.41	\$2.65	\$3.88
Annual Squad cost on Road	Sheriff Department Squad Cars-Cost per hour	\$4.17	\$4.45	\$4.85
•		2006	2007	2008
Total 2008 Operating Cost for Squad Car	8,723			
Fuel	737			
Insurance	6,176			
Maintenance	1,810			
2008 Annual Operating Costs				
Total 2008 Cost of Squad Car	43,629			
Additional Equipment	21,129			
2008 Initial Cost of Squad Car	22,500			

Type													
of Imp.		Project Cost	Project Description	Program Year	Project Rank	Fund Balance	Tax Levy	Sales Tax	Grant Funding	Bonding	Other	Un- Funded	Tota
mp.		Cost	Description	Tear	Rank	Datatee	Levy	Tux	T ununig	Donanig	Other	Tunded	100
			ROLLING STOCK ESSENTIAL TO OPERATIONS										
Equip.	ADRC Bldg. Maint.*	\$33,500 \$53,000	Rolling stock - truck #16	2008 2008		\$33,500 \$53,000							\$33,50 \$53,00
Equip. Equip.	CWA CWA	\$53,000 \$445,000	Rolling stock - Replace 1998 Ford Windstar Courier Var Rolling stock - 1991 MB Sweeper #70	2008		\$53,000					\$445.000		\$53,00 \$445.00
Equip. Equip.	Highway	\$929,000	Rolling stock - 1991 Will Sweeper #70	2008			\$929,000				\$445,000		\$929.00
Equip.	NCHC	\$260,000	Rolling stock - 2 Yellow school buses	2008		\$52,000	47-74000		\$208,000				\$260,00
Equip.	PR&F	\$329,000	Rolling stock - 1998 Ford dump truck w/plow and sander	2008		\$168,500					\$160,500		\$329,00
Equip.	Sheriff	\$260,000	Rolling stock	2008			\$260,000						\$260,00
		\$2,309,5	500										
			EQUIPMENT/PROJECTS ESSENTIAL TO OPERATIONS										
Equip.	Bldg. Maint.	\$50,000	Small capital replacement fund	2008	N/R	\$50,000							\$50,00
Imp.	Bldg. Maint.	\$25,000	Security equipment fund	2008	N/R	\$25,000							\$25,00
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$210,000	E-mail upgrade to replace Novell Groupwise Email with Microsoft Exchange	2008	N/R	\$147,000					\$63,000		\$210,00
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$112,000	Video recording upgrade	2008	N/R	\$112,000							\$112,00
Equip.	CCDCC	\$110,000	Replace outdated PCs	2008	N/R	\$110,000					A20.400		\$110,00
Equip. Equip.	CCDCC CCDCC*	\$78,400 \$86,000	Networked file server upgrades Upgrade city/county data network	2008	N/R N/R	\$49,000 \$60,200					\$29,400 \$25,800		\$78,40 \$86.00
Equip. Equip.	CCDCC*	\$78,400	Financials Receipting software (cash collections	2008	N/R	\$57,000					\$21,400		\$78.40
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$70,000	Mid-range computer equipment upgrade	2008	N/R	\$35,000					\$35,000		\$70,00
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$50,000	Risk management software	2008	N/R	\$50,000							\$50,0
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$40,000	Imaging	2008	N/R	\$40,000							\$40,00
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$39,000 \$25,000	Video server storage	2008	N/R	\$19,500					\$19,500		\$39,00
Equip. Imp.	CCDCC* Combined*	\$25,000 \$250,000	Upgrade city/county communications - voice networ County facilities parking lots	2008 2008	N/R N/R	\$25,000 \$250,000							\$25,00 \$250,00
Imp.	CWA	\$1,500,000	Stormwater engineering	2008	N/R	\$250,000					\$1,500,000		\$1,500,00
Imp.	CWA	\$550,000	Repave T-hangar asphalt	2008	N/R						\$550,000		\$550,00
Imp.	Highway	\$3,862,500	Bituminous surfacing	2008	N/R	\$200,000	\$3,662,500						\$3,862,50
Imp.	Highway	\$300,000	Replace / rehab county bridges	2008	N/R		\$300,000						\$300,0
Imp.	Highway	\$250,000	Replace / rehab federally funded county bridge	2008	N/R	¢.c0.000	\$250,000						\$250,00
Equip.	Highway* Library	\$60,000 \$150,000	Truck scale system update - all 5 locations Parking lot renovation - 50/50 split w/C of Wausau	2008	N/R N/R	\$60,000 \$75,000					\$75,000		\$60,00 \$150,00
Imp. Equip.	Library*	\$60,000	Self checkout machines at the Wausau headquarters librar	2008	N/R	\$60,000					\$75,000		\$60.00
Equip.	NCHC*	\$184,245	Food service dish machine	2008	N/R	\$184,245							\$184,24
Imp.	NCHC*	\$48,000	Health Care Center shingle roof replacemen	2008	N/R	\$48,000							\$48,00
Equip.	Sheriff*	\$125,000	Corrections facility intercom communication system replacement	2008	N/R	\$125,000							\$125,00
Equip.	Sheriff	\$25,000	Ballistic vest replacement program	2008	N/R	\$25,000							\$25,00
Imp. Imp.	Solid Waste* Solid Waste*	\$950,000 \$120,000	Closure of ash site as required by permi Locate and contract for clay sources for Area C construction and closur	2008 2008	N/R N/R							\$950,000 \$120,000	\$950,00 \$120,00
mp.	Solid waste	\$9,408,5		2008	IN/K							\$120,000	\$120,00
		ψ, ιου,											
			PROJECTS RANKED IN PRIORITY ORDER BY CIP TEAM										
Imp.	Sheriff*	\$150,000	Emergency Operations Center	2008	1414	\$150,000							\$150,00
Bldg.	PR&F*	\$40,000	Big Eau Pleine Park Restroom/Bathhouse	2008	1341	\$40,000							\$40,00
Imp. Imp.	PR&F* Sheriff*	\$144,000 \$174,000	Bleacher replacement - Sunny Vale Softball Complex & DC Everest Par Training and storage facility - 7255 Stewart Avenue	2008	1308 1266	\$144,000 \$174,000							\$144,00
Equip.	NCHC*	\$322,660	Meal delivery system - Burlodge tray delivery system and support equipmer	2008	1200	\$322,660							\$322.60
Imp.	Combined*	\$100,000	Telecommunications / Data assessment study	2008	1223	\$100,000							\$100,00
Imp.	PR&F*	\$207,000	Sunny Vale Park road	2008	1189	\$207,000							\$207,00
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$60,000	GPS survey equipment - update/replace	2008	1185	\$60,000							\$60,00
Equip.	CCDCC	\$976,000	Build city/county fiber optic network	2008	1180					\$700,000	\$276,000		\$976,00
Imp. Imp.	Highway* Highway*	\$750,000 \$40,000	CTH "WW" Brokaw to CTH "W"- improve driving surface Building repairs / facilities updates - all five (5) location:	2008 2008	1168 1144					\$750,000		\$40.000	\$750,00 \$40.00
Bldg.	UWMC	\$560,000	UWMC campus expansion - preliminary design	2008	1144					\$560,000		\$40,000	\$560,00
Imp.	UWMC*	\$200,000	Land acquisition	2008	1122					\$200,000			\$200,00
Equip.	CCDCC*	\$25,000	Process improvement - provision of on the web form	2008	1121	\$25,000							\$25,00
Imp.	Highway*	\$300,000	Right-of-way acquisition - CTH "X" (CTH "N' to STH 52)	2008	1110		\$300,000						\$300,00
Bldg.	Library	\$240,000	Marathon City Branch Library construction or remodeling	2007	1065	\$120,000					\$120,000		\$240,00
Equip. Equip.	CCDCC* CCDCC*	\$235,000 \$129,000	Time reporting system Purchase/develop replacement budget software program	2008 2008	1063 1026	\$184,100 \$129,000					\$50,900		\$235,00 \$129.00
Imp.	Highway	\$400,000	CTH "XX" Relocation (Tesch Lane to CTH "X")-2007 PROJECT	2008	983	¢129,000				\$400,000			\$400,0
Bldg.		\$1.000.000	Dairyland State Academy (DSA) teaching farm	2008	979	\$1,000,000							\$1,000.0
Imp.	ADRC*	\$138.485	Lakeview Center remodel to improve accessibilit	2008	905	\$130,204						\$8.281	\$138,4
Imp.	PR&F*	\$1,127,365	Sunny Vale Park Campground - develop regional campgroun	2008	843							\$1,127,365	\$1,127,3
	Highway	\$300,000	N 28th Avenue corridor - acquire right-of-way (Westhill Drive to Decatur Dri		841		\$300,000						\$300,0
Imp.				2008	841		\$170,000						\$170,00
Imp. Imp.	Highway*	\$170,000	N 28th Avenue corridor - provide ROW plat (Westwood Drive to CTH "K"	2008	041		\$170,000						
		\$7,788,5		2008	841	\$4 800 000		¢n	\$208.000	\$2 610 000	\$3 371 500	\$7 715 6A6	\$10 504 55
Imp.			510	2008		\$4,899,909	\$6,171,500	\$0	\$208,000	\$2,610,000	\$3,371,500	\$2,245,646	\$19,506,5

ADMINISTRATIVE PROJECTS

Fund: 100 General Fund

Org1: 925 Improvements

2006	2007 Adopted	2007 Modified	Actual	2007		R	2008 equested	2008 Recommended	2008 Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category		Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 8,544	125,000	125,000	-	125,000	Contractual Services	\$	125,000	125,000	125,000
63,812	100,000	108,309	85,027	106,679	Capital Outlay		100,000	100,000	100,000
6,691,979	-	115,921	-	92,845	Other Financing Uses		-	-	-
\$ 6,764,335	225,000	349,230	85,027	324,524	Total Expenditures	\$	225,000	225,000	225,000
\$ -	-	3,140	3,140	3,140	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	-	-	-
592,779	-	-	119,066	-	Other Financing Sources		-	-	-
\$ 592,779	-	3,140	122,206	3,140	Total Revenues	\$	-	-	-
<u> </u>									
\$ 6,171,556	225,000	346,090	(37,179)	321,384	TAX LEVY	\$	225,000	225,000	225,000

2004 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

- Fund: 600 Capital Improvements Fund
- Org1: 930 2004 Capital Projects

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 383,754	-	-	-	-	Capital Outlay	\$-	-	-
1,578,604	-	-	-	-	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 1,962,358	-	-	-	-	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ 8,062	-	-	-	-	Public Charges for Service	\$-	-	-
82,692	-	-	-	-	Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-
\$ 90,754	-	-	-	-	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ 1,871,604	-	-	-	-	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

- Fund:600 Capital Improvements FundOrg1:970 2005 Capital Projects

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 93,047	-	464,855	11,017	464,855	Contractual Services	\$-	-	-
27,607	-	-	-	-	Supplies & Expense	-	-	-
1,709,041	-	4,014,378	886,587	4,014,378	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
391,784	-	22,501	22,501	22,501	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 2,221,479	-	4,501,734	920,105	4,501,734	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ -	-	403,255	403,255	403,255	Intergovt Charges for Serv	\$-	-	-
249,755	-	-	118,826	150,000	Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-
-	-	4,098,479	-	4,098,479	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 249,755	-	4,501,734	522,081	4,651,734	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ 1,971,724	-	-	398,024	(150,000)	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

Fund:600Capital Improvements FundOrg1:9802006Capital Projects

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 171	-	66,830	16	66,830	Contractual Services	\$-	-	-
1,998,779	-	4,594,271	305,439	4,594,271	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
1,726,742	-	2,701	2,701	2,701	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ 3,725,692	-	4,663,802	308,156	4,663,802	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ 492,045	-	-	142,799	150,000	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$-	-	-
8,108,637	-	4,663,802	-	4,663,802	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 8,600,682	-	4,663,802	142,799	4,813,802	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ (4,874,990)	-	-	165,357	(150,000)	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

Fund:600 Capital Improvements FundOrg1:990 2007 Capital Projects

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ -	100,000	100,000	23,921	100,000	Contractual Services	\$-	-	-
-	3,582,372	5,072,456	1,149,227	4,978,554	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
\$ -	3,682,372	5,172,456	1,173,148	5,078,554	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ -	-	138,700	346,993	281,004	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$-	-	-
1,171,182	3,682,372	5,033,756	3,862,574	5,033,756	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 1,171,182	3,682,372	5,172,456	4,209,567	5,314,760	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ (1,171,182)	-	-	(3,036,419)	(236,206)	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	-

Fund: 600 Capital Improvements Fund

Org1: 991 2008 Capital Projects

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$-	-	-	-	-	Contractual Services	\$-	-	100,000
-	-	-	-	-	Grants, Contributions & Other	-	-	1,000,000
-	-	-	-	-	Capital Outlay	5,410,479	5,026,800	4,035,300
\$-	-	-	-	-	Total Expenditures	\$ 5,410,479	5,026,800	5,135,300
\$-	-	-	-	-	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 141,891	141,891	141,891
-	-	-	-	-	Other Financing Sources	5,268,588	4,884,909	4,899,909
\$-	-	-	-	-	Total Revenues	\$ 5,410,479	5,026,800	5,041,800
\$-	-	-	-	-	TAX LEVY	\$-	-	93,500

UNIVERSITY CONSTUCTION 2006A PN

Fund:600 Capital Improvements FundOrg1:923 University Constuction

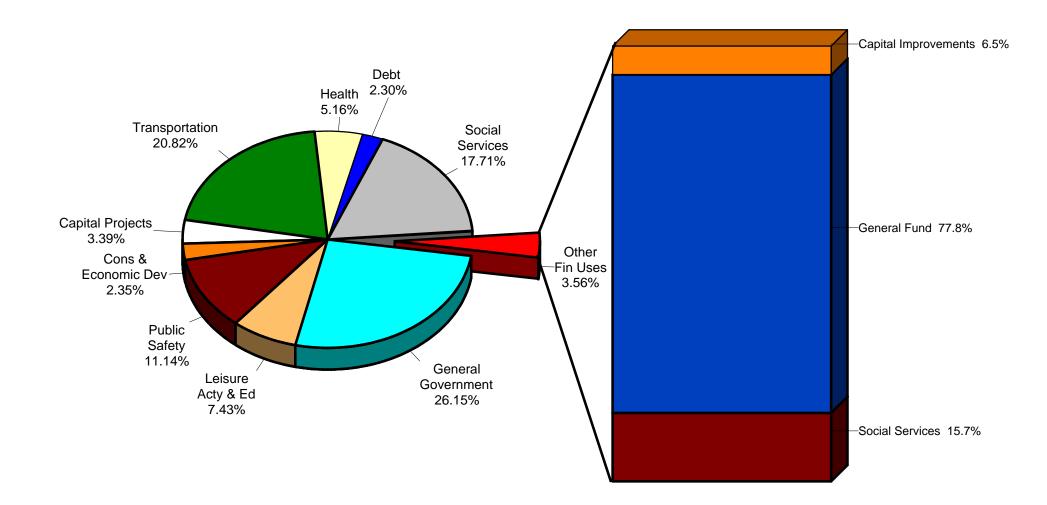
2006	2007 Adopted	2007 Modified	Actual	2007		2008 Requested	2008 Recommended	2008 Adopted
 Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 26,138	-	-	-	-	Contractual Services	\$-	-	-
127,799	1,000,000	3,212,201	2,551,135	3,212,201	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
\$ 153,937	1,000,000	3,212,201	2,551,135	3,212,201	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ 78,889	-	-	63,823	100,000	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$-	-	-
3,342,593	1,000,000	3,212,201	-	3,212,201	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ 3,421,482	1,000,000	3,212,201	63,823	3,312,201	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ (3,267,545)	-	-	2,487,312	(100,000)	TAX LEVY	\$ -	-	-

COMMUNICATION PROJ 2007A PN

- Fund:600 Capital Improvements FundOrg1:922 Communicaton Proj 2007A PN

2006	2007 Adopted	2007 Modified	Actual	2007		2008 Requested	2008 Recommended	2008 Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ -	-	20,000	-	-	Contractual Services	\$-	-	-
-	-	1,000,000	-	500,000	Capital Outlay	-	-	-
-	-	2,000,000	-	-	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
\$ -	-	3,020,000	-	500,000	Total Expenditures	\$-	-	-
\$ -	-	20,000	-	-	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$-	-	-
-	-	3,000,000	35,900	1,000,000	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
\$ -	-	3,020,000	35,900	1,000,000	Total Revenues	\$-	-	-
\$ -	-	-	(35,900)	(500,000)	TAX LEVY	\$ -	-	-

MARATHON COUNTY 2008 Expense Budget by Activity



Detail by Percentage of Other Finance Uses

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES

	2007	2007				2008	2008	2008
2006	Adopted	Modified	Actual	2007		Requested	Recommended	Adopted
Prior	Budget	Budget	8/31/2007	Estimate	Category	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$ 6,691,979	3,503,357	3,658,357	3,658,357	3,658,357	General Fund	\$ 4,383,079	4,383,079	4,383,079
1,198,658	642,605	642,605	642,605	642,605	Social Improvements	885,509	885,509	885,509
647,949	463,590	463,590	463,590	563,590	Capital Improvements	-	383,679	368,679
20,438	-	-	-	-	Property & Casualty Insurance	-	-	-
\$ 8,559,024	4,609,552	4,764,552	4,764,552	4,864,552	Other Financing Uses	\$ 5,268,588	5,652,267	5,637,267
\$ 668,387	63,590	63,590	63,590	63,590	General Fund	\$-	68,679	68,679
7,890,637	4,145,962	4,300,962	4,300,962	4,300,962	Capital Improvements	5,268,588	5,268,588	5,268,588
-	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000	Highway	-	315,000	300,000
\$ 8,559,024	4,609,552	4,764,552	4,764,552	4,764,552	Other Financing Sources	\$ 5,268,588	5,652,267	5,637,267

MARATHON COUNTY

REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The County was incorporated in 1850 and operates under a County Board-Administrator form of government. The Board of Supervisors is comprised of thirty-eight (38) members, elected by districts to serve concurrent two-year terms. The terms of the current Board expire on April 15, 2008.

The County is located in central Wisconsin, approximately 185 miles northwest of Milwaukee, WI and 175 miles east of Minneapolis/St Paul, MN. With a total area of 1,013,760 acres (1,584 square miles), the County is the largest land county of Wisconsin's 72 counties. The City of Wausau is the County seat.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Marathon County's economy is currently strong and very diverse, ranging from; strong manufacturing, tourism and recreation, health services, transportation and shipping, government, agriculture, and dairy products. Marathon County is the business center of central and northern Wisconsin. All indications are that the area's economy will continue to grow due to increases in population, labor force and employment. An increase in employment and modest rise in labor force should produce a fairly low unemployment rate, currently 4.3%, and should stay constant in the next few years.

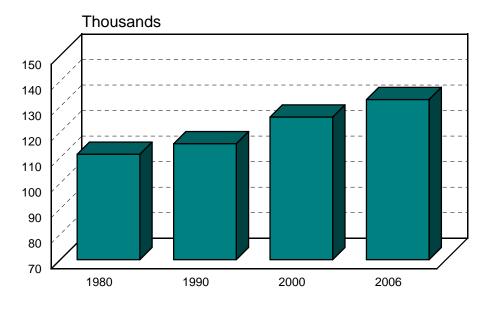
Wausau area and Marathon County employment figures are close to record levels. Several large employers have recently established in the area. Job growth in Marathon County continues to outpace the Central Wisconsin region counties. Unemployment levels in the Marathon County Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) are below the State of Wisconsin unemployment rate of 4.7%.

Marathon County leads the state in agricultural receipts with over \$200 million annually from dairy, livestock, crops and ginseng sales. The County ranks second in number of farms, total dairy herds, number of milk cows and total milk produced. Marathon County is the source of 90% of U.S. ginseng production and ranks first in the State for cultivated ginseng dry root.

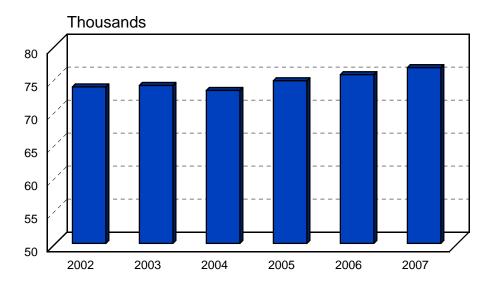
MARATHON COUNTY

POPULATION COUNT

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE



Wisconsin Department of Administration



Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development * (2007 data are preliminary)

MARATHON COUNTY, WISCONSIN EQUALIZED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

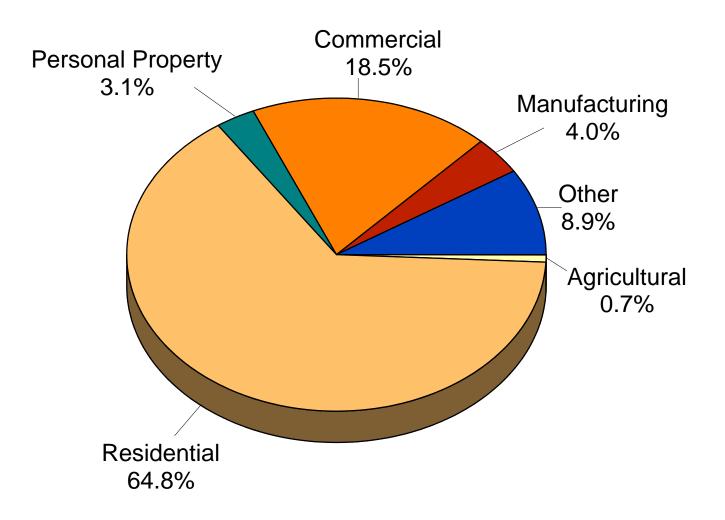
LEVY	SETTLEMENT	TOTAL EQUALIZED	PERCENT	INCREMENT VALUE OF TAX INCREMENT DISTRICTS	TOTAL EQUALIZED VALUE MINUS TIDS	PERCENT
YEAR	YEAR	VALUE (A)	CHANGED	(TID)	(B)	CHANGE
1998	1999	5,124,230,900	6.53%	156,401,260	4,967,829,640	6.14%
1999	2000	5,542,877,100	8.17%	174,586,060	5,368,291,040	8.06%
2000	2001	5,939,781,200	7.16%	200,826,560	5,738,954,640	6.90%
2001	2002	6,490,876,800	9.28%	231,208,960	6,259,667,840	9.07%
2002	2003	6,799,167,800	4.75%	254,558,260	6,544,609,540	4.55%
2003	2004	7,152,373,100	5.19%	221,917,650	6,930,455,450	5.90%
2004	2005	7,640,172,300	6.82%	266,425,050	7,373,747,250	6.40%
2005	2006	8,147,380,600	6.64%	357,090,950	7,790,289,650	5.65%
2006	2007	8,951,412,200	9.87%	462,643,450	8,488,768,750	8.97%
2007	2008	9,495,029,700	6.07%	551,492,150	8,943,537,550	5.36%

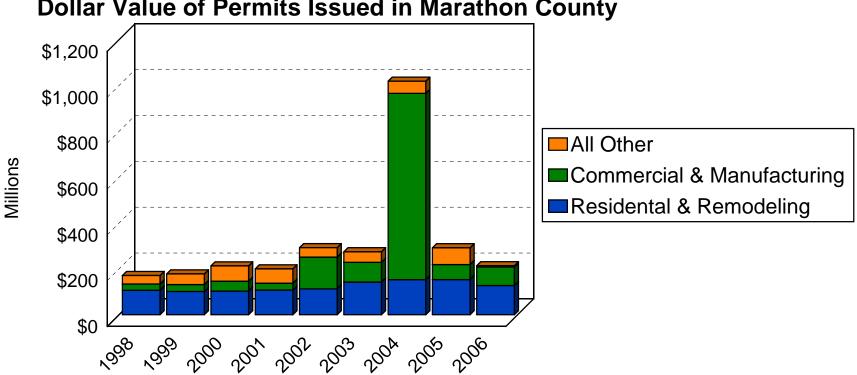
SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax, Statistical Report of Property Valuations

NOTES: (A) Due to varying assessment policies in the municipalities, the County uses equalized value of taxable property for tax levy purposes. The equalized value ratios are determined by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax

⁽B) Equalized values are reduced by the increment value of tax increment district (TID) for apportioning the County tax levy

MARATHON COUNTY 2006 Equalized Value by Class of Property





Dollar Value of Permits Issued in Marathon County

Number of Permits Issued in Marathon County

Year	Residential & Remodeling	Commercial & Manufacturing	All Other	Total Permits
2006	2,327	136	561	3,024
2005	2,582	111	684	3,377
2004	2,669	108	876	3,653
2003	2,727	89	794	3,610
2002	2,659	90	696	3,445
2001	2,649	109	737	3,495
2000	2,610	104	768	3,482
1999	2,665	95	723	3,483
1998	2,584	108	753	3,445

MARATHON COUNTY, WISCONSIN MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS DECEMBER 31, 2006

(UNAUDITED)

Date of Incorporation Form of Government Area in Square Miles AGRICULTU Number of farm acres Number of farms Major products	1850 Board/Administrator 1,584 JRE 531,263 2,898 Dairy, Crops	LEGAL Court cases filed Traffic citations processed Marriage licenses processed Divorces granted Child support money collc'd & disbur Traffic and criminal fines collected	22,268 12,356 858 373 \$19,583,448 \$3,176,808	RECREATION Number of county parks Number of acres Public access beaches Miles of Bicycle Trail Number of Public Campgrounds Number of State Parks Number of Shooting Ranges
		LIBRARIES		Number of Softball Complexes Number of Lakes and Rivers with
MARATHON CO GOVERNMENT EN FTE organized FTE non-organized Elected TOTAL		Headquarters Branches Circulation Volumes Books & Audio-Visual Materia Cardholder	1 8 849,425 als 356,738 69,194	Public Boat Launches Indoor ice arenas Miles of snowmobile trails Miles of ATV trails - winter Miles of ATV trails - summer Miles of cross-country ski trails Number of downhill ski areas
		VITAL STATISTICS Population	132.697	
ELDERLY SER Number of people age 60 an Nutrition centers Number served at nutrition c Number of volunteers Volunteer hours Number Served Home Deliv Number of SNAC Restauran Number Served Through SN	nd over 23,895 1 centers 169 71 4,424 ered Meals 448 nts 7	Births Suicides Drowning Homicides Motor vehicle accident deaths Total Coroner cases Total deaths	1,631 20 0 4 21 501 1,031	TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS Miles of road and streets State County Local Other
		SOCIAL SERVICES	0 704	
FOREST Number of county forest unit Number of acres Wood removed (cord equiva PUBLIC SAF Hazardous materials inciden	s 9 29,193 Ilent) 19,380	Economic support cases HEALTH Public Health Nurse Home Visits Laboratory tests Licenses Issued For Public Facilities Number of Immunizations Given	8,701 1,682 14,519 957 2,680	AIRPORTS Number of airports Number of runways Number of airlines Airfreight operators Based aircraft Annual enplanements

MAJOR EMPLOYERS IN MARATHON COUNTY

Employer	Product/Service	Approximate Number Of Employees
Manufacturing Employers		
Greenheck Fan Corporation	Industrial Fans	1,829
Kolbe & Kolbe Millwork	Wood Windows & Doors	1,756
Wausau-Mosinee Paper Corporation	Pulp, Paper and Specialties	1,213
Peachtree Companies	Wood & Vinyl Windows & Doors	1,147
SNE Enterprises	Millwork Wood Sliding Doors	1,145
Marathon Cheese Corporation	Cheese Packaging	1,132
County Concrete Corporation	Concrete & Architectural Block	592
Graphic Packaging Corporation	Folding Cartons	535
Wausau Window & Wall Systems	Aluminum Windows, Curtainwall Systems	500
Fiskars, Incorporated	Scissors, Lawn and Garden Tools	275
Non-Manufacturing Employers		
ASPIRUS Hospital	Medical	2,283
Northcentral Technical College	Education	1,248
Wausau Public School District	Education	1,184
Eastbay	Retail/Distribution	1,180
Fiserv Health/Wausau Benefits Inc.	Benefits Administration	1.040
Marshfield Clinic	Health Care	900
North Central Health Care Facilities	Medical	790
Marathon County	Government	735
Wausau Benefits Inc.	Benefits Administration	715
D.C. Everest School District	Education	689
ASPIRUS Clinic	Medical	680
Wausau Insurance/Liberty Mutual	Insurance	660
WH Transportation	Trucking Company	422
City of Wausau	Government	410

Source: Telephone survey of individual employers, July 2007

NUMBER OF MARATHON COUNTY EMPLOYEES EFFECTIVE 1/1/08

Ordinance/Union	Number of Positions Included in Unit	Term
Management Personnel Ordinance (Nonunion)	113	1/1/08 to 12/31/08
Library Management Personnel Ordinance (Nonunion)	22	1/1/08 to 12/31/08
Courthouse Office and Technical Union, AFSCME Local 2492-E	246	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Courthouse Professional Employees Union, AFSCME Local 2492-D	48	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Social Services Professional Employees Union, AFSCME Local 2492	44	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Social Services Administrative Employees Union, AFSCME Local 2492-A	59	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Health Department Professional Employees Union, AFSCME Local 2492-B	28	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Park Recreation Forestry Dept Employees Union, AFSCME Local 1287	28	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Highway Department Employees Union, AFSCME Local 326	71	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Central Wisconsin Airport Employees Union, Teamsters Local 662	21	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Public Library Paraprofessional Employees Union, AFSCME Local 2492-C	44	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Deputy Sheriff's Association, WPPA	48	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
Sheriff's Department Supervisors Ordinance, WPPA-SORD	19	1/1/06 to 12/31/08
TOTALS	791	

This is not the same as full time equivalents.

GLOSSARY

The annual budget document and talks surrounding the budget process contain specialized and technical terminology that are unique to public finance and budgeting. To assist persons interested in the annual budget process including readers of this document in understanding these terms, a budget glossary has been included for your review.

ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING: The basis of accounting under which Appropriations are usually made for fixed amounts and are typically transactions are recorded at the time they are incurred as opposed to when cash is actually received for disbursed. Terms associated with this are revenue and expense.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE: An important revenue source for the County is incoming receivables. The system is set up to be accessed from all departments and allows for funds to be deposited in several specific departments with all general receipts coming into the Treasurer's collection area. The system monitors timely payments to the County.

ADAMH: Alcohol, Drug Abuse, Mental Health

AFDC: Aid to Families with Dependent Children

AGAP: Organization's Name

Community options program for ALL APPlied ALL APP.CR.: Credits

centers based on use.

ALTS: Aging and Long Term Support

granted for a one-year period.

APPROPRIATION UNIT: One or more expenditure accounts grouped by purpose, including:

- 1. Personal Services
- 2. Contractual Services
- 3. Supplies & Expenses
- 4. Building Materials
- 5. Fixed Charges
- 6. Grants. Contributions & Other
- 7. Capital Outlav
- 8. Other Financing Uses

ARM: Associate in Risk Management

ASSETS: Property owned by a government which has a monetary value

AUDIT: A comprehensive examination of the manner in which the County's resources were actually utilized. A financial audit is a ALLOCATED APPLIED CREDITS: contra expenses credited to review of the accounting system and financial information to the individual cost centers when charges are made to other cost determine how government funds were spent and whether expenditures were in compliance with the County Board's appropriations.

BALANCED BUDGET: a budget in which revenues and **APPROPRIATION:** An authorization made by the County Board expenditures are equal. Marathon County's budget is balanced, as which permits officials to incur obligations against and to make County budgeted total expenditures are funded by a combination of expenditures of governmental resources for specific purposes. various external revenue sources (e.g., intergovernmental grants,

licenses fee, fines, etc.) property taxes and funds available for CASH ACCOUNTING: appropriation in fund balances as identified in the prior year CAFR.

BOND: (Debt Instrument): A written promise to pay a specified sum of money (called the principal amount or face value) at a specified future date (called the maturity date) along with periodic management program that details how cash is to be handled interest paid at a specified percentage of the principal (called the interest rate). Bonds are typically used for long-term debt to pay for restrictions on the number of checking accounts that can exist specific capital expenditures.

BUDGET: A financial plan for a specified period of time(fiscal year) that matches all planned revenues and expenditures with various County services.

BUILDING MATERIALS: Concrete/clay products, metal products, wood products, plastic products, raw materials, electrical CBRF: Community Based Residential Facility fixtures/small appliances, fabricated materials

CAFR: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CAN: Child Abuse and Neglect

CAPITAL OUTLAY: Capital equipment, capital improvements

construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by and effectiveness. enterprise and trust funds.

more

CARF: Child at Risk Field

CASC: Categorical Allocation for Services to Children

The basis of accounting under which transactions are only accounted for when cash either enters or leaves the system.

CASH MANAGEMENT: The County has a county-wide cash effectively from the collection point to the time of deposit. We have throughout the County and requirements for processing payments. The accounts payable process is centralized. Good cash management procedures have been a significant benefit to our investment program.

CASI: Community Alcoholism Services, Inc.

CIP IA: Community Integration Program (Entitlement)

CIP IB: Community Integration Program (Entitlement)

COBRA: Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act

COMMITTEE OF JURISDICTION: A County committee which is CAPITAL PROJECT FUND: Capital project funds are used to responsible for evaluating the programs under its jurisdiction to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or determine program definition, goals and objectives, costs, efficiency

CONTRACTUAL SERVICES: Professional services, utility CAPITAL OUTLAY: Expenditures for land, equipment, vehicles or services, repair & maintenance - streets, repair & maintenance buildings which result in the addition to fixed assets or \$1500 or services - other, special services, per diem - contractual services, contractual services - other.

COP: Community Options Program

A fund, major program, department or other COST CENTER: activity for which control of expenditures is desirable.

CRISIS/EPU: Evaluation and Psycho Therapy Unit

CS: Community Services

CSDS: Child Support Data System

CSP: Community Support Program

CVSO: County Veterans Services Officer

CYF: Children, Youth and Families

DATCP: Protection

DD: Developmental Disability

Principal redemption, interest and other debt statutory worker's compensation. **DEBT SERVICE:** service

for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

DEBT: A financial obligation resulting from the borrowing of money. Debts of the County include bonds and notes and interest free state loans

DEBT SERVICE: Amount necessary for the payment of principal, interest and related costs of the general long-term debt of the County.

DEPARTMENT: A major administrative division of the County which indicates overall management responsibility for an operation or a group of related operations within a functional area.

charged as an expense during a particular period, due to the governmental and similar fund types. expiration of the useful life of the asset attributable to wear and tear,

deterioration or obsolescence. This is shown in proprietary funds and applicable component units.

DHIA: Dairy Herd Improvement Association

DHS: Department of Human Services

EEO: Equal Employment Opportunity

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS COVERAGE: The County provides a wide range of employee benefits programs that are handled by our Risk Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Management Division (see above). Many of these programs are self-funded and require a great deal of personal contact with the employees and unions. The County offers health insurance, several dental plans, vision insurance, disability coverage, a choice of deferred compensation plans, a flexible spending account and

The commitment of appropriated funds to ENCUMBRANCE: **DEBT SERVICE FUND:** Debt service funds are used to account purchase an item or service. To encumber funds means to set aside or commit funds for a future expenditures.

> ENTERPRISE FUNDS: Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

> EQUALIZED VALUE: The State's estimate of the full value of property; used to apportion property tax levies of counties and school districts among municipalities.

EXPENDITURES: Use of financial resources to pay for current operating needs, debt service and capital outlay in nonproprietary DEPRECIATION: The portion of the cost of a fixed asset which is funds. The term is associated with modified accrual accounting fir operating needs, interest and needs of the fund in proprietary fund workers compensation insurance. types. Their tem is associated with accrual accounting.

EXPENSES: Personal Services, Contractual Services, Supplies & Expense, Building Materials, Fixed Charges, Debt Service, Grants, FUND: Contributions & Other, Capital Outlay, and Other Financing Uses

FCW IV-B: Federal Child Welfare

FEES, FINES & COSTS: Rental charges and penalties controlled by the state or County. Costs are reimbursements for expenditures incurred by the County.

FINANCIAL REPORTING: One of the major functions of the GFOA: Government Finance Officers Association of the United Finance Department is the production of two (2) major reports States and Canada during the year. There are, of course, other reports but two (2) of these documents are of major importance, these are the GPR: (State) General Purposes (Program) Revenue Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) also known as the annual audit and the Financial Plan and Information Summary also **GRANTS**, **CONTRIBUTIONS & OTHER**: known as the annual budget. We have many other reports that are grants/donations, awards/indemnities, and losses of significant importance like the Single Audit and Tax 16 Report. Most of our documents are available for view on the Internet at IBNR: Incurred But Not Reported www.co.marathon.wi.us/departments/finance/detail.

FINES & FORFEITS & PENALTIES: Law and ordinance violations. awards and damages

FIXED ASSETS: Assets of long-term character which are intended to continue to be held or used, such as land, buildings, machinery, furniture and other equipment.

FIXED CHARGES: Insurance, premiums on surety bonds, rents/leases, depreciation/amortization, investment revenue costs, and other fixed charges

FRINGE BENEFITS: Expenditure items in the operating budget local departments paid on behalf of the employee. These benefits include health

EXPENSES: Use of financial resources to pay for or accrue for insurance, life insurance, dental insurance, retirement, FICA and

FS FRAUD: Food Stamp FRAUD

A set of self balancing accounts to include assets, liabilities. equity/fund balance and revenues and expenditures/expense.

FUND BALANCE: The difference between fund assets and fund liabilities of governmental funds.

G. I. S.: Geographic Information Survey

Direct relief,

INDIRECT COSTS: Costs associated with, but not directly attributable to, the providing of a product or service. These costs are usually incurred by other departments in the support of operating departments.

Interest earned on funds in the bank or INTEREST INCOME: investment program which are not immediately needed by the County to pay for operations.

INTERGOVERNMENT CHARGES FOR SERVICES: Fees charged to other governments entities for services provided to State, federal, outside districts, schools and special districts and **INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS & AIDS:** State shared taxes,

federal grants, state grants and grants from other local government

INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE: another government in the form of grants and shared revenues. Aids, Licenses & Permits, Fines, Forfeits & Penalties, Public These contributions are made to local governments from the State Charges for Services, Intergovernment Charges for Services, and Federal governments outside the County and are made for Miscellaneous Revenue and Other Financing Sources. The nine specified purposes.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND: Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency of the County to other departments or agencies of the County or to other governments on a cost LSS: Lutheran Social Services reimbursement basis.

INTRAFUND TRANSFER: Amounts transferred within a fund from one expenditure category to another, i.e., an adjustment to the **MA FRAUD**: Medical Assistance FRAUD appropriation.

INVESTING: The County has an investment policy in place that is routinely reviewed by the County Board. We currently have a three pronged approach to the investment program that includes the services of an investment advisor, a third party custodian, several investment pools and a state-wide CD pool. This assists the County to keep some funds local within the State of Wisconsin and to have a diverse portfolio of other acceptable investment vehicles for above market rate returns.

IV-D COMM: Child support section of Federal Social Security Act

LCD: Land Conservation Department

LIABILITY: transactions in the past which must be liquidated, renewed or assets between funds. refunded at some future date.

LICENSES & PERMITS: Licenses and permits

LIEAP: Low Income Energy Assistance Program

LINE ITEM: A basis for distinguishing types of revenues and expenditures/expenses. The eight major categories of revenues Revenue received from used by Marathon County are: Taxes, Intergovernmental Grants & major categories of expenditures/expenses used by Marathon County are: Personal Services, Contractual Services, Supplies & Expenses, Building Materials, Fixed Charges, Debt Service, Grants, Contributions and Other, Capital Outlay and Other Financing Uses.

LTE: Limited Term Employee

MIS: Management Information Services (Systems)

MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE: Interest and dividends, rent, property sales and loss compensation

MODIFIED ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING: A basis of accounting which recognizes revenues when they become measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recognized when the fund liability is incurred. Major exceptions include accumulated vacation, sick pay and interest on long-term debt. Terms associated with this are revenue and expenditure.

OBRA: Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act

Debt or other legal obligations arising out of **OPERATING TRANSFER**: Routine and/or recurring transfers of

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: These are funding sources for a particular activity other than typical revenue sources. These would include prior year earned revenues, capitalized interest or an application of fund balances and cash from a bond issue.

OTHER FINANCING USES: Allocation charge-outs, contingency for budget transfer, transfers to/from Fund Balance, transfers to SCS/ACP: other funds

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfer from contingency, general obligation long-term debt, depreciation provided on capital projects, transfers from other funds and transfers from fund balance

employer contributions **PHS:** Preventive Health Services

PRIMA: Public Risk Insurance Management Association

which are placed in current year budget for purchase of goods or well as durable items which cost less than \$1500. services.

departments to pay for such services as: general government, - other, Other supplies & expenses public safety, highway and related facilities, other transportation, Health, Social Services, culture recreation, public areas, education, TAX LEVY: The total amount to be raised by general property conservation, economic development and protection of the taxes for operating and debt service purposes specified in the environment

Expenditure items for all services TAX RATE: PURCHASED SERVICES: contracted for directly or indirectly by outside agencies. These equalized valuation. include postage, telephone, utilities, subscriptions, insurance (except workers' compensation), etc.

includes such items as Taxes, Intergovernmental Grants & Aid, Licenses & Permits, Public Charges for Services, Intergovernment Charges for Services, Miscellaneous Revenue and Other Financing **TAXES**: Sources

RFP: Request for Proposal(s)

S.A.R.A.: Superfund Amendment Reauthorization Act

Soil Conservation Service/Agricultural Conservation Program

SEAP: SouthEast Asian Program

SIR: Self Insured Retention

PERSONAL SERVICES: Salaries, wages, employee benefits and SPECIAL REVENUE FUND: Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

SSI: Supplemental Security (Social) Income

PRIOR YEAR FUNDS: Unexpended funds from previous years **SUPPLIES:** Items of expenditure for all expendable supplies as

SUPPLIES & EXPENSE: Office supplies, publications, PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES: User charges set up by subscription, dues, travel, operating supplies, repair & maintenance

County Board Adopted Budget.

The amount of taxes levied for each \$1,000 of

TAX INCREMENTAL DISTRICT: A district created by local governments under State Statute whereby public improvement **REVENUE:** Funds that the government receives as income. It expenditures within the district are financed by the levy on the incremental increase in property values.

> Compulsory charges levied by a government for the purpose of financing services performed for the common benefit of the people.

TAXES: Real & Personal Property, retail sales & use and interest and penalties on taxes

TITLE XIXMA: TITLE 19 Medical Assistance - Usually Aging

TPL MA FUNDS: Third Party Liability Medical Assistance

USER CHARGE: The payment for direct receipt of a public service by the party benefiting from the service.

UST: Underground Storage Tank

W-2: Wisconsin Works Program (Replaces AFDC in 1997)

WCA: Wisconsin Counties Association

WCFOA: Wisconsin Counties Finance Officers Association

WCSEA: Wisconsin Child Support Enforcement Association

WEJT: Work Experience and Job Training program

WEOP: Wisconsin Employment Opportunity Program

WGFOA: Wisconsin Government Finance Officers Association

WMMIC: Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company

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